## CANTERBURY TALES

OF

## CHAUCER.

To which are added,

An ESSAY upon his Language and Versification; an Introductory Discourse; and Notes.

VOL. II.

LONDON,
Printed for T. PAYNE, at the Mews-gate.

MDCCLXXV.

## CANALUREURY TALES

# CERAUCEER.

To winch me aided,

An ESSAV upon his Language and Versi scarious and introductions.

Discourse; and Notes.

II A O Y

Land the there are to

## CONTENTS OF THE SECOND VOLUME.

The Clerkes Prologue. —	4	Pa	g. A.
The Clerkes Tale. —	-	-	3.
The Marchantes Prologue.	_	-	53-
The Marchantes Tale.	_	_	54-
The Squieres Prologue.	-		99.
The Squieres Tale. —	-	_	100.
The Frankeleines Prologue.	-	-	126.
The Frankeleines Tale	. –	_	128.
The Doctoures Prologue.	11 1	-	162.
The Doctoures Tale			163.
The Pardoneres Prologue.	-	_	174.
The Pardoneres Tale.		_	175.
The Shipmannes Prologue.	_	-	200.
The Shipmannes Tale. —		_	201.
The Prioresses Prologue.	-	_	218.
The Prioresses Tale. —	_	_	219.
Prologue to Sire Thopas.	9 <u>19</u> Le		229.
The Rime of Sire Thopas.	_	_	230.
Prologue to Melibeus		_	239.
The tale of Melibeus		_	241.

Vol. II.

## CONTENTS OF THE SECOND VOLUME.

			<b>经在国际的</b> 的特别的
.1 .28	Thin -	Turk San	The Cliness Prologues
		minutes.	The Clerkes Vale.
23	Action Co.		The Marchanes I marganized
47		- property	The Marchanes Lag
-6(F )			The Square Control of T.
ACIO 1	,	Anthon 1	The Squience Take.
Vist.	114	p-1-2-4	The Frankeleines Projugue.
.Ber W	404		The Franksleines Tabe.
and:		-1	The Franksleines Talls. The Doctoures Postograp.
		-	The Doctomes Tue, 1
124.	11		The Padopers Reducte.
274			The Paripages Tales
.005	enolina.		The Shiphrannes Protegue.
.10: 3	-		Sal Sammangida 84 T
.812			in the Priorestas Prologors on
.015		-	The Priorries Tale
.011		- who	Prologed to Sire Traper,
4	-	14000	a The Rame of Sile Planter.
.989-	4-1		Probague ni Mclibelle.
.1)5			The select Maribour.

11 207

CANTER

# CANTERBURY TALES.

#### THE CLERKES PROLOGUE.

As fer as refor afketle hardely:

Sire Clerk of Oxenforde, our hoste said,
Ye ride as stille and coy, as doth a maid,
Were newe spoused, sitting at the bord:
This day ne herd I of your tonge a word.
I trow ye studie abouten som sophime:
But Salomon saith, that every thing hath time.
For Goddes sake as beth of better chere,
It is no time for to studien here.
Tell us som mery tale by your say;
For what man that is entred in a play,
He nedes most unto the play assent.
But precheth not, as freres don in Lent,
To make us for our olde sinnes wepe,
Ne that thy tale make us not to slepe.

7890
Tell us som mery thing of aventures,

Tell us som mery thing of aventures, Your termes, your coloures, and your figures, Kepe hem in store, til so be ye endite Hie stile, as whan that men to kinges write. Speketh so plain at this time, I you pray, That we may understonden what ye say.

This worthy Clerk benignely answerde;
Hoste, quod he, I am under your yerde,
Vol. II.

Yé

#### THE CLERKES PROLOGUE.

Ye have of us as now the governance. And therfore wolde I do you obeyfance, 7900 As fer as reson asketh hardely: I wol you tell a tale, which that I Lerned at Padowe, of a worthy clerk, As preved by his wordes and his werk. He is now ded, and nailed in his chefte, I pray to God so yeve his soule reste. Fraunceis Petrark, the laureat poete, Highte this clerk, whos rethorike fwete Enlumined all Itaille of poetrie, As Lynyan did of philosophie, Or law, or other art particulere: But deth, that wol not suffre us dwellen here, But as it were a twinkling of an eye, Hem both hath flaine, and alle we shul dye. But forth to tellen of this worthy man, That taughte me this tale, as I began, I fay that first he with hie stile enditeth (Or he the body of his tale writeth) A proheme, in the which descriveth he Piemont, and of Saluces the contree, And speketh of Apennin the hilles hie, That ben the boundes of west Lumbardie: And of mount Vefulus in special, Wher as the Poo out of a welle fmal

Taketh his first springing and his sours.

That estward ay encreseth in his cours.

To Emelie ward, to Ferare, and Venile.

The which a longe thing were to devise.

And trewely, as to my jugement,

Me thinketh it a thing importinent,

Save that he wol conveyen his matere:

But this is the tale which that ye mow here.

## THE CLERKES TALE TO LAA

THER is right at the West side of Itaille
Doun at the rote of Vesulus the cold,
A lusty plain, habundant of vitaille,
Ther many a toun and tour thou maist behold,
That sounded were in time of fathers old,
And many another delitable sighte,
And Saluces this noble contree highte.

A markis whilem lord was of that lond,
As were his worthy elders him before,
And obeyfant, ay redy to his hond,
Were all his lieges, bothe leffe and more:
Thus in delit he liveth, and hath don yore,
Beloved and drad, thurgh favour of fortune,
Both of his lordes, and of his commune.

The gentilest yborne of Lumberdie

A faire

A faire person, and strong, and yong of age, And ful of honour and of curtese: 7950 Discret ynough, his contree for to gie, And To To Sauf in som thinges that he was to blame, And Walter was this yonge lordes name.

I blame him thus, that he confidered nought
In time coming what might him betide,
But on his luft present was all his thought,
And for to hauke and hunt on every side:
Wel neigh all other cures let he slide,
And eke he n'old (and that was worst of all)
Wedden no wif for ought that might befall. 7960

Only that point his peple bare so fore,
That slockmel on a day to him they went,
And on of hem, that wisest was of lore,
(Or elles that the lord wold best affent
That he shuld tell him what the peple ment,
Or elles coud he wel shew swiche matere)
He to the markis said as ye shull here.

O noble markis, your humanitee
Affureth us and yeveth us hardinesse,
As oft as time is of necessitee,
That we to you mow tell our hevinesse:
Accepteth, lord, than of your gentillesse,
That

origi A

That we with pitous herte unto you plaine, And let your eres nat my vois disdaine.

Al have I not to don in this matere

More than another man hath in this place,
Yet for as moch as ye, my lord so dere,
Han alway shewed me favour and grace,
I dare the better aske of you a space
Of audience, to shewen our request,
And ye, my lord, to don right as you lest.

For certes, lord, so wel us liketh you
And all your werke, and ever have don, that we
Ne couden not ourself devisen how
We mighten live in more felicitee:
Save o thing, lord, if it your wille be,
That for to be a wedded man you lest,
Than were your peple in soverain hertes rest.

Boweth your nekke under the blisful yok
Of foveraintee, and not of fervise,
Which that men clepen spousaile or wedlok:
And thinketh, lord, among your thoughtes wise,
How that our dayes passe in sondry wise;
For though we slepe, or wake, or rome, or ride,
Ay sleth the time, it wol no man abide.

B 3

And

And though your grene youthe floure as yet,
In crepeth age alway as still as ston,
And deth manaseth every age, and smit
In eche estat, for ther escapeth non;
And also certain, as we knowe eche on
That we shul die, as uncertain we all
Ben of that day whan deth shal on us fall.

Accepteth than of us the trewe entent,

That never yet refuseden your hest,
And we wol, lord, if that ye wol assent,
Chese you a wife in short time at the mest,
Borne of the gentillest and of the best
Of all this lond, so that it oughte seme
Honour to God and you, as we can deme.

Deliver us out of all this befy drede, 8010
And take a wif, for highe Goddes fake:
For if it so befell, as God forbede,
That thurgh your deth your linage shulde slake,
And that a strange successour shuld take
Your heritage, o! wo were us on live:
Wherfore we pray you hastily to wive.

Hir meke praiere and hir pitous chere
Made the markis for to han pitee.

LAA

Ye wol, quod he, min owen peple dere, To that I never er thought constrainen me. I me rejoyced of my libertee, That felden time is found in mariage; Ther I was free, I moste ben in servage.

But natheles I fee your trewe entent, And trust upon your wit, and have don ay: Wherfore of my free will I wol affent To wedden me, as fone as ever I may. But ther as ye han profred me to-day To chefen me a wif, I you relese That chois, and pray you of that profer cese. 8030

For God it wot, that children often ben Unlike hir worthy eldres hem before, Bountee cometh al of God, not of the Aren, Of which they ben vgendred and vbore: I trust in Goddes bountee, and therfore My mariage, and min eftat, and reft I him betake, he may don as him left.

Let me alone in chefing of my wif, That charge upon my bak I wol endure: But I you pray, and charge upon your lif, That what wif that I take, ye me affure

8040

To

B 4

To worship hire while that hire lif may dure, In word and werk both here and elles where, As the an emperoures doughter were,

And forthermore this shuln ye swere, that ye Again my chois shul never grutch ne strive. For fith I shal forgo my libertee At your request, as ever mote I thrive, Ther as min herte is fet, ther wol I wive: And but ye wol affent in swiche manere, I pray you speke no more of this matere. 8000 nt ther at yelien profet title to-day

With hertly will they fworen and affenten To all this thing, ther faide not o wight nay: Befeching him of grace, or that they wenten, That he wold granten hem a certain day Of his spousaile, as sone as ever he may, For yet alway the peple formwhat dred, Left that this markis wolde no wif wed.

He granted hem a day, swiche as him lest, On which he wold be wedded fikerly, And faid he did all this at hir request; And they with humble herte ful buxumly Kneling upon hir knees ful reverently Him thonken all, and thus they han an end Of hir entente, and home agen they wend,

ambasis been been not sobber of heart l.

And

And hereupon he to his officeres

Commandeth for the feste to purvay.

And to his privee knightes and squieres

Swiche charge he yave, as him list on hem lay:

And they to his commandement obey,

8070

And eche of hem doth al his diligence

To do unto the feste al reverence.

# Pars secunda. florid sels in 30 Y

Nought fer fro thilke paleis honourable,
Wher as this markis shope his mariage,
Ther stood a thorpe, of fighte delitable,
In which that poure folk of that village
Hadden hir bestes and hir herbergage,
And of hir labour toke hir sustenance,
After that the erthe yave hem habundance.

Among this poure folk ther dwelt a man, 8c80
Which that was holden pourest of hem all:
But highe God somtime senden can
His grace unto a litel oxes stall:
Janicola men of that thorpe him call.
A doughter had he, faire ynough to sight,
And Grifildis this yonge maiden hight.

But for to speke of vertuous beautee, Than was she on the fairest under sonne:

Fuj

Ful pourely yfostred up was she:
No likerous lust was in hire herte yronne: 8000
Wel ofter of the well than of the tonne
She dranke, and for she wolde vertue plese,
She knew wel labour, but non idel ese.

But though this mayden tendre were of age,
Yet in the brest of hire virginitee
Ther was enclosed sad and ripe corage:
And in gret reverence and charitee
Hire olde poure fader fostred she:
A few sheep spinning on the feld she kept,
She wolde not ben idel til she slept.

8100

And whan the homward came, the wolde bring Wortes and other herbes times oft,
The which the thred and fethe for hire living,
And made hire bed full hard, and nothing foft:
And ay the kept hire fadres lif on loft
With every obelfance and diligence,
That child may don to fadres reverence.

Upon Grifilde, this poure creature,
Ful often fithe this markis fette his eye,
As he on hunting rode paraventure:
And whan it fell that he might hire espie,
He

He not with wanton loking of folie

His eyen cast on hire, but in fad wife

Upon hire chere he wold him oft avise,

Commending in his herte hire womanhede,
And eke hire vertue, passing any wight
Of so yong age, as wel in chere as dede.
For though the peple have no gret insight
In vertue, he considered fol right
Hire bountee, and disposed that he wold
Wedde hire only, if ever he wedden shold.

The day of wedding came, but no wight can
Tellen what woman that it shulde be,
For which mervaille wondred many a man,
And saiden, whan they were in privetee,
Wol not our lord yet leve his vanitee?
Wol he not wedde? alas, alas the while!
Why wol he thus himself and us begile?

But natheles this markis hath do make
Of gemmes, fette in gold and in afure,
Broches and ringes, for Grifildes fake,
And of hire clothing toke he the mefure
Of a maiden like unto hire flature,
And eke of other ornamentes all,
That unto fwiche a wedding shulde fall.

8130

The

The time of underne of the same day
Approcheth, that this wedding shulde be,
And all the paleis put was in array,
Both halle and chambres, eche in his degree,
Houses of office stuffed with plentee
Ther mayst thou see of deinteous vitaille,
That may be found, as fer as lasteth Itaille.

This real markis richely arraide,
Lordes and ladies in his compagnie,
The which unto the feste weren praide,
And of his retenue the bachelerie,
With many a soun of sondry melodie,
Unto the village, of the which I told,
In this array the righte way they hold.

Grifilde of this (God wot) ful innocent,

That for hire shapen was all this array,

To fetchen water at a welle is went,

And cometh home as sone as ever she may.

For wel she had herd say, that thilke day

The markis shulde wedde, and if she might,

She wolde sayn han seen som of that sight.

She thought I wol with other maidens flond, That ben my felawes, in our dore and fee

BATT

ad For a Promise (all

The markifesse, and therto wol I fond
To don at home, as sone as it may be,
8160
The labour which that longeth unto me,
And than I may at leiser hire behold,
If she this way unto the castel hold.

And as she wolde over the threswold gon,
The markis came and gan hire for to call,
And she set down hire water-pot anon
Beside the threswold in an oxes stall,
And down upon hire knees she gan to fall,
And with sad countenance kneleth still,
Til she had herd what was the lordes will.

8170

This thoughtful markis spake unto this maid Ful soberly, and said in this manere:
Wher is your fader, Grissidis? he said.
And she with reverence in humble chere
Answered, lord, he is al redy here.
And in she goth withouten lenger lette,
And to the markis she hire fader fette.

He by the hond than toke this poure man,
And faide thus, whan he him had afide:
Janicola, I neither may ne can
Lenger the plefance of min herte hide,
If that thou vouchefauf, what so betide

Thy

Thy doughter wol I take or that I wend and of I As for my wif, that hire lives endament as not of I am other than a policy and the lives and the lives are the company to the lives are the lives and the lives are the lives are the lives are the lives are the lives and lives are the lives are the lives are the lives and lives are the live

Thou lovest me, that wet I wel certain,
And art my faithful hegeman yeore,
And all that liketh me, I dare wel fain
It liketh thee, and specially therfore
Tell me that point, that I have said before,
If that thou welt unto this purpos drawe,
To taken me as for thy son in lawe.

This foden cas this man aftened fo,

That red he wex, abaift, and al quaking
He flood, unnethes faid he wordes mo,
But only thus; Lord, quod he, my willing
Is as ye wol, ne ageins your liking
I wol no thing, min owen lord fo dere,
Right as you lift, governeth this matere.

Than wol I, quod this markis softely,
That in thy chambre, I, and thou, and she, 8200
Have a collation, and wost thou why?
For I wol ask hire, if it hire wille be
To be my wif, and reule hire after me:
And all this shal be don in thy presence,
I wol not speke out of thin audience.

And

And in the chambre, while they were aboute
The tretee, which as ye shul after here,
The peple came into the hous withoute,
And wondred hem, in how honest manere
Ententify she kept hire fader dere:
But utterly Grifildis wonder might,
For never end ne saw she swiche a fight.

Am I, to tailke honour, that we me bode.

No wonder is though that the be aftened,
To fee fo gret a gest come in that place,
She never was to non swiche gestes woned,
For which she loked with ful pale face.
But shortly forth this matere for to chace,
Thise arn the wordes that the markis said
To this benigne, veray, faithful maid.

Grifilde, he faid, ye shuln wel understond, 8220
It liketh to your fader and to me,
That I you wedde, and eke it may so stond
As I suppose, ye wol that it so be:
But thise demaundes aske I first (quod he)
That sin it shal be don in hasty wise,
Wol ye assent, or elles you avise?

I fay this, be ye redy with good herte

To all my luft, and that I freely may

As me best thinketh do you laugh or finerte,

And

And never ye to grutchen, night ne day, 8230 And eke whan I fay ya, ye fay not nay, Neither by word, ne frouning countenance? Swere this, and here I fwere our alliance.

Wondring upon this thing, quaking for drede, She faide; Lord, indigne and unworthy Am I, to thilke honour, that ye me bede, But as ye wol yourfelf, right fo wol I: And here I fwere, that never willingly In werk, ne thought, I n'ill you disobeie For to be ded, though me were loth to deie. 8240

But thordy forth tids nutree for to clear

This is ynough, Grifilde min, quod he. And forth he goth with a ful fobre chere, Out at the dore, and after than came she, And to the peple he faid in this manere: This is my wif, quod he, that stondeth here. Honoureth her, and loveth hire, I pray, Who so me loveth, ther n'is no more to say.

And for that nothing of hire olde gere She shulde bring into his hous, he bad That women shuld despoilen hire right there, 8250 Of which thise ladies weren nothing glad To handle hire clothes wherin the was clad:

But

But natheles this maiden bright of hew (1975 of Fro foot to hed they clothed han all new how had

Hire heres han they kempt, that lay untreffed Rul rudely, and with hir fingres smal A coroune on hire hed they han ydressed, And sette hire sul of nouches gret and smal: Of hire array what shuld I make a tale? Unneth the peple hire knew for hire fairnesse, 8260 Whan she transmewed was in swiche richesse.

This mark is hath hire spoused with a ring
Brought for the same cause, and than hire sette
Upon an hors snow-white, and wel ambling,
And to his paleis, or he lenger lette,
(With joyful peple, that hire lad and mette)
Conveyed hire, and thus the day they spende
In revel, til the some gan descende.

And shortly forth this tale for to chace,
I say, that to this newe markisesse.

God hath swiche sayour sent hire of his grace,
That it ne semeth not by likelinesse
That she was borne and sed in rudenesse,
As in a cote, or in an oxes stall,
But nourished in an emperoures hall.

To

If on faith wel, another faith the same :

To every wight she waxen is so dere, And worshipful, that solk ther she was bore, And fro hire birthe knew hire yere by yere, Unnethes trowed they, but dorst han swore, That to Janicle, of which I spake before, She doughter n'as, for as by conjecture Hem thoughte she was another creature.

8280

For though that ever vertuous was fhe,
She was encresed in swiche excellence
Of thewes good, yset in high bountee,
And so discrete, and faire of eloquence,
So benigne, and so digne of reverence,
And coude so the peples herte enbrace,
That eche hire loveth that loketh on hire face.

Not only of Saluces in the toun

Published was the bountee of hire name,
But eke beside in many a regioun,
If on saith wel, another saith the same:
So spredeth of hire hie bountee the same,
That men and women, yong as wel as old,
Gon to Saluces upon hire to behold.

Thus Walter lowly, nay but really,
Wedded with fortunat honestetee,
In Goddes pees liveth ful esily

At

At home, and grace ynough outward had he: 8300
And for he faw that under low degree
Was honest vertue hid, the peple him held
A prudent man, and that is seen ful seld.

Not only this Grifildis thurgh hire wit

Coude all the fete of wifly homlinesse,
But eke whan that the cas required it,
The comune profit coude she redresse:
Ther n'as discord, rancour, ne hevinesse
In all the lond, that she ne coude appese,
And wisely bring hem all in hertes ese.

8310

Though that hire husbond absent were or non, If gentilmen, or other of that contree Were wroth, she wolde bringen hem at on, So wise and ripe wordes hadde she, And jugement of so gret equitee, That she from heven sent was, as men wend, Peple to save, and every wrong to amend.

Not longe time after that this Grifilde
Was wedded, she a doughter hath ybore,
All had hire lever han borne a knave childe: 8320
Glad was the markis and his folk therfore,
For though a maiden childe come all before,

.vsl I

She may unto a knave child atteine the shad it.

By likelyhed, fin the n'is not barreine.

# De Pars tertia.

Ther fell, as it befalleth times mo,
Whan that this childe had fouked but a throwe,
This markis in his herte longed fo
To tempt his wif, hire fadnesse for to knowe,
That he ne might out of his herte throwe
This marveillous defir his wif to assay,
Needles, God wot, he thought hire to affray.

He had affaied hire ynough before,
And found hire ever good, what nedeth it
Hire for to tempt, and alway more and more?
Though fom men praise it for a subtil wit,
But as for me, I say that evil it sit
To assay a wif whan that it is no nede,
And putten hire in anguish and in drede.

For which this markis wrought in this manere;
He came a-night alone ther as she lay
With sterne face, and with ful trouble chere,
And sayde thus; Grisslde, (quod he) that day
That I you toke out of your poure array,
And put you in estat of high noblesse,
Ye han it not forgetten, as I gesse.

I fay,

I fay, Grifilde, this present dignitee,
In which that I have put you, as I trow,
Maketh you not forgetful for to be
That I you toke in poure estat ful low,
For ony wele ye mote yourselven know.
8350
Take hede of every word that I you say,
Ther is no wight that hereth it but we tway.

Newher in word, in character de comaceses.

Ye wote yourself wel how that ye came here Into this hous, it is not long ago,
And though to me ye be right lese and dere,
Unto my gentils ye be nothing so:
They say, to hem it is gret shame and wo
For to be suggetes, and ben in servage
To thee, that borne art of a small linage.

And namely fin thy doughter was ybore, 8360
Thise wordes han they spoken douteles,
But I desire, as I have don before,
To live my lif with hem in rest and pees:
I may not in this cas be reccheles;
I mote do with thy doughter for the best,
Not as I wold, but as my gentils lest.

And yet, God wote, this is ful loth to me:
But natheles withouten youre weting

C 3

I wol

I well nought do, but thus well I (quod he)

That ye to me affenten in this thing.

Shew now youre patience in youre werking,

That ye me hight and swore in youre village

The day that maked was our mariage,

Whan she had herd all this, she not ameved Neyther in word, in chere, ne countenance, (For as it semed, she was not agreved)
She sayde; Lord, all lith in your plesance, My child and I, with hertely obeisance
Ben youres all, and ye may save or spill,
Your owen thing: werketh after your will. 8380

the the weather the standard the or not

Ther may no thing, so God my soule save,
Like unto you, that may displesen me:
Ne I desire nothing for to have,
Ne drede for to lese, sauf only ye:
This will is in myn herte, and ay shal be,
No length of time, or deth may this desace,
Ne change my corage to an other place,

Glad was this markis for hire answering,
But yet he feined as he were not so,
Al drery was his chere and his loking,
Whan that he shuld out of the chambre go.
Sone after this, a furlong way or two,
He

He prively hath told all his entent Unto a man, and to his wif him fent.

A maner fergeant was this prive man,
The which he faithful often founden had
In thinges gret, and eke swiche folk wel can
Don execution on thinges bad:
The lord knew wel, that he him loved and drad.
And whan this fergeant wish his lordes will, 8400
Into the chambre he stalked him ful still,

Madame, he fayd, ye mote foryeve it me,
Though I do thing, to which I am conftreined:
Ye ben so wise, that right wel knowen ye,
That lordes heftes may not ben yfeined,
They may wel be bewailed and complained,
But men mote nedes to hir lust obey,
And so wol I, ther n'is no more to say.

This child I am commanded for to take.

And spake no more, but out the child he hent 8410

Despitously, and gan a chere to make,

As though he wold have slain it, or he went.

Grissildis most al suffer and al consent:

And as a lambe, she sitteth meke and still,

And let this cruel sergeant do his will.

C 4

Sufpecious "

Suspectious was the diffame of this man,
Suspect his face, suspect his word also,
Suspect the time in which he this began:
Alas! hire doughter, that she loved so,
She wende he wold han staien it right tho,
But natheles she neither wept ne siked,
Conforming hire to that the markis liked,

But at the last to speken she began,
And mekely she to the sergeant praid
(So as he was a worthy gentil man)
That she might kisse hire child, or that it deid s
And in hire barme this litel child she leid,
With sul sad sace, and gan the child to blisse,
And lulled it, and after gan it kisse,

And thus she sayd in hire benigne vois: 8430
Farewel, my child, I shal thee never see,
But sin I have thee marked with the crois,
Of thilke sader yblessed mote thou be,
That for us died upon a crois of tree:
Thy soule, litel child, I him betake,
For this night shalt thou dien for my sake.

t intillia modital miller and al confirm:

I trow that to a norice in this cas

It had ben hard this routhe for to see:

Suffections

Wel

Wel might a moder than han cried alas,
But natheles fo fad ftedfaft was she,
That she endured all adversitee,
And to the sergeant mekely she sayde,
Have here agen your litel yonge mayde.

Goth now (quod she) and doth my lordes hest:
And o thing wold I pray you of your grace,
But if my lord forbade you at the lest,
Burieth this litel body in som place,
That bestes ne no briddes it to-race.
But he no word to that purpos wold say,
But toke the child and went upon his way.

8450

This fergeant came unto his lord again,
And of Grifildes wordes and hire chere
He told him point for point, in short and plain,
And him presented with his doughter dere.
Somwhat this lord hath routhe in his manere,
But natheles his purpos held he still,
As lordes don, whan they wol have hir will,

And bad this sergeant that he prively
Shulde this child ful softe wind and wrappe,
With alle circumstances tendrely,
And carry it in a cofre, or in a lappe;
But upon peine his hed of for to swappe
That

That no man shulde know of his entent, while Ne whens he came, ne whider that he went;

But at Boloigne, unto his fuster dere,
That thilke time of Pavie was countesse,
He shuld it take, and shew hire this matere,
Beseching hire to don hire besinesse
This child to fostren in all gentillesse,
And whos child that it was he bade hire hide 8470
From every wight, for ought that may betide.

This fergeant goth, and hath fulfilde this thing.
But to this marquis now retorne we;
For now goth he ful fast imagining,
If by his wives chere he mighte see,
Or by hire wordes apperceive, that she
Were changed, but he never coud hire sinde,
But ever in on ylike sad and kinde.

As glad, as humble, as befy in fervice
And eke in love, as she was wont to be,
Was she to him, in every maner wise;
Ne of hire doughter not a word spake she:
Non accident for non adversitee
Was seen in hire, ne never hire doughters name
Ne nevened she, for ernest ne for game.

Pars

Stie III in glind and and and well were

### Pars quarta,

In this estat ther passed ben source yere

Er she with childe was, but as God wold,

A knave childe she bare by this Waltere

Ful gracious, and fair for to behold:

And whan that folk it to his fader told,

Not only he, but all his contree mery

Was for this childe, and God they thonke and hery.

Whan it was two yere old, and from the brest Departed of his norice, on a day
This markis caughte yet another lest
To tempte his wif yet ofter, if he may.
O! nedeles was she tempted in assay.
But wedded men ne connen no mesure,
Whan that they finde a patient creature.

Wif, quod this markis, ye han herd or this 8500 My peple fikely beren our mariage,
And namely fin my fone yboren is,
Now is it werfe than ever in al our age:
The murmur fleth myn herte and my corage,
For to myn eres cometh the vois fo finerte,
That it wel nie destroyed hath myn herte.

Now

Now fay they thus, whan Walter is agon. Than shal the blood of Janicle succede, And ben our lord, for other han we non: Swiche wordes fayn my peple, it is no drede. 8510 Wel ought I of fwiche murmur taken hede, For certainly I drede al fwiche fentence. Though they not plainen in myn audience. to trade of the second of the second of the

I wolde live in pees, if that I might: Wherfore I am disposed utterly, As I his fufter ferved er by night, Right fo thinke I to ferve him prively. This warne I you, that ye not fodenly Out of yourfelf for no wo shuld outraie, Beth patient, and therof I you praie. 8520

I have, quod fhe, fayd thus and ever fhal, I wol no thing, ne n'ill no thing certain, But as you lift: not greveth me at al, Though that my doughter and my fone be flain At your commandement: that is to fain, I have not had no part of children twein, But first fikenesse, and after wo and peine.

Of medeles was the companies !()

Ye ben my lord, doth with your owen thing Right as you lift, asketh no rede of me:

WOLA

The magner fledyings hage and my cone e.

For

For as I left at home al my clothing
Whan I came first to you, right so (quod she)
Left I my will and al my libertee,
And toke your clothing: wherfore I you prey,
Doth your plesance, I wol youre lust obey.

And certes, if I hadde prescience
Your will to know, er ye your lust me told,
I wold it do withouten negligence:
But now I wote your lust, and what ye wold,
All your plesance ferme and stable I hold,
For wist I that my deth might do you ese,
Right gladly wold I dien, you to plese.

Ne halde forthly knowen therefore.

Deth may not maken no comparisoun
Unto your love: and whan this markis say
The constance of his wif, he cast adoun
His eyen two, and wondreth how she may
In patience suffer al this array:
And forth he goth with drery contenance,
But to his herte it was ful gret plesance.

This ugly sergeant in the same wise

That he hire doughter caughte, right so he 8550

(Or werse, if men can any werse devise)

Hath hent hire sone, that ful was of beautee:

And ever in on so patient was she,

That

That she no chere made of hevinesse, and a ster gan it blesse.

Save this she praied him, if that he might,
Hire litel sone he wold in erthe grave,
His tendre limmes, delicat to sight,
Fro foules and fro bestes for to save.
But she non answer of him mighte have,
But his way, as him no thing ne rought,
But to Beloigne he tendrely it brought.

leas praral consist

This markis wondreth ever lenger the more
Upon hire patience, and if that he
Ne hadde fothly knowen therbefore,
That parfitly hire children loved fhe,
He wold han wend that of fom fubtiltee
And of malice, or for cruel corage,
That she had suffred this with sad visage.

But wel he knew, that next himself, certain 8570 She loved hire children best in every wise. But now of women wold I asken fayn, If thise assaies mighten not suffise; What coud a sturdy husbond more devise To preve hire wishood, and hire stedsastnesse, And he continuing ever in sturdinesse?

But

But ther ben folk of swiche condition,
That, whan they han a certain purpos take,
They can not stint of hir entention,
But, right as they were bounden to a stake,
They wol not of hir firste purpos slake:
Right so this markis fully hath purposed
To tempt his wif, as he was first disposed.

He waiteth, if by word or contenance
That she to him was changed of corage:
But never coud he finden variance,
She was ay on in herte and in visage,
And ay the further that she was in age,
The more trewe (if that it were possible)
She was to him in love, and more penible. 8590

For which it semed thus, that of hem two
Ther was but o will; for as Walter lest,
The same lust was hire plesance also;
And God be thanked, all fell for the best.
She shewed wel, for no worldly unrest
A wif, as of hireself, no thing ne sholde
Wille in esset, but as hire husbond wolde.

The sclandre of Walter wonder wide spradde, That of a cruel herte he wikkedly,

ror

For he a poure woman wedded hadde, 8600 Hath murdred both his children prively:
Swich murmur was among hem comunly.
No wonder is: for to the peples ere
Ther came no word, but that they murdred were.

For which ther as his peple therbefore
Had loved him wel, the sclandre of his diffame
Made hem that they him hateden therfore:
To ben a murdrour is an hateful name.
But natheles, for ernest ne for game,
He of his cruel purpos n'olde stente,
To tempt his wif was sette all his entente.

Whan that his doughter twelf yere was of age,
He to the court of Rome, in subtil wise
Enformed of his will, sent his message,
Commanding him, swiche billes to devise,
As to his cruel purpos may suffise,
How that the pope, as for his peples rest
Bade him to wed another, if him lest.

I say he bade, they shulden contresete
The popes bulles, making mention
That he hath leve his firste wis to lete,
As by the popes dispensation,
To stinten rancour and dissension

Bet

8620

Betwix

Betwix his peple and him: thus spake the bull, The which they han publisshed at the full.

The rude peple, as no wonder is,
Wenden ful wel, that it had ben right fo:
But whan thise tidings came to Grifildis,
I deme that hire herte was ful of wo;
But she ylike sad for evermo
Disposed was, this humble creature,
The adversitee of fortune al to endure;

Abiding ever his lust and his plesance,
To whom that she was yeven, herte and al,
As to hire veray worldly suffisance.
But shortly if this storie tell I shal,
This markis writen hath in special
A lettre, in which he sheweth his entente,
And secretly he to Boloigne it sente,

To the erl of Pavie, which that hadde the 8640 Wedded his fuffer, prayed he specially. To bringen home agein his children two In honourable estat al openly:
But o thing he him prayed utterly,
That he to no wight, though men wold enquere,
Shulde not tell whos children that they were,
Vol. II. D

But fay, the maiden shuld ywedded be Unto the markis of Saluces anon. And as this erl was prayed, so did he, For at day fette he on his way is gon Toward Saluces, and lordes many on In rich arraie, this maiden for to gide, Hire yonge brother riding hire beside.

Arraied was toward hire mariage This freshe maiden, ful of gemmes clere, Hire brother, which that feven yere was of age, Arraied eke ful fresh in his manere: And thus in gret nobleffe and with glad chere Toward Saluces shaping hir journay Fro day to day they riden in hir way.

#### Pars quinta.

Among al this, after his wicked usage, This markis yet his wif to tempten more To the uttereste prese of hire corage, Fully to have experience and lore, If that she were as stedefast as before, He on a day in open audience Ful boistously hath said hire this sentence:

Certes, Grifilde, I had ynough plefance To han you to my wif, for your goodnesse,

And

And for your trouthe, and for your obeyfance, 8670 Not for your linage, ne for your richesse, But now know I in veray sothsastnesse, That in gret lordship, if I me wel avise, Ther is gret servitude in sondry wise.

I may not don, as every ploughman may:

My peple me conftreineth for to take

Another wif, and crien day by day;

And eke the pope rancour for to flake

Confenteth it, that dare I undertake:

And trewely, thus moche I wol you fay,

My newe wif is coming by the way.

Be strong of herte, and voide anon hire place,
And thilke dower that ye broughten me
Take it agen, I grant it of my grace.
Returneth to your fadres hous, (quod he)
No man may alway have prosperitee.
With even herte I rede you to endure
The stroke of fortune, or of aventure.

And she agen answerd in patience:

My lord, quod she, I wote, and wist alway, 8690

How that betwixen your magnificence

And my poverte no wight ne can ne may

D 2 Maken

bun't

Maken comparison, it is no nay; I ne held me never digne in no manere To be your wif, ne yet your chamberere.

And in this hous, ther ye me lady made, (The highe God take I for my witnesse, And all so wisly he my soule glad)
I never held me lady ne maistresse,
But humble servant to your worthinesse,
And ever shal, while that my lif may dure,
Aboven every worldly creature.

That ye so longe of your benignitee
Han holden me in honour and nobley,
Wheras I was not worthy for to be,
That thanke I God and you, to whom I prey
Foryelde it you, ther is no more to sey:
Unto my fader gladly wol I wende,
And with him dwell unto my lives ende;

Ther I was fostred of a childe ful smal, Til I be ded my lif ther wol I lede, A widew clene in body, herte and al. For sith I yave to you my maidenhede, And am your trewe wif, it is no drede, God shilde swiche a lordes wif to take Another man to husbond or to make.

8710

And

And of your newe wif, God of his grace So graunte you wele and prosperite:

For I wol gladly yelden hire my place,
In which that I was blisful wont to be.

For fith it liketh you, my lord, (quod she)

That whilom weren all myn hertes rest,
That I shal gon, I wol go whan you lest.

8720

But ther as ye me profre swiche dowaire
As I first brought, it is wel in my mind,
It were my wretched clothes, nothing faire,
The which to me were hard now for to find.
O goode God! how gentil and how kind
Ye semed by your speche and your visage,
The day that maked was oure marriage!

8730

But foth is faid, algate I find it trewe,
For in effect it preved is on me,
Love is not old, as whan that it is newe.
But certes, lord, for non advertisee
To dien in this cas, it shal not be
That ever in word or werke I shal repent,
That I you yave min herte in hole entent.

My lord, ye wote, that in my fadres place Ye dide me stripe out of my poure wede,

And "

D 3

And richely ye clad me of your grace;
To you brought I nought elles out of drede,
But faith, and nakednesse, and maidenhede;
And here agen your clothing I restore,
And eke your wedding ring for evermore.

8740

The remenant of your jeweles redy be Within your chambre, I dare it fafly fain: Naked out of my fadres hous (quod she) I came, and naked I mote turne again. All your plesance wolde I folwe fain: But yet I hope it be not your entent, That I smokles out of your paleis went.

8750

Ye coude not do fo dishonest a thing,
That thilke wombe, in which your children lay,
Shulde before the peple, in my walking,
Be seen al bare: wherfore I you pray
Let me not like a worme go by the way:
Remembre you, min owen lord so dere,
I was your wif, though I unworthy were.

Wherfore in guerdon of my maidenhede,
Which that I brought and not agen I bere,
As vouchefauf to yeve me to my mede
But fwiche a finok as I was wont to were,
That I therwith may wrie the wombe of hire

8760

That

That was your wif: and here I take my leve Of you, min owen lord, lest I you greve.

The smok, quod he, that thou hast on thy bake,
Let it be still, and bere it forth with thee.
But wel unnethes thilke word he spake,
But went his way for routhe and for pitee.
Before the folk hireselven stripeth she,
And in hire smok, with foot and hed al bare,
Toward hire sadres hous forth is she fare.

The folk hire folwen weping in hir wey,
And fortune ay they cursen as they gon:
But she fro weping kept hire eyen drey,
Ne in this time word ne spake she non.
Hire fader, that this tiding herd anon,
Curseth the day and time, that nature
Shope him to ben a lives creature.

For out of doute this olde poure man
Was ever in suspect of hire mariage:
For ever he demed, fin it first began,
That whan the lord sulfilled had his corage,
Him wolde thinke it were a disparage
To his estat, so lowe for to alight,
And voiden hire as sone as ever he might.

D 4

Agein

Agein his doughter hastily goth he, (For he by noise of folk knew hire coming) And with hire olde cote, as it might be, He covereth hire ful forwefully weping: But on hire body might he it not bring, For rude was the cloth, and more of age By daies fele than at hire mariage,

Thus with hire fader for a certain space Dwelleth this flour of wifly patience, That nother by hire wordes ne hire face, Beforn the folk, ne eke in hir absence, Ne shewed she that hire was don offence, Ne of hire high estat no remembrance Ne hadde she, as by hire contenance.

No wonder is, for in hire gret estat Hire goft was ever in pleine humilitee; No tendre mouth, no herte delicat, No pompe, no femblant of realtee; But ful of patient benignitee, Discrete, and prideles, ay honourable, And to hire husbond ever meke and stable.

Men speke of Job, and most for his humblesse, As clerkes, whan hem lift, can wel endite,

Namely

Namely of men, but as in fothfastnesse, 8810
Though clerkes preisen women but a lite,
Ther can no man in humblesse him acquite
As woman can, ne can be half so trewe
As women ben, but it be falle of newe.

#### Pars fexta.

Fro Boloigne is this erl of Pavie come,
Of which the fame up fprang to more and leffe:
And to the peples eres all and some
Was couth eke, that a newe markisesse
He with him brought, in swiche pomp and richesse,
That never was ther seen with mannes eye 8820
So noble array in al West Lumbardie.

The markis, which that shope and knew all this, Er that this erl was come, sent his message For thilke poure sely Grissldis, And she with humble herte and glad visage, Not with no swollen thought in hire corage, Came at his hest, and on hire knees hire sette, And reverently and wisely she him grette.

Grifilde, (quod he) my will is utterly, This maiden, that shal wedded be to me, Received be to-morwe as really

8830

As

As it possible is in myn hous to be:
And eke that every wight in his degree
Have his estat in sitting and service,
And high plesance, as I can best devise.

I have no woman suffisant certain
The chambres for to array in ordinance
After my lust, and therfore wolde I fain,
That thin were all swiche manere governance:
Thou knowest eke of old all my plesance; 8840
Though thin array he bad, and evil besey,
Do thou thy devoir at the leste wey.

conceptable to district a

Not only, lord, that I am glad (quod she)
To don your lust, but I desire also
You for to serve and plese in my degree,
Withouten fainting, and shal evermo:
Ne never for no wele, ne for no wo,
Ne shal the gost within myn herte stente
To love you best with all my trewe entente.

And with that word she gan the hous to dight,
And tables for to sette, and beddes make,
8851
And peined her to don all that she might,
Praying the chambereres for Goddes sake
To hasten hem, and safte swepe and shake,

And

For they were given them went to t

And she the moste serviceable of all

Hath every chambre arraied, and his hall.

Abouten undern gan this erl alight,
That with him brought thise noble children twey:
For which the peple ran to see the fight
Of hir array, so richely besey:
And than at erst amonges hem they sey,
That Walter was no fool, though that him lest
To change his wif; for it was for the best.

this and assistance will have also an addition

feathart a naite on speleb on and T

For she is fairer, as they demen all,

Than is Grisslde, and more tendre of age,

And fairer fruit betwene hem shulde fall,

And more plesant for hire high linage:

Hire brother eke so faire was of visage,

That hem to seen the peple hath caught plesance,

Commending now the markis governance. 8870

O stormy peple, unsad and ever untrewe,
And undiscrete, and changing as a fane,
Delighting ever in rombel that is newe,
For like the mone waxen ye and wane:
Ay ful of clapping, dere ynough a jane,
Your dome is fals, your constance evil preveth,
A ful gret fool is he that on you leveth.

Thus-

#### 44 THE CLERKES TALE.

Thus saiden sade solk in that citee,
Whan that the peple gased up and down:
For they were glad, right for the noveltee,
To have a newe lady of hir toun.
No more of this make I now mentioun,
But to Grisilde agen I wol me dresse,
And telle hire constance, and hire besinesse.

Ful befy was Grifilde in every thing,
That to the feste was appertinent;
Right naught was she abaist of hire clothing,
Though it were rude, and somdel eke to-rent,
But with glad chere to the yate is went
With other folk, to grete the markisesse,
8890
And after that doth forth hire besinesse.

With fo glad chere his gestes she receiveth,
And conningly everich in his degree,
That no defaute no man apperceiveth,
But ay they wondren what she mighte be,
That in so poure array was for to see,
And coude swiche honour and reverence,
And worthily they preisen hire prudence.

In all this mene while she ne stent

This maide and eke hire brother to commend 8900

With

With all hire herte in ful benigne entent,
So wel, that no man coud hire preise amend:
But at the last whan that thise lordes wend
To sitten down to mete, he gan to call
Grisslde, as she was befy in the hall.

Grifilde, (quod he, as it were in his play)
How liketh thee my wif, and hire beautee?
Right wel, my lord, quod she, for in good fay,
A fairer saw I never non than she:
I pray to God yeve you prosperitee;
And so I hope, that he wol to you send
Plesance ynough unto your lives end.

O thing befeche I you and warne also,
That ye ne prikke with no turmenting
This tendre maiden, as ye han do mo:
For she is fostred in hire norishing
More tendrely, and to my supposing
She mighte not adversite endure,
As coude a poure fostred creature.

And whan this Walter faw hire patience, Hire glade chere, and no malice at all, And he so often hadde hire don offence, And she ay sade and constant as a wall, Continuing ever hire innocence over all,

8920

The for the us that turn

This

technologia y so a notice feature.

46

A P

This flurdy markis gan his herte dreffe To rewe upon hire wifly stedefastnesses

This is ynough, Grifilde min, quod he, Be now no more agast, ne evil apaid, I have thy faith and thy benignitee, As wel as ever woman was, affaid In gret estat, and pourelich arraid: Now know I, dere wif, thy ftedefastnesse, And hire in armes toke, and gan to keffe.

And she for wonder toke of it no kepe; She herde not what thing he to hire faid: She ferde as she had stert out of a slepe, Til she out of hire masednesse abraid. Grifilde, quod he, by God that for us deid, Thou art my wif, non other I ne have, Ne never had, as God my foule fave.

8940

This is thy doughter, which thou haft supposed To be my wif; that other faithfully Shal be min heir, as I have ay disposed; Thou bare hem of thy body trewely: At Boloigne have I kept hem prively: Take hem agen, for now maift thou not fay, That thou hast lorn non of thy children tway.

And

And folk, that otherwise han said of me,
I warne hem wel, that I have don this dede
For no malice, ne for no crueltee,
But for to assay in thee thy womanhede:
And not to slee my children (God forbede)
But for to kepe hem prively and still,
Til I thy purpos knew, and all thy will.

Whan she this herd as woune down she falleth
For pitous joye, and after hire swouning
She both hire yonge children to hire calleth,
And in hire armes pitously weping
Embraceth hem, and tendrely kissing
Ful like a moder with hire salte teres
She bathed both hir visage and hir heres.

O, which a pitous thing it was to fee Hire fwouning, and hire humble vois to here! Grand mercy, lord, God thank it you (quod she) That ye han saved me my children dere: Now rekke I never to be ded right here, Sin I stond in your love, and in your grace, No force of deth, ne whan my spirit pace.

O tendre, o dere, o yonge children mine, Your woful mother wened stedfastly,

8970 That-

#### 48 THE CLERKES TALE.

That cruel houndes, or fom foul vermine
Had eten you; but God of his mercy,
And your benigne fader tendrely
Hath don you kepe: and in that fame found
Al fodenly she swapt adoun to ground.

And in hire fwough fo fadly holdeth she
Hire children two, whan she gan hem embrace,
That with gret sleight and gret difficultee
The children from hire arm they gan arrace:
O! many a tere on many a pitous face
8980
Doun ran of hem that stoden hire beside,
Unnethe abouten hire might they abide.

Walter hire gladeth, and hire forwe flaketh, She rifeth up abashed from hire trance, And every wight hire joye and seste maketh, Til she hath caught agen hire contenance. Walter hire doth so faithfully plesance, That it was deintee for to seen the chere Betwix hem two, fin they ben met in sere.

Thise ladies, whan that they hir time sey, 8990
Han taken hire, and into chambre gon,
And stripen hire out of hire rude arrey,
And in a cloth of gold that brighte shone,
With a coroune of many a riche stone

Upon

Upon hire hed, they into hall hire broughte: And ther she was honoured as hire ought.

Thus hath this pitous day a blisful end;
For every man, and woman, doth his might
This day in mirth and revel to dispend,
Til on the welkin shone the sterres bright:
For more solempne in every mannes sight
This seste was, and greter of costage,
Than was the revel of hire mariage.

Ful many a yere in high prosperitee
Liven thise two in concord and in rest,
And richely his doughter maried he
Unto a lord, on of the worthiest
Of all Itaille, and than in pees and rest
His wives fader in his court he kepeth,
Til that the soule out of his body crepeth.

His sone succedeth in his heritage,
In rest and pees, after his fadres day:
And fortunat was eke in mariage,
Al put he not his wif in gret assay:
This world is not so strong, it is no nay,
As it hath ben in olde times yore,
And herkneth, what this auctour saith thereore.
Vol. II.

# THE CLERKES TALE.

This flory is faid, not for that wives shuld Folwe Grifilde, as in humilitee,
For it were importable, tho they wold;
But for that every wight in his degree
Shulde be constant in adversitee,
As was Grifilde, therfore Petrark writeth
This storie, which with high stile he enditeth.

For fith a woman was so patient
Unto a mortal man, wel more we ought
Receiven all in gree that God us sent.
For gret skill is he preve that he wrought:
But he ne tempteth no man that he bought,
As saith seint Jame, if ye his pistell rede;
9030
He preveth folk al day, it is no drede.

And fuffreth us, as for our exercise,
With sharpe scourges of adversitee,
Ful often to be bete in sondry wise;
Not for to know our will, for certes he
Or we were borne, knew all our freeletee;
And for our best is all his governance;
Let us than live in vertuous suffrance.

But o word, lordings, herkeneth, or I go: It were ful hard to finden now adayes

9040

In

In all a toun Grifildes three or two:

For if that they were put to swiche affayes,

The gold of hem hath now so bad alayes

With bras, that though the coine be faire at eye,

It wolde rather brast atwo than plie.

For which here, for the wives love of Bathe,
Whos lif and al hire fecte God maintene
In high maistrie, and elles were it scathe,
I wol with lusty herte fresshe and grene,
Say you a song to gladen you, I wene:

9050
And let us stint of ernestful matere.
Herkneth my song, that saith in this manere.

Grifilde is ded, and eke hire patience, And both at ones buried in Itaille: For which I crie in open audience, No wedded man so hardy be to assaille His wives patience, in trust to find Grifildes, for in certain he shal faille.

O noble wives, ful of high prudence,

Let non humilitee your tonges naile:

Ne let no clerk have cause or diligence

To write of you a storie of swiche mervaille,

As of Grissildis patient and kinde,

Lest Chichevache you swalwe in hire entraille.

E 2 Folweth

Folweth ecco, that holdeth no filence, But ever answereth at the countretaille: Beth not bedaffed for your innocence, But sharply taketh on you the governaille: Emprenteth wel this leffon in your minde, For comun profit, fith it may availle.

9070

Ye archewives, stondeth ay at defence, Sin ye be strong, as is a gret camaille, Ne fuffreth not, that men do you offence. And sclendre wives, feble as in bataille, Beth egre as is a tigre youd in Inde; Ay clappeth as a mill, I you counfaille.

Ne drede hem not, doth hem no reverence, For though thin husbond armed be in maille, The arwes of thy crabbed eloquence Shal perce his breft, and eke his aventaille: 9080 In jaloufie I rede eke thou him binde, And thou shalt make him couche as doth a quaille.

If thou be faire, ther folk ben in presence Shew thou thy vifage, and thin apparaille: If thou be foule, be free of thy dispence, To get thee frendes ay do thy travaille: Be ay of chere as light as lefe on linde, And let him care, and wepe, and wringe, and waille. 118000 3

THE

### THE MARCHANTES PROLOGUE. 53

Into the herte, no copie is no mane

#### THE MARCHANTES PROLOGUE.

Weping and wailing, care and other forwe
I have ynough, on even and on morwe,
Quod the marchant, and so have other mo,
That wedded ben; I trowe that it be so:
For wel I wot it fareth so by me,
I have a wif, the werste that may be,
For though the fend to hire yeoupled were,
She wolde him overmatche I dare wel swere.
What shulde I you reherse in special
Hire high malice? she is a shrew at al.

Ther is a long and a large difference

Betwix Grifildes grete patience,

And of my wife the paffing crueltee.

Were I unbounden, all fo mote I the,

I wolde never eft comen in the fnare.

We wedded men live in forwe and care,

Affay it who fo wol, and he shal finde

That I say soth, by seint Thomas of Inde,

As for the more part, I say not alle;

God shilde that it shulde so befalle,

A good fire hofte, I have ywedded be
Thise monethes two, and more not parde; 9110
And yet I trowe that he, that all his lif
Wisles hath ben, though that men wolde him rife

E 3

Into

### 54 THE MARCHANTES PROLOGUE.

Into the herte, ne coude in no manere Tellen so much forwe, as I you here Coud tellen of my wives curfednesse.

Now, quod our hofte, marchant, fo God you bleffe, Sin ye so mochel knowen of that art, Ful hertely I pray you tell us part.

Gladly, quod he, but of min owen fore For fory herte I tellen may no more.

# THE MARCHANTES TALE.

WHILOM ther was dwelling in Lumbardie A worthy knight, that born was at Pavic, In which he lived in gret prosperitee; And fixty yere a wifles man was he, And folwed ay his bodily delit On women, ther as was his appetit, As don thise fooles that ben seculere. And whan that he was passed fixty yere, Were it for holinesse or for dotage, I cannot fain, but swiche a gret corage 0130 Hadde this knight to ben a wedded man, That day and night he doth all that he can To espien, wher that he might wedded be; Praying our lord to granten him, that he Mighte ones knowen of that blisful lif, That is betwix an husbond and his wif,

And

And for to live under that holy bond,
With which God firste man and woman bond.
Non other lif (said he) is worth a bene:
For wedlok is so esy and so clene,
That in this world it is a paradise.
Thus saith this olde knight, that was so wife.

And certainly, as foth as God is king, To take a wif, it is a glorious thing, and in the And namely whan a man is old and hore, Than is a wif the fruit of his trefore; Than shuld he take a yong wif and a faire, On which he might engendren him an heire, And lede his lif in joye and in folas, Wheras thise bachelers fingen alas, 10 0 9150 Whan that they finde any advertitee and the same In love, which n'is but childish vanitee. And trewely it fit wel to be for a said and low That bachelers have often peine and wo: On brotel ground they bilde, and brotelnesse They finden, whan they wenen fikernesse: They live but as a bird or as a beste, a see and In libertee and under non arefte, Ther as a wedded man in his effat (1) at 11 A Liveth a lif blisful and ordinat, y man rolling 9160 Under the yoke of mariage ybound: Wel may his herte in joye and bliffe abound.

E 4

For

For who can be so buxom as a wis?

Who is so trewe and eke so ententis

To kepe him, sike and hole, as is his make?

For wele or wo she n'ill him not forsake:

She n'is not wery him to love and serve,

Though that he lie bedrede til that he sterve.

And yet fom clerkes fain, it is not fo,

Of which he Theophraft is on of the:

9170

What force though Theophraft lift for to lie?

Ne take no wif, quod he, for husbondrie,
As for to spare in houshold thy dispence:
A trewe servant doth more diligence
Thy good to kepe, than doth thin owen wif,
For she wol claimen half part al hire lif.
And if that thou be sike, so God me save,
Thy veray frendes or a trewe knave
Wol kepe thee bet than she, that waiteth ay
After thy good, and hath don many a day. 9180

This fentence, and an hundred thinges werse
Writeth this man ther God his bones curse.
But take no kepe of al swiche vanitee,
Desieth Theophrast, and herkeneth me.

A wif is Goddes yefte veraily;
All other maner yeftes hardely,
As londes, rentes, pasture, or commune,
Or mebles, all ben yestes of fortune,

That

That passen as a shadow on the wall:
But drede thou not, if plainly speke I shal, 9190
A wif wol last and in thin hous endure,
Wel lenger than thee list paraventure.

Mariage is a ful gret facrament;
He which that hath no wif I hold him shent;
He liveth helples, and all desolat:
(I speke of folk in seculer estat)
And herkneth why, I say not this for nought,
That woman is for mannes helpe ywrought.
The highe God, whan he had Adam maked,
And saw him al alone belly naked,
God of his grete goodnesse saide than,
Let us now make an helpe unto this man
Like to himself, and than he made him Eve.

Here may ye see, and hereby may ye preve,
That a wif is mannes helpe and his comfort,
His paradis terrestre and his disport:
So buxom and so vertuous is she,
They mosten nedes live in unitee:
O slesh they ben, and o slesh, as I gesse,
Hath but on herte in wele and in distresse.

A wif? a! feinte Marie, benedicite, How might a man have any advertite That hath a wif? certes I cannot seye. The bliffe the which that is betwix hem tweye

Ther \*

Ther may no tonge telle or herte thinke.

If he be poure, she helpeth him to swinke;

She kepeth his good, and wasteth never a del;

All that hire husbond doth, hire liketh wel;

She saith not ones nay, whan he saith ye;

Do this, saith he; al redy, sire, saith she.

O blisful ordre, o wedlok precious,
Thou art so mery, and eke so vertuous,
And so commended, and approved eke,
That every man that holt him worth a leke,
Upon his bare knees ought all his lif
Thanken his God, that him hath sent a wif,
Or elles pray to God him for to send
A wif, to last unto his lives end.
For than his lif is set in sikernesse,
He may not be deceived, as I gesse,
So that he werche after his wives rede;
Than may he boldly beren up his hede,
They ben so trewe, and therwithal so wise.
For which, if thou wilt werchen as the wise,
Do alway so, as women wol thee rede.

By good conseil of his mother Rebekke
Bounde the kiddes skin about his nekke;
For which his fadres benison he wan.

Lo Judith, as the storie eke tell can, 9240

By

By good conseil she Goddes peple kept,
And slow him Holosernes while he slept.

Lo Abigail, by good confeil how she
Saved hire husbond Nabal, whan that he
Shuld han be slain. And loke, Hester also
By good confeil delivered out of wo
The peple of God, and made him Mardochee
Of Assure enhanced for to be.

Ther n'is no thing in gree superlatif
(As saith Senek) above an humble wif.

Suffer thy wives tonge, as Caton bit,
She shal command, and thou shalt suffren it,
And yet she wol obey of curtesie.

A wif is keper of thin husbondrie:

Wel may the sike man bewaile and wepe,

Ther as ther is no wif the hous to kepe.

I warne thee, if wisely thou wilt werche,

Love wel thy wif, as Crist loveth his cherche:

If thou lovest thyself, love thou thy wif.

No man hateth his sless, but in his lif

9260

He fostreth it, and therfore bid I thee

Cherish thy wif, or thou shalt never the.

Husbond and wif, what so men jape or play,

Of worldly folk holden the siker way:

They ben so knit, ther may non harm betide,

And namely upon the wives side.

For.

For which this January, of whom I told,
Confidered hath within his dayes old
The lufty lif, the vertuous quiete,
That is in mariage hony-fwete.

And for his frendes on a day he fent
To tellen hem th' effect of his entent.

With face fad, his tale he hath hem told: He fayde, frendes, I am hore and old, And almost (God wot) on my pittes brinke, Upon my foule fomwhat most I thinke. I have my body folily dispended, Bleffed be God that it shal ben amended: For I wol ben certain a wedded man, And that anon in all the haft I can. Unto for maiden, faire and tendre of age, I pray you shapeth for my mariage All fodenly, for I wol not abide: And I wol fonde to espien on my fide, To whom I may be wedded haftily. But for as moche as ye ben more than I, Ye shullen rather swiche a thing espien Than I, and wher me beste were to allien.

But o thing warn I you, my frendes dere,
I wol non old wif han in no manere:
9290
She shal not passen twenty yere certain.
Old fish and yonge slesh wold I have fain.

Bet

Bet is (quod he) a pike than a pikerel,
And bet than old beef is the tendre veel.

I wol no woman thirty yere of age,
It is but beneftraw and gret forage.
And eke thise olde widewes (God it wote)
They connen so moch crast on Wades bote,
So mochel broken harm whan that hem lest,
That with hem shuld I never live in rest.

For sondry scoles maken subtil clerkes;
Woman of many scoles half a clerk is.
But certainly, a yong thing men may gie,
Right as men may warm wax with handes plie.
Wherfore I say you plainly in a clause,
I wol non old wif han right for this cause.

For if so were I hadde swiche meschance,
That I in hire ne coude have no plesance,
Than shuld I lede my lif in avoutrie,
And so streight to the devil whan I die.

Ne children shuld I non upon hire geten:
Yet were me lever houndes had me eten,
Than that min heritage shulde fall
In straunge hondes: and this I tell you all.
I dote not, I wot the cause why
Men shulden wedde: and surthermore wot I,
Ther speketh many a man of mariage,
That wot no more of it than wot my page,

For \*

For which causes a man shuld take a wif. If he ne may not liven chaft his lif, Take him a wif with gret devotion, Because of leful procreation Of children, to the honour of God above, And not only for paramour or love; And for they shulden lecherie eschue. And yeld hir dette whan that it is due: Or for that eche of hem shuld helpen other In meschese, as a sufter shal the brother. And live in chaffitee ful holily.

But, fires, (by your leve) that am not I, 9330 For God be thanked, I dare make avaunt, I fele my limmes flark and fuffisant To don all that a man belongeth to: I wot myselven best what I may do. Though I be hoor, I fare as doth a tre, That blofmeth er the fruit ywoxen be; The bloimy tre n'is neither drie ne ded: I fele me no wher hoor but on my hed. Min herte and all my limmes ben as grene, As laurer thurgh the yere is for to fene. And fin that ye han herd all min entent, I pray you to my will ye wolde affent.

Diverse men diversely him told Of mariage many ensamples old;

Som

Som blamed it, fom praised it certain; But atte laste, shortly for to fain, (As all day falleth altercation, Betwixen frendes in disputison) Ther fell a ftrif betwix his brethren two, Of which that on was cleped Placebo, 9350 Justinus fothly called was that other.

Placebo fayd; O January brother, Ful litel nede han ye, my lord fo dere, Confeil to aske of any that is here: But that ye ben so ful of sapience, That you ne liketh for your high prudence, To weiven fro the word of Salomon. This word fayd he unto us everich on: Werke alle thing by confeil, thus fayd he, And than ne shalt thou not repenten thee. 9360 But though that Salomon spake swiche a word. Min owen dere brother and my lord, So wifly God my foule bringe at reft, I hold your owen confeil is the best.

For, brother min, take of me this motif, I have now ben a court-man all my lif, And God it wot, though I unworthy be, I have stonden in ful gret degree Abouten lordes of ful high eftat: Yet had I never with non of hem debat, 9370 VOL. II. F. 8

never

I never hem contraried trewely. I wot wel that my lord can more than I; What that he faith, I hold it firme and stable. I fay the fame, or elles thing femblable. A ful gret fool is any conseillour, That ferveth any lord of high honour, That dare presume, or ones thinken it, That his confeil shuld passe his lordes wit. Nay, lordes be no fooles by my fay. Ye han yourselven shewed here to-day 9380 So high fentence, fo holily, and wel, That I consent, and confirme every del Your wordes all, and your opinioun. By God ther n'is no man in all this toun Ne in Itaille, coud bet han yizyd: Crift holt him of this confeil wel appaid. And trewely it is an high corage Of any man that stopen is in age, To take a young wif, by my fader kin: Your herte hongeth on a joly pin.

Doth now in this matere right as you lest, For finally I hold it for the best.

Justinus, that ay stille sat and herd, Right in this wise he to Placebo answerd. Now, brother min, be patient I pray, Sin ye han said, and herkneth what I say.

Senek

Senek among his other wordes wife Saith, that a man ought him right well avife, To whom he yeveth his lond or his catel. And fith I ought avifen me right wel, To whom I yeve my good away fro me, Wel more I ought avifen me, parde, To whom I yeve my body: for alway I warne you wel it is no childes play To take a wif without avisement. Men must enqueren (this is min affent) Wheder she he wife and sobre, or dronkelewe Or proud, or elles other waies a fhrew, A chidefter, or a waster of thy good, Or riche or poure, or elles a man is wood Al be it so, that no man finden shal Non in this world, that trotteth hol in al, Ne man, ne beste, swiche as men can devise, But natheles it ought ynough fuffice With any wif, if so were that she had Mo goode thewes, than hire vices bad: And all this axeth leifer to enquere. For God it wot, I have wept many a tere Ful prively, fin that I had a wif. Praise who so wol a wedded mannes lif. Certain I find in it but cost and care, And observances of alle blisses bare. Vol. II.

And yet, God wot, my neighebours aboute, And namely of women many a route, Sain that I have the moste stedefast wif, And eke the mekest on that bereth lif. But I wot best, wher wringeth me my sho. Ye may for me right as you liketh do. Aviseth you, ye ben a man of age, How that ye entren into mariage 9430 And namely with a yong wif and a faire. By him that made water, fire, erthe, and aire The yongest man, that is in all this route, Is bely ynow to bringen it aboute To han his wif alone, trufteth me: Ye shul not plesen hire fully yeres three, This is to fain, to don hire ful plefance. A wif axeth ful many an observance. I pray you that ye be not evil appaid. Wel, quod this January, and hast thou saide? 9440 Straw for Senek, and straw for thy proverbes,

Wel, quod this January, and hast thou saide? 94
Straw for Senek, and straw for thy proverbes,
I counte not a panier ful of herbes
Of scole termes; wifer men than thou,
As thou hast herd, assented here right now
To my purpos: Placebo, what saye ye?

I fay it is a curfed man, quod he,

That letteth matrimoine fikerly.

And with that word they rifen fodenly,

baA

And

And ben affented fully, that he sholde Be wedded whan him list, and wher he wolde. 9450 High fantasie and curious besinesse

Fro day to day gan in the foule empresse Of January about his mariage. Many a faire shap, and many a faire visage Ther passeth thurgh his herte night by night As who fo toke a mirrour polished bright, And fet it in a comune market place, Than shuld he see many a figure pace By his mirrour, and in the fame wife Gan January in with his thought devise 9460 Of maidens, which that dwelten him beside: He wiste not wher that he might abide, For if that on have beautee in hire face, Another front fo in the peples grace managed , 1 For hire sadnesse and hire benignitee, That of the peple the gretest vois hath she: And fom were riche and hadden a bad name: But natheles, betwix ernest and game, He at the last appointed him on on,

And let all other from his herte gon,
And chees hire of his owen auctoritee,
For love is blind all day, and may not fee,
And whan that he was in his bed ybrought,
He purtreied in his herte and in his thought

doi: N

2

Hire

Hire freshe beautee, and hire age tendre,
Hire middel smal, hire armes long and sclendre,
Hire wise governance, hire gentillesse,
Hire womanly bering, and hire sadnesse.

And whan that he on hire was condescended,
Him thought his chois it might not ben amended;
For whan that he himself concluded had, 9481
Him thought eche other mannes wit so bad,
That impossible it were to replie
Again his chois; this was his fantasse.

His frendes fent he to, at his inftance,
And praied hem to don him that plefance,
That haftily they wolden to him come;
He wolde abregge hir labour all and fome:
Neded no more to hem to go ne ride,
He was appointed ther he wolde abide.

9490

Placebo came, and eke his frendes fone,
And alderfirst he bade hem all a bone,
That non of hem non argumentes make
Again the purpos that he hath ytake:
Which purpos was plesant to God (said he)
And veray ground of his prosperitee.

He faid, ther was a maiden in the toun,
Which that of beautee hadde gret renoun,
Al were it so, she were of smal degree,
Sufficeth him hire youth and hire beautee: 9500
Which

Which maid (he faid) he wold han to his wif
To lede in ese and holinesse his life:
And thanked God, that he might han hire all,
That no wight with his blisse parten shall:
And praied hem to labour in this nede,
And shapen that he faille not to spede.
For than, he sayd, his spirit was at ese;
Than is (quod he) nothing may me displese,
Save o thing pricketh in my conscience,
The which I wol reherse in your presence.

I have (quod he) herd faid ful yore ago, Ther may no man han parfite bliffes two, This is to fay, in erthe and eke in heven. For though he kepe him fro the finnes feven, And eke from every branch of thilke tree, Yet is ther fo parfit felicitee, And so gret ese and lust in mariage, That ever I am agast now in min age, That I shal leden now so mery a lif, So delicat, withouten wo or strif, 9520 That I shal han min heven in erthe here. For fin that veray heven is bought fo dere With tribulation and gret penance, How shuld I than, living in swiche plesance As alle wedded men don with hir wives, Come to the bliffe, ther Crift eterne on live is?

F 3

This

This is my drede, and ye, my brethren tweie,

Justinus, which that hated his folie, Answerd anon right in his japerie; And for he wold his longe tale abrege, He wolde non auctoritee allege, But fayde, fire, fo ther be non obstacle Other than this, God of his hie miracle, a men'? And of his mercy may fo for you werche, That er ye have your rights of holy cherche, Ye may repent of wedded mannes lif, In which ye fain ther is no wo ne strif: And elles God forbede, but if he fent A wedded man his grace him to repent Wel often, rather than a fingle man. And therfore, fire, the best rede that I can, Despeire you not, but haveth in memorie, Paraventure she may be your purgatorie; She may be Goddes mene and Goddes whippe; Than shal your soule up unto heven skippe Swifter than doth an arow of a bow. I hope to God hereafter ye shal know. That ther n'is non fo gret felicitee In mariage, ne never more shal be, That you shal let of your falvation, So that ye use, as skill is and reson,

The

The lustes of your wif attemprely,
And that ye plese hire nat to amorously:
And that ye kepe you eke from other sinne.
My tale is don, for my wit is but thinne.
Beth not agast hereof, my brother dere,
But let us waden out of this matere.
The wif of Bathe, if ye han understond,
Of mariage, which ye now han in hond,
Of mariage, which ye now han in hond,
Declared hath ful wel in litel space:
Fareth now wel, God have you in his grace.

And with this word this Justine and his brother. Han take hir leve, and eche of hem of other. And whan they faw that it must nedes be, They wroughten fo by fleighte and wife tretee, That she this maiden, which that Maius hight, As hastily as ever that she might, Shal wedded be unto this January, I trow it were to longe you to tary, 9570 If I you told of every script and bond, By which that she was feoffed in his lond; Or for to rekken of hire rich array. But finally ycomen is the day, That to the chirche bothe ben they went, For to receive the holy facrament. Forth cometh the preeft, with stole about his nekke, And bade hire be like Sara and Rebekke,

F 4

In-

In wisdome and in trouthe of mariage:

And sayd his orisons, as is usage,

And crouched hem, and bade God shuld hem blesse,

And made all siker ynow with holinesse.

Thus ben they wedded with folempnitee; And at the feste sitteth he and she With other worthy folk upon the deis. Al ful of joye and bliffe is the paleis, And ful of instruments, and of vitaille, The moste deinteous of all Itaille. Beforn hem stood swiche instruments of soun. That Orpheus, ne of Thebes Amphion, Ne maden never swiche a melodie. At every cours in came loude minstralcie, That never Joab tromped for to here, Ne he Theodomas yet half to clere At Thebes, whan the citee was in doute. Bacchus the win hem skinketh al aboute, And Venus laugheth upon every wight, (For January was become hire knight, And wolde bothe affaien his corage In libertee, and eke in mariage) And with hire firebrond in hire hond aboute Danceth before the bride and all the route. And certainly I dare right wel fay this, Ymeneus, that God of wedding is,

Saw never his lif so mery a wedded man.

Hold thou thy pees, thou poet Marcian,

That writest us that ilke wedding mery

Of hire Philologie and him Mercurie,

And of the songes that the Muses songe:

To smal is both thy pen and eke thy tonge 96 to

For to descriven of this mariage.

Whan tendre youth hath wedded stouping age,

Ther is swiche mirth that it may not be writen;

Assaieth it yourself, than may ye witen

If that I lie or non in this matere.

Maius, that fit with so benigne a chere,
Hire to behold it seemed faerie,
Quene Hester loked never with swiche an eye
On Assure, so make a look hath she,
I may you not devise all hire beautee;
But thus moch of hire beautee tell I may,
That she was like the brighte morwe of May
Fulfilled of all beautee, and plesance.

This January is ravished in a trance,
At every time he loketh in hire face,
But in his herte he gan hire to manace,
That he that night in armes wold hire streine
Harder than ever Paris did Heleine.
But natheles yet had he gret pitee
That thilke night offenden hire must he,

9630 And-

And thought, alas, o tendre creature,

Now wolde God ye mighten wel endure

All my corage, it is fo sharpe and kene;

I am agast ye shal it nat sustene.

But God forbede, that I did all my might.

Now wolde God that it were waxen night,

And that the night wold lasten ever mo.

I wold that all this peple were ago.

And finally he doth all his labour,

As he best mighte, saving his honour,

7640

To haste hem fro the mete in subtil wise.

The time came that reson was to rise,
And after that men dance, and drinken fast,
And spices all about the hous they cast,
And sul of joye and blisse is every man,
All but a squier, that highte Damian,
Which carf beforn the knight sul many a day:
He was so ravisht on his lady May,
That for the veray peine he was nie wood;
Almost he swelt, and swouned ther he stood: 9650
So fore hath Venus hurt him with hire brond,
As that she bare it dancing in hire hond.
And to his bed he went him hastily;
No more of him as at this time speke I;
But ther I let him wepe ynow and plaine,
Til freshe May wol rewen on his peine.

MAK

O peri-

O perilous fire, that in the bedftraw bredeth! O famuler fo, that his service bedeth! O fervant traitour, false of holy hewe, Like to the nedder in bosom flie untrewe, 6660 God shelde us alle from your acquaintance! O January, dronken in plefance Of mariage, fee how thy Damian, Thin owen fquier and thy boren man, Entendeth for to do thee vilanie: God grante thee thin homly fo to espie. For in this world n'is werse pestilence, Than homly fo, all day in thy presence.

Parformed hath the fonne his arke diurne, No longer may the body of him fojourne 9670 On the orifont, as in that latitude: Night with his mantel, that is derke and rude, Gan oversprede the Hemisperie aboute: For which departed is this lufty route Fro January, with thank on every fide. Home to hir houses lustily they ride, Ther as they don hir thinges, as hem left, And whan they faw hir time gon to reft.

Sone after that this hastif January Wol go to bed, he wol no longer tary. He drinketh Ipocras, clarre, and vernage Of spices hot, to encresen his corage:

And

And many a letuarie had he ful fine,

Swiche as the curfed monk dan Constantine

Hath written in his book de Coitu;

To ete hem all he wolde nothing eschue:

And to his privee frendes thus sayd he:

For Goddes love, as sone as it may be, Let voiden all this hous in curteis wise. And they han don right as he wol devise. 9690

Men drinken, and the travers drawe anon; The bride is brought a-bed as still as ston: And whan the bed was with the preeft ybleffed, Out of the chambre hath every wight him dreffed, And January hath fast in armes take His freshe May, his paradis, his make. He lulleth hire, he kiffeth hire ful oft; With thicke briftles of his berd unfoft, Like to the skin of houndash, sharp as brere, (For he was shave al newe in his manere) 9700 He rubbeth hire upon hire tendre face, And fayde thus; Alas! I mote trespace To you, my spouse, and you gretly offend, Or time come that I wol down defcend, But natheles confidereth this, (quod he) Ther n'is no werkman, whatfoever he be, That may both werken wel and haftily: This wol be don at leifer parfitly.

bnA

It is no force how longe that we play;
In trewe wedlok coupled be we tway;
And blessed be the yoke that we ben inne,
For in our actes may ther be no finne.
A man may do no finne with his wif,
Ne hurt himselven with his owen knif:
For we have leve to play us by the lawe.

Thus laboureth he, til that the day gan dawe. And than he taketh a fop in fine clarre, O val And upright in his bed than fitteth he. And after that he fang ful loud and clere, woll And kift his wif, and maketh wanton chere. 0720 He was al coltish, ful of ragerie, and posts head? And ful of jergon, as a flecked pie. The flacke fkin about his necke shaketh, While that he fang, to chanteth he and craketh. But God wot what that May thought in hire herte. Whan she him faw up fitting in his sherte In his night cap, and with his necke lene She praifeth not his playing worth a bene. Than fayd he thus; my refte wol I take Now day is come, I may no lenger wake; 9730 And down he layd his hed and flept til prime. And afterward, whan that he faw his time, Up riseth January, but freshe May Held hire in chambre til the fourthe day, and I

As usage is of wives for the beste. and post of at at
For every labour somtime moste han reste,
Or elles longe may he not endure; si lessel bas
This is to fay, no lives creature, a suits and air a
Be it of fish, or brid, or best, or mans want nam A
Now wol I fpeke of woful Damian, 9746
That langureth for love, as ye shul here
Therfore I speke to him in this manere.
I fay, O fely Damian, alas! a strader of and bal
Answer to this demand, as in this cas,
How shalt thou to thy lady freshe May
Tellen thy wo? She wol alway fay nay;
Eke if thou speke, she wol thy wo bewrein j
God be thin help, I can no better fein. To lin hair.
This fike Damian in Venus fire and adoption
So brenneth, that he dieth for defire; 9750
For which he put his lif in aventure,
No lenger might he in this wife endure,
But prively a penner gan he borwe,
And in a lettre wrote he all his forwe,
In manere of a complaint or a lay, and boat many
Unto his faire freshe lady May
And in a purse of filk, heng on his sherte,
He hath it put, and layd it at his herte.
The mone that at none was thilke day and the
That January hath wedded freshe May 9760
Ini

In ten of Taure, was into Cancer gliden;
So long hath Maius in hire chambre abiden,
As custome is unto thise nobles alle.
A bride shal not eten in the halle,
Til dayes four or three dayes at the lefte
Ypassed ben, than let hire go to seste.
The fourthe day complete fro none to none,
Whan that the highe meffe was ydone,
In halle fat this January and May,
As fresh as is the brighte somers day.
And so befel, how that this goode man
Remembred him upon this Damian,
And fayde; Seinte Marie, how may it be, but
That Damian entendeth not to me?
Is he ay fike? or how may this betide?
His squiers, which that stoden ther beside, I
Excused him, because of his fiknesse, was all the land.
Which letted him to don his befineffe:
Non other cause mighte make him tary.
That me forthinketh, quod this January; 9780
He is a gentil squier by my trouthe,
If that he died, it were gret harme and routhe.
He is as wife, difcret, and as fecree,
As any man I wote of his degree,
And therto manly and eke fervifable, and all
And for to ben a thrifty man right able. down al
But a

But after mete as fone as ever I may
I wol myselfe visite him, and eke May,
To don him all the comfort that I can.
And for that word him blessed every man,
That of his bountee and his gentillesse
He wolde so comforten in siknesse
His squier, for it was a gentil dede.

Dame, quod this January, take good hede,
At after mete, ye with your women alle,
(Whan that ye ben in chambre out of this halle)
That all ye gon to fee this Damian:
Doth him disport, he is a gentil man,
And telleth him that I wol him visite,
Have I no thing but rested me a lite:
And spede you faste, for I wol abide
Til that ye slepen faste by my side.
And with that word he gan unto him calle
A squier, that was marshal of his halle,
And told him certain thinges that he wolde.

This freshe May bath streight him way wholde

This freshe May hath streight hire way yholde With all hire women unto Damian.

Doun by his beddes side sit she than,

Comforting him as goodly as she may.

This Damian, when that his time he say, 9810. In secree wise, his purse, and eke his bill, In which that he ywritten had his will,

Hath

Hath put into hire hond withouten more,
Save that he fiked wonder depe and fore,
And foftely to hire right thus fayd he;
Mercie, and that ye nat discover me:
For I am ded, if that this thing be kid.

This purse hath she in with hire bosome hid,
And went hire way; ye get no more of me;
But unto January ycome is she,
That on his beddes side sate sul soft.
He taketh hire, and kisseth hire sul oft:
And layd him down to slepe, and that anon.
She seined hire, as that she muste gon
Ther as ye wore that every wight mot nede;
And whan she of this bill hath taken hede,
She rent it all to cloutes at the last,
And in the privee softely it cast.

Who studieth now but faire freshe May?

Adoun by olde January she lay,

That slepte, til the cough hath him awaked:

Anon he prayd hire stripen hire al naked,

He wolde of hire, he said, have som plesance;

And said, hire clothes did him encombrance.

And she obeieth him, be hire lese or soth.

But lest that precious solk be with me wroth,

How that he wrought, I dare nat to you tell,

Or wheder hire thought it paradis or hell;

Vol. II.

G

But

But ther I let hem werken in hir wife Til evelong rang, and that they must arise. 9840 Were it by destince, or aventure, and real hand Were it by influence, or by nature, he has alread Or constellation, that in swiche estat The heven flood at that time fortunat, As for to put a bill of Venus werkes and may but A (For alle thing hath time, as fayn thise clerkes) To any woman for to get hire love, had and no stall? I cannot fay, but grete God above. That knoweth that non act is causeles, it bust but He deme of all, for I wol hold my pees. 9850 But foth is this, how that this freshe May Hath taken swiche impression that day Of pitee on this fike Damian, to be of the sti store out? That fro hire herte fhe ne driven can be all all bala The remembrance for to don him efe. Certain (thought she) whom that this thing displese I rekke not, for here I him affure, it is a gold to I'l To love him best of any creature, by any month Though he no more hadde than his sherte. Lo, pitee renneth fone in gentil herte. 0860

Lo, pitce renneth sone in gentil herte. 9860

Here may ye seen, how excellent franchise
In women is whan they hem narwe avise.

Som tyraunt is, as ther ben many on,
That hath an herte as hard as any ston,

Which

Which wold han lette him sterven in the place.
Wel rather than han granted him hire grace:
And hem rejoycen in hir cruel pride,
And rekken not to ben an homicide.

This gentil May; fulfilled of pitce,
Right of hire hand a lettre maketh she,
In which she granteth him hire versy grace;
Ther lacked nought, but only day and place,
Wher that she might unto his lust suffice:
For it shal be, right as he wol devise.

And whan the faw hite time upon a day
To visiten this Damian goth this May,
And sotilly this lettre down the threst
Under his pilwe, rede it if him lest.
She taketh him by the hond, and hard him twist
So secretly, that no wight of it wist,
And bade him ben all hol, and forth she went
To January, whan he for hire sent.

Up riseth Damian the nexte morwe,
Al passed was his siknesse and his sorwe.
He kembeth him, he proincth him and piketh,
He doth all that his lady lust and liketh;
And eke to January he goth as lowe,
As ever did a dogge for the bowe.
He is so plesant unto every man,
(For craft is all, who so that don it can)

9890 That "

G 2

That every wight is fain to speke him good; And fully in his ladies grace he flood. Thus let I Damian about his nede. And in my tale forth I wol procede. Som clerkes holden that felicitee A length of F. Stant in delit, and therfore certain he This noble January, with all his might In honest wise as longeth to a knight, Shope him to liven ful deliciously, and all the state of His houfing, his array, as honeftly To his degree was maked as a kinges, Amonges other of his honest thinges He had a gardin walled all with ston, So fayre a gardin wote I no wher non-For out of doute I veraily suppose, That he that wrote the Romant of the Rofe, Ne coude of it the beautee wel devise: Ne Priapus ne mighte not suffise, Though he be god of gardins, for to tell The beautee of the gardin, and the well, 99 to That flood under a laurer alway grene. Ful often time he Pluto and his quene Proferpina, and alle hir faerie, Disporten hem and maken melodie About that well, and daunced, as men told, This noble knight, this January the old

1817

Swiche.

Swiche deintee hath in it to walke and pley,
That he wol suffre no wight bere the key,
Sauf he himself, for of the smal wiket
He bare alway of silver a cliket,
With which whan that him list he it unshette.
And whan that he wold pay his wives dette
In somer seson thider wold he go,
And May his wif, and no wight but they two:
And thinges which that were not don a-bedde,
He in the gardin parsourmed hem and spedde.

And in this wife many a mery day
Lived this January and freshe May,
But worldly joye may not alway endure
To January, ne to no oreature.

O foden hap, o thou fortune unstable,
Like to the Scorpion so deceivable,
That flatrest with thy hed whan thou wolt sting;
Thy tayl is deth, thurgh thin enveniming.
O brotel joye, o swete poyson queinte,
O monstre, that so sotilly canst peinte
Thy giftes, under hewe of stedsastnesse,
That thou deceivest bothe more and lesse,
Why hast thou January thus deceived,
That haddest him for thy ful frend received? 9940
And now thou hast beraft him both his eyen,
For sorwe of which desireth he to dyen.

G 3

Alas 1

9930

Alas! this noble January free, and astrona addived Amidde his luft and his prosperitee Is waxen blind, and that al fodenly. He wepeth and he waileth pitoully; And therwithall, the fire of jalousie (Lest that his wif shuld fall in som folie) So brent his herte, that he wolde fain, That fom man had both him and hire yslain; 9950 For nother after his deth, ne in his lif, Ne wold he that she were no love ne wif, But ever live as a widewe in clothes blake, Sole as the turtle that hath loft hire make. But at the last, after a moneth or tway His forwe gan affwagen, foth to fay. For whan he wist it might non other he, He patiently toke his advertitee: Save out of doute he ne may nat forgon, That he n'as jalous eyer more in on: Which jaloufie it was fo outrageous, That neither in halle, ne in non other hous, Ne in non other place never the mo He n'olde fuffre hire for to ride or go, But if that he had honde on hire alway. For which ful often wepeth freshe May, That loveth Damian so brenningly, That she moste either dien sodenly,

Or elles she moste han him as hire lest : She waited whan hire herte wold to-breft. 9970

Upon that other fide Damian Thomas the Becomen is the forwefullest man That ever was, for neither night ne day Ne might he speke a word to freshe May, As to his purpos of no fwiche matere, But if that January must, it here, That had an hand upon hire evermo, But natheles, by writing to and fro, And privee fignes, wift he what the ment, And she knew eke the fin of his entent. 9980

O January, what might it thee availe, and and Though thou might feen, as fer as shippes saile? For as good is blind to deceived be, As be deceived, whan a man may fee. Lo Argus, which that had an hundred even. For all that ever he coude pore or prien, all all Yet was he blent, and, God wot, so ben mo. That wenen wifly that it be not fo: Passe over is an efe, I say no more.

This freshe May, of which I spake of yore, 9000 In warm wex hath enprented the cliket, That January bare of the fmal wiket, "101 By which into his gardin oft he went; sid and I And Damian that knew all hire entent 100 011

G 4

The

The cliket contrefeted prively;
Ther n'is no more to fay, but hastily
Som wonder by this cliket shal betide,
Which ye shul heren, if ye wol abide.

O noble Ovide, foth fayeft thou, God wote, What fleight is it if love be long and hote, 10000 That he n'ill find it out in som manere? By Pyramus and Thifbe may men lere; Though they were kept ful long and streit over all, They ben accorded, rowning thurgh a wall, Ther no wight coude han founden swiche a sleighte. But now to purpos; er that daies eighte Were passed of the month of Juil, befill, That January hath caught fo gret a will, Thurgh egging of his wif, him for to play In his gardin, and no wight but they tway, 10010 That in a morwe unto this May faid he; Rise up, my wif, my love, my lady free; The turtles vois is herd, myn owen fwete; The winter is gon, with all his raines wete. Come forth now with thin eyen columbine, Wel fairer ben thy brefts than ony wine. The gardin is enclosed all aboute; Come forth, my white spouse, for out of doute, Thou hast me wounded in myn herte, o wif: No fpot in thee n'as never in all thy lif, 10020 Come

Come forth, and let us taken our disport,
I chese thee for my wif and my comfort.
Swiche olde lewed wordes used he.
On Damian a figne made she,
That he shuld go before with his cliket.
This Damian hath opened the wiket,
And in he stert, and that in swiche manere,
That no wight might him neyther see ne here,
And still he sit under a bush. Anon
This January, as blind as is a ston,
With Maius in his hand, and no wight mo,
Into this freshe gardin is ago,
And clapped to the wiket sodenly,

Now, wif, quod he, here n'is but thou, and is.
That art the creature that I best love;
For by that lord that sit in heven above,
I hadde lever dien on a knif,
Than thee offenden, dere trewe wis.
For Goddes sake, thinke how I thee chees,
Not for no covetise douteles,
But only for the love I had to thee.
And though that I be old and may not see,
Beth to me trewe, and I wol tell you why;
Certes three thinges shal ye win therby;
First love of Crist, and to yourself honour,
And all min heritage, toun and tour.

I yeve

I yeve it you, maketh chartres as you lest:
This shal be don to-morwe er sonne rest,
So wisly God my soule bring to blisse;
I pray you on this covenant ye me kisse. 10050
And though that I be jalous, wite me nought;
Ye ben so depe enprented in my thought,
That whan that I consider your beautee,
And therwithall the unlikely elde of me,
I may not certes, though I shulde die,
Forbere to ben out of your compagnie
For veray love; this is withouten doute:
Now kisse me, wis, and let us rome aboute.

This freshe May, whan she thise wordes herd,
Benignely to January answerd,
But first and forward she began to wepe:
I have, quod she, a soule for to kepe
As wel as ye, and also min honour,
And of my withood thilke tendre flour,
Which that I have assured in your hond,
Whan that the preest to you my body bond:
Wherfore I wol answere in this manere,
With leve of you, myn owen lord so dere.

I pray to God that never daw that day,

That I ne sterve, as foule as woman may, 10070

If ever I do unto my kin that shame,

Or elles I empeire so my name,

That

That I be false; and if I do that lakke,
Do stripen me and put me in a sakke,
And in the nexte river do me drenche:
I am a gentil woman, and no wenche.
Why speke ye thus? but men ben ever untrewe,
And women han represe of you ay newe.
Ye con non other daliance, I leve,
But speke to us as of untrust and repreve. 10080

And with that word she saw wher Damian
Sat in the bush, and coughen she began;
And with hire singer a signe made she,
That Damian shuld climbe up on a tre,
That charged was with fruit, and up he went:
For veraily he knew all hire entent,
And every signe that she coude make,
Wel bet than January hire owen make.
For in a lettre she had told him all
Of this matere, how that he werken shall. 10090
And thus I let him sitting in the pery,
And January and May roming sul mery.

Bright was the day, and blew the firmament;
Phebus of gold his stremes down hath sent
To gladen every flour with his warmnesse;
He was that time in Geminis, I gesse,
But litel fro his declination
Of Cancer, Joves exaltation.

And

And so befell in that bright morwe tide,
That in the gardin, on the ferther side,
Pluto, that is the king of Faerie,
And many a ladie in his compagnie
Folwing his wif, the quene Proserpina,
Which that he ravisshed out of Ethna,
While that she gadred floures in the mede,
(In Claudian ye may the story rede,
How that hire in his grisely carte he sette)
This king of Faerie adoun him sette
Upon a benche of turves freshe and grene,
And right anon thus said he to his quene.

My wif, quod he, ther may no wight fay nay,
The experience so preveth it every day,
The treson which that woman doth to man.
Ten hundred thousand stories tell I can
Notable of your untrouth and brotelnesse.

O Salomon, richeft of all richeffe,
Fulfilled of fapience, and worldly glorie,
Ful worthy ben thy wordes to memorie
To every wight, that wit and refon can.
Thus praifeth he the bountee yet of man; 10126
Among a thousand men yet fond I on,
But of all women fond I never non.
Thus saith this king, that knewe your wikkednesse;
And Jesus, Filius Sirach, as I gesse,

He

He speketh of you but selden reverence. A wilde fire, a corrupt pestilence, So fall upon your bodies yet to-night: Ne see ye not this honourable knight? Because, alas! that he is blind and old, His owen man shal make him cokewold. 10130 Lo, wher he fit, the lechour, in the tree. Now wol I graunten of my majestee Unto this olde blinde worthy knight,1 That he shal have again his eyen fight, Whan that his wif wol don him vilanie; Than shal he knowen all hire harlotrie, Both in reprefe of hire and other mo.

Ye, fire, quod Proserpine, and wol ye so? Now by my modre Ceres foule I fwere, That I shal yeve hire suffisant answere, 10140 And alle women after for hire fake; That though they ben in any gilt ytake, With face bold they shul hemselve excuse, And bere hem down that wolden hem accuse. For lacke of answere, non of us shul dien. Al had ye feen a thing with bothe youre eyen, Yet shul we so visage it hardely, And wepe and fwere and chiden fubtilly, That ye shul ben as lewed as ben gees. What rekketh me of your auctoritees? 10150

I wote

I wote wel that this Jewe, this Salomon;
Fond of us women fooles many on:
But though that he ne fond no good woman;
Ther hath yfonden many an other man
Women ful good, and trewe, and vertuous;
Witnesse on hem that dwelte in Cristes hous;
With martyrdom they preved his constance.
The Romain gestes maken remembrance
Of many a versy trewe wif also.
But, fire, ne be not wroth, al be it so,
Though that he said he fond no good woman;
I pray you take the sentence of the man:
He ment thus, That in soverain bountee.
N'is non but God, no, nouther he ne she:

Ey, for the veray God that n'is but on,
What maken ye so moche of Salomon?
What though he made a temple, Goddes hous?
What though he riche were and glorious?
So made he eke a temple of false goddes,
How might he don a thing that more forbode is?
Parde as faire as ye his name emplastre,
He was a lechour, and an idolastre,
And in his elde he veray God forsoke.
And if that God ne hadde (as faith the boke)
Spared him for his fathers sake, he sholde
Han lost his regne rather than he wolde.

I sete

I fete nat of all the vilanie,

That he of women wrote, a boterflie.

I am a woman, nedes moste I speke,

Or swell unto that time min herte breke.

For sin he said that we ben jangleresses,

As ever mote I bronken hole my tresses,

I shal nat sparen for no curtosse

To speke him harm, that sayth us vilanie.

Dame, quod this Pluto, be no lenger wroth,
I yeve it up: but fin I fwore min oth,
That I wold graunten him his fight again,
My word fhal fland, that warne I you certain:
I am a king, it fit me not to lie.
And I, quod fhe, am quene of Faerie.

Hire answere she shal han I undertake,
Let us no more wordes of it make.
Forsoth, quod he, I wol you not contrary.

Now let us turne again to Japuary.

Now let us turne again to January,

That in the gardin with his faire May

Singeth wel merier than the popingay:

You love I best, and shal, and other non.

So long about the alleyes is he gon,
Til he was comen again to thilke pery,
Wher as this Damian fitteth ful mery
On high, among the freshe leves grene.

This freshe May, that is so bright and shene,

Gan.

Can for to fike, and faid; alas my fide!

Now, fire, quod she, for ought that may betide

I moste have of the peres that I see,

Or I moste die, so fore longeth me

To eten of the sinale peres grene:

Help for hire love that is of heven quene.

I tell you wel a woman in my plit

May have to fruit so gret an appetit,

10210

That she may dien, but she of it have.

Alas! quod he, that I n'adde here a knave,
That coude climbe, alas! alas! (quod he)
For I am blinde. Ye, fire, no force, quod she;
But wold ye vouchesauf for Goddes sake,
The pery in with your armes for to take,
(For wel I wot that ye mistrusten me)
Than wold I climben wel ynough, (quod she)
So I my fote might setten on your back.

Certes, faid he, therin shal be no lack, 10220 Might I you helpen mith min herte blood.

He stoupeth doun, and on his back she stood,
And caught hire by a twist, and up she goth.
(Ladies, I pray you that ye be not wroth,
I can nat glose, I am a rude man:)
And sodenly anon this Damian
Gan pullen up the smock, and in he throng.
And whan that Pluto saw this grete wrong,

To

To January he yaf again his fight,
And made him see as wel as ever he might.
And whan he thus had caught his fight again,
Ne was ther never man of thing so fain:
But on his wif his thought was ever mo.

Up to the tree he cast his eyen two,
And saw how Damian his wise had dressed
In swiche manere, it may not ben expressed,
But if I wolde speke uncurteisly.
And up he yas a roring and a cry,
As doth the mother whan the child shal die;
Out! helpe! alas! harow! he gan to cry; 10240
O stronge lady store, what does thou?

And she answered: sire, what aileth you?
Have patience and reson in your minde,
I have you holpen on both your eyen blinde.
Up peril of my soule, I shal nat lien,
As me was taught to helpen with your eyen,
Was nothing better for to make you see,
Than strogle with a man upon a tree:
God wot, I did it in sul good entent.

Strogle! quod he, ye, algate in it went. 10250 God yeve you both on shames deth to dien, He swived thee, I saw it with min eyen, And elles be I honged by the halfe.

Than is, quod she, my medicine al false. Vo L. II. H

For

For certainly, if that ye mighten fee, Ye wold not fay thise wordes unto me. Ye have fom glimfing, and no parsit fight.

I fee, quod he, as wel as ever I might, (Thanked be God) with both min eyen two, And by my feith me thought he did thee fo. 10260

Ye mase, ye masen, goode sire, quod she;
This thank have I for I have made you see:
Alas! quod she, that ever I was so kind.

Now, dame, quod he, let al passe out of mind: Come doun, my lese, and if I have missaid, God helpe me so, as I am evil appaid. But by my fadres soule, I wende have sein, How that this Damian had by thee lein, And that thy smock had lein upon his brest. 10269

Ye, fire, quod she, ye may wene as you lest:
But, sire, a man that waketh of his slepe,
He may not sodenly wel taken kepe
Upon a thing, ne seen it parsitly,
Til that he be adawed veraily.
Right so a man, that long hath blind ybe,
He may not sodenly so wel ysee,
First whan his sight is newe comen agein,
As he that hath a day or two ysein.
Til that your sight ysateled be a while,
Ther may sul many a sighte you begile.

10280 Beware Beware, I pray you, for by heven king
Ful many a man weneth to see a thing,
And it is all another than it semeth:
He which that misconceiveth oft misdemeth.

And with that word she lep down fro the tree.
This January who is glad but he?
He kisseth hire, and clippeth hire sul ost,
And on hire wombe he stroketh hire sul soft;
And to his paleis home he hath hire lad.
Now, goode men, I pray you to be glad.
Thus endeth here my tale of Januarie,
God blesse us, and his moder Seinte Marie.

## THE SQUIERES PROLOGUE.

By Goddes mercy, fayde oure Hoste tho,
Now swiche a wif I preie God kepe me fro.
Lo, swiche sleightes and subtilitees
In women ben'; for ay as besy as bees
Ben they us sely men for to deceive,
And from a sothe wol they ever weive.
By this Marchantes tale it preveth wel.
But natheles, as trewe as any stele,
I have a wif, though that she poure be;
But of hire tonge a labbing shrewe is she;
And yet she hath an hepe of vices mo.
Therof no sorce; let all swiche thinges go.

H 2

6.1

But

## 100 THE SQUIERES PROLOGUE.

But wete ye what? in conseil be it seyde,
Me reweth fore I am unto hire teyde;
For and I shulde rekene every vice,
Which that she hath, ywis I were to nice;
And cause why, it shulde reported be
And told to hire of som of this compagnie, 10310
(Of whom it nedeth not for to declare,
Sin women connen utter swiche chaffare)
And eke my wit sufficeth not therto
To tellen all; wherfore my tale is do.

Squier, come ner, if it youre wille be,
And fay fomwhat of love, for certes ye
Connen theron as moche as any man.
Nay, fire, quod he, but swiche thing as I can
With hertly wille, for I wol not rebelle
Agein youre lust, a tale wol I telle.

10320
Have me excused if I speke amis;
My wille is good; and lo, my tale is this,

## THE SQUIERES TALE.

AT Sarra, in the lond of Tartarie,
Ther dwelt a king that werreied Russie,
Thurgh which ther died many a doughty man:
This noble king was eleped Cambuscan,
Which in his time was of so gret renoun,
That ther n'as no wher in no regioun

So excellent a lord in alle thing:

Him lacked nought that longeth to a king,
As of the fecte of which that he was borne.

He kept his lay to which he was yfworne,
And therto he was hardy, wife, and riche,
And pitous and just, and alway yliche;
Trewe of his word, benigne and honourable;
Of his corage as any centre stable;
Yong, fresh, and strong, in armes desirous,
As any bacheler of all his hous.

A faire person he was, and fortunate
And kept alway so wel real estat,

That ther n'as no wher swiche another man,

This noble king, this Tartre Cambuscan, Hadde two sones by Elseta his wif, Of which the eldest sone highte Algarsis, That other was yeleped Camballo.

A doughter had this worthy king also,
That yongest was, and highte Canace:
But for to tellen you all hire beautee,
It lith not in my tonge, ne in my conning,
I dare not undertake so high a thing:
Min English eke is unsufficient,
It muste ben a Rethor excellent,
That coude his colours longing for that art,
If he shuld hire descriven ony part:

H 3

I am

# 102 THE SQUIERES TALE.

I am non swiche, I mote speke as I can.

And so befell, that whan this Cambuscan
Hath twenty winter borne his diademe,
As he was wont fro yere to yere I deme,
He let the sesse of his nativitee
Don crien, thurghout Sarra his citee,

The last Idus of March, after the yere.

Phebus the fonne ful jolif was and clere,
For he was nigh his exaltation
In Martes face, and in his mansion
In Aries, the colerike hote signe:
Ful lusty was the wether and benigne,
For which the foules again the sonne shene,
What for the seson and the yonge grene,
Ful loude songen hir affections:
Hem semed han getten hem protections
Again the swerd of winter kene and cold.

This Cambuscan, of which I have you told, In real vestiments, sit on his deis With diademe, ful high in his paleis; And holt his feste so solempne and so riche, That in this world ne was ther non it liche. Of which if I shal tellen all the array, Than wold it occupie a somers day; And eke it nedeth not for to devise At every cours the order of hir service,

I wol

wol not tellen of hir strange sewes,
Ne of hir swannes, ne hir heronsewes.
Eke in that lond, as tellen knightes old,
Ther is som mete that is ful deintee hold,
That in this lond men recche of it ful smal:
Ther n'is no man that may reporten al.
I wol not tarien you, for it is prime,
And for it is no fruit, but losse of time,
Unto my purpose I wol have recours.

And so befell that after the thridde cours 10390 While that this king sit thus in his nobley, Herking his ministralles hir thinges pley Beforne him at his bord deliciously, In at the halle dore al sodenly Ther came a knight upon a stede of bras, And in his hond a brod mirrour of glas; Upon his thombe he had of gold a ring, And by his side a naked swerd hanging: And up he rideth to the highe bord. In all the halle ne was ther spoke a word, 10400 For mervaille of this knight; him to behold Ful besily they waiten yong and old.

This strange knight that come thus sodenly Al armed save his hed ful richely, Salueth king and quene, and lordes alle By order, as they saten in the halle,

H 4

With

## THE SQUIERES TALE

With fo high reverence and observance, As wel in speche as in his contenance, That Gawain with his olde curtefie, Though he were come agen out of faerie, 10410 Ne coude him not amenden with a word, And after this, beforn the highe bord He with a manly vois fayd his message, After the forme used in his language, Withouten vice of fillable or of letter. And for his tale shulde seme the better, Accordant to his wordes was his chere, As techeth art of speche hem that it lere. Al be it that I cannot fouce his stile, Ne cannot climben over so high a stile, Yet fay I this, as to comun entent, Thus much amounteth all that ever he ment, If it so be that I have it in mind.

He fayd; The king of Arabie and of Inde,
My liege lord, on this folempne day
Salueth you as he best can and may,
And sendeth you in honour of your seste
By me, that am al redy at your heste,
This stede of bras, that estly and wel
Can in the space of a day naturel,
(This is to sayn, in sour and twenty houres)
Wher so you list, in drought or elles shoures,

Beren

Beren your body into every place,
To which your herte willeth for to pace,
Withouten wemme of you, thurgh foule or faire.
Or if you lift to fleen as high in the aire,
As doth an egle, whan him lift to fore,
This fame stede shal bere you evermore
Withouten harme, till ye be ther you lest,
(Though that ye slepen on his back or rest) 10440
And turne again, with writhing of a pin.
He that it wrought, he coude many a gin;
He waited many a constellation,
Or he had don this operation,
And knew ful many a sele and many a bond.

This mirrour eke, that I have in min hond, Hath fwiche a might, that men may in it fee, Whan ther shall falle only advertitee Unto your regne, or to yourfelf also, And openly, who is your frend or fo.

And over all this, if any lady bright Hath set hire herte on any maner wight, If he be false, she shall his treson see, His newe love, and all his subtiltee So openly, that ther shall nothing hide.

Wherfore again this lufty fomer tide This mirrour and this ring, that ye may fe, He hath fent to my lady Canace,

Your

Your excellente doughter that is here.

The vertue of this ring, if ye wol here, 10460 Is this, that if hire lift it for to were Upon hire thombe, or in hire purse it bere, Ther is no foule that sleeth under heven, That she ne shal wel understond his steven, And know his mening openly and plaine, And answere him in his language again: And every gras that groweth upon rote She shal eke know, and whom it wol do bote, All be his woundes never so depe and wide.

This naked fwerd, that hangeth by my fide, 10470 Swiche vertue hath, that what man that it finite, Thurghout his armure it wol kerve and bite, Were it as thicke as is a braunched oke:

And what man that is wounded with the stroke Shal never be hole, til that you list of grace

To stroken him with the platte in thilke place Ther he is hurt; this is as much to fain, Ye moten with the platte swerd again Stroken him in the wound, and it wol close.

This is the veray soth withouten glose, 10480 It failleth not, while it is in your hold.

And whan this knight hath thus his tale told, He rideth out of halle, and down he light: His stede, which that shone as sonne bright,

Stant

Stant in the court as stille as any ston. This knight is to his chambre ladde anon, And is unarmed, and to the mete yfette. Thise presents ben ful richelich yfette, This is to fain, the fwerd and the mirrour, And borne anon into the highe tour, 10490 With certain officers ordained therfore; And unto Canace the ring is bore Solempnely, ther she sat at the table; But fikerly, withouten any fable, The hors of bras, that may not be remued; It flant, as it were to the ground yglued; Ther may no man out of the place it drive For non engine, of windas, or polive: And cause why, for they con not the craft, And therfore in the place they han it laft, 10500 Til that the knight hath taught him the manere To voiden him, as ye shal after here.

Gret was the prees, that fwarmed to and fro To gauren on this hors that stondeth so: For it fo high was, and fo brod and long, So wel proportioned for to be ftrong, Right as it were a stede of Lumbardie; Therwith fo horfly, and fo quik of eye, As it a gentil Poileis courser were: For certes, fro his tayl unto his ere 10510

Nature

But evermore hir moste wonder was,

How that it coude gon, and was of bras;

It was of faerie, as the peple semed.

Diverse folk diversely han demed;

As many heds, as many wittes ben.

They murmured, as doth a swarme of been,

And maden skilles after hir fantasses,

Rehersing of the olde poetries,

Rehersing of the olde poetries,

The hors that hadde winges for to slee,

Or elles it was the Grekes hors Sinon,

That broughte Troye to destruction,

As men moun in thise olde gestes rede.

Min herte (quod on) is evermore in drede,

I trow fom men of armes ben therin,

That shapen hem this citee for to win:

It were right good that al swiche thing were know.

Another rowned to his felaw low,

And sayd, He lieth, for it is rather like

An apparence ymade by som magike,

As jogelours plaien at thise festes grete.

Of sondry doutes thus they jangle and trete,

As lewed peple demen comunly

Of thinges, that ben made more subtilly,

Than

And fom of hem wondred on the mirrour,
That born was up in to the maister tour,
How men mighte in it swiche thinges see.

Another answerd, and sayd, it might well be
Naturelly by compositions
Of angles, and of slie reflections;
And saide that in Rome was swiche on.
They speke of Alhazen and Vitellon,
And Aristotle, that writen in hir lives
Of queinte mirrours, and of prospectives,
As knowen they, that han hir bookes herd.

And other folk han wondred on the fwerd, 10562
That wolde percen thurghout every thing:
And fell in speche of Telephus the king,
And of Achilles for his queinte spere,
For he coude with it bothe hele and dere,
Right in swiche wise as men may with the swerd,
Of which right now ye have yourselven herd.
They speken of sondry harding of metall,
And speken of medicines therwithall,
And how, and whan it shuld yharded be,
Which is unknow algates unto me.

The speken they of Canacees ring, And saiden all, that swiche a wonder thing

Of craft of ringes herd they never non,
Save that he Moises and king Salomon
Hadden a name of conning in swiche art.
Thus sain the peple, and drawen hem apart.

But natheles fom faiden that it was
Wonder to maken of ferne ashen glas,
And yet is glas nought like ashen of ferne,
But for they han yknowen it so ferne,
Therfore ceseth hir jangling and hir wonder.

As fore wondren form on cause of thonder, On ebbe and floud, on gossomer, and on mist, And on all thing, til that the cause is wist.

Thus janglen they, and demen and devise, Til that the king gan fro his bord arise.

Phebus hath left the angle meridional,
And yet ascending was the beste real,
The gentil Leon, with his Aldrian,
Whan that this Tartre king, this Cambuscan,
Rose from his bord, ther as he sat ful hie so
Beforne him goth the loude minstralcie,
Til he come to his chambre of parements,
Ther as they sounden divers instruments,
That it is like an heven for to here.

Now dauncen lufty Venus children dere: For in the fish hir lady sat ful hie, And loketh on hem with a frendly eye.

This

This noble king is fet upon his trone; This straunge knight is fet to him ful sone, 10590 And on the daunce he goth with Canace.

Here is the revell and the jolitee,

That is not able a dull man to devise:

He must han knowen love and his servise,

And ben a sestlich man, as fresh as May,

That shulde you devisen swiche array.

Who coude tellen you the forme of daunces
So uncouth, and so freshe contenaunces,
Swiche subtil lokings and dissimulings,
For dred of jalous mennes apperceivings?

10600
No man but Launcelot, and he is ded.
Therfore I passe over all this lustyhed,
I say no more, but in this jolinesse
I lete hem, til men to the souper hem dresse.

The steward bit the spices for to hie
And eke the win, in all this melodie;
The ushers and the squierie ben gon,
The spices and the win is come anon:
They ete and drinke, and whan this had an end,
Unto the temple, as reson was, they wend: 10610
The service don, they soupen all by day.

What nedeth you rehersen hir array?

Eche man wot wel, that at a kinges fest

Is plentee, to the most and to the lest.

And

And deintees mo than ben in my knowing.

At after souper goth this noble king

To seen this hors of bras, with all a route

Of lordes and of ladies him aboute.

Swiche wondring was ther on this hors of bras,

That sin the gret assege of Troye was,

Ther as men wondred on an hors also,

Ne was ther swiche a wondring, as was tho.

But sinally the king asketh the knight

The vertue of this courser, and the might,

And praied him to tell his governaunce.

This hors anon gan for to trip and daunce,
Whan that the knight laid hond up on his rein,
And faide, fire, ther n'is no more to fain,
But whan you lift to riden any where,
Ye moten trill a pin, ftant in his ere,
Which I shal tellen you betwixt us two,
Ye moten nempne him to what place also,
Or to what contree that you lift to ride.

And when ye come ther as you lift abide,
Bid him descend, and trill another pin,
(For therin lieth the effect of all the gin)
And he wol down descend and don your will,
And in that place he wol abiden still:
Though al the world had the contrary swore,
He shal not thennes be drawe ne be hore.

Or if you lift to bid him thennes gon,
Trille this pin, and he wol vanish anon
Out of the sight of every maner wight,
And come agen, be it by day or night,
Whan that you list to clepen him again
In swiche a guise, as I shal to you sain
Betwixen you and me, and that sul sone.
Ride whan you list, ther n'is no more to done.

Enfourmed whan the king was of the knight,
And hath conceived in his wit aright

The maner and the forme of all this thing,
Ful glad and blith, this noble doughty king
Repaireth to his revel, as before.
The bridel is in to the tour yborne,
And kept among his jewels lefe and dere:
The hors vanisht, I n'ot in what manere,
Out of hir fight, ye get no more of me:
But thus I lete in lust and jolitee
This Cambuscan his lordes festeying,
Til that wel nigh the day began to spring.

#### Pars fecunda:

The norice of digestion, the slepe,
Gan on hem winke, and bad hem taken kepe,
That mochel drinke, and labour wol have rest:
And with a galping mouth hem all he kest,
Vol. II.

And faid, that it was time to lie adoun, For blood was in his dominatioun: Cherisheth blood, natures frend, quod he.

They thanken him galping, by two by three; And every wight gan drawe him to his rest, As slepe hem bade, they toke it for the best. 10670 Hir dremes shul not now be told for me;

Ful were hir hedes of fumofitee, That causeth dreme, of which ther is no charge. They slepen til that it was prime large,

The moste part, but it were Canace; She was ful mesurable, as women be.

For of hire father had the take hire leve

To gon to rest, some after it was eve; Hire liste not appalled for to be,

Nor on the morwe unfestliche for to see;

And flept hire firste slepe, and than awoke.

For fwiche a joye she in hire herte toke

Both of hire queinte ring, and of hire mirrour, That twenty time she chaunged hire colour;

And in hire slepe right for the impression

Of hire mirrour she had a vision.

3

Wherfore, or that the sonne gan up glide, She clepeth upon hire maistresse hire beside, And saide, that hire luste for to arise.

Thise olde women, that ben gladly wife, 10690

As

10680

As is hire maistresse, answerd hire anon,
And said; Madame, whider wol ye gon
Thus erly? for the folk ben all in rest.

I wol, quod she, arisen (for me lest
No longer for to slepe) and walken aboute.

Hire maistresse clepeth women a gret route,
And up they risen, wel a ten or twelve;
Up riseth freshe Canace hireselve,
As rody and bright, as the yonge sonne;
That in the ram is source degrees yronne;
No higher was he, whan she redy was;
And forth she walketh estly a pas,
Arrayed after the lusty seson sote
Lightely for to playe, and walken on sote,
Nought but with sive or sixe of hire meinie;
And in a trenche forth in the park goth she.

The vapour, which that fro the erthe glode,
Maketh the fonne to feme rody and brode:
But natheles, it was fo faire a fight,
That it made all hir hertes for to light,
What for the fefon, and the morwening,
And for the foules that she herde sing.
For right anon she wiste what they ment
Right by hir fong, and knew al hir entent.

The knotte, why that every tale is tolde, If it be taried til the lust be colde

Of hem, that han it herkened after yore, The favour passeth ever lenger the more, For fulfumnesse of the prolixitee: And by that fame reson thinketh me I shuld unto the knotte condescende. And maken of hire walking fone an ende.

10720

Amidde a tree for-dry, as white as chalk, As Canace was playing in hire walk, Ther fat a faucon over hire hed ful hie. That with a pitous vois fo gan to crie, That all the wood resouned of hire cry, And beten had hirefelf fo pitoufly With both hire winges, til the rede blood Ran endelong the tree, ther as she stood. And ever in on alway she cried and shright, And with hire bek hireselven she so twight, That ther n'is tigre, ne no cruel best, That dwelleth other in wood, or in forest, That n'olde han wept, if that he wepen coude, For forwe of hire, she shright alway so loude.

For ther was never yet no man on live, If that he coude a faucon wel descrive. That herde of fwiche another of fayrenesse As wel of plumage, as of gentilesse, 10740 Of shape, of all that might yrekened be. A faucon peregrine femed she

Of fremde lond, and ever as fhe stood, She swouned now and now for lack of blood, Til wel neigh is she fallen fro the tree.

This faire kinges doughter Canace, That on hire finger bare the queinte ring, Thurgh which she understood wel every thing That any foule may in his leden fain, And coude answere him in his leden again, Hath understonden what this faucon seyd, And wel neigh for the routhe almost she deyd: And to the tree she goth ful hastily, And on this faucon loketh pitoufly, And held hire lap abrode, for wel fhe wift The faucon muste fallen from the twift Whan that she swouned next, for faute of blood. A longe while to waiten hire fhe flood, Til at the last she spake in this manere Unto the hauk, as ye shul after here. 10760

What is the cause, if it be for to tell, That ye ben in this surial peine of hell? Quod Canace unto this hauk above; Is this for sorwe of deth, or losse of love? For as I trow, thise be the causes two, That causen most a gentil herte wo. Of other harme it nedeth not to speke, For ye yourself upon yourself awreke,

Which

Which preveth wel, that other ire or drede Mote ben encheson of your cruel dede, Sin that I fe non other wight you chace. For the love of God, as doth yourselven grace: Or what may be your helpe? for west ne est Ne faw I never er now no brid ne best, That ferde with himself so pitously. Ye fle me with your forme veraily, I have of you fo gret compassioun. For Goddes love come fro the tree adoun; And as I am a kinges doughter trewe, If that I veraily the causes knewe Of your disese, if it lay in my might, I wold amend it, or that it were night, As willy help me the gret God of kind. And herbes shal I right ynough yfind, To helen with your hurtes haftily.

Tho shright this faucon yet more pitously
Than ever she did, and fell to ground anon,
And lith aswoune, as ded as lith a ston,
Til Canace hath in hire lappe hire take,
Unto that time she gan of swoune awake: 10790
And after that she out of swoune abraide,
Right in hire haukes leden thus she sayde.

That pitce renneth fone in gentil herte (Feling his fimilitude in peines finerte)

Is proved alle day, as men may fee, As wel by werke as by auctoritee, For gentil herte kitheth gentillesse. I fee wel, that ye have on my distresse Compassion, my faire Canace, Of veray womanly benignitee, That nature in your principles hath fet. But for non hope for to fare the bet, But for to obey unto your herte free, And for to maken other yware by me, As by the whelpe chaffifed is the leon, Right for that cause and that conclusion, While that I have a leifer and a space, Min harme I wol confessen er I pace, And ever while that on hire forme told. That other wept, as she to water wold, Til that the faucon bad hire to be still, And with a fike right thus she said hire till.

10810

Ther I was bred, (alas that ilke day!)
And fostred in a roche of marble gray
So tendrely, that nothing ailed me.
I ne wist not what was advertisee,
Til I coud flee ful high under the skie,

Tho dwelled a tercelet me faste by, That semed welle of alle gentillesse, Al were he ful of treson and falsenesse.

10820

I 4

Jt

It was fo wrapped under humble chere, And under hew of trouth in fwiche manere, Under plefance, and under befy peine, That no wight coud have wend he coude feine, So depe in greyn he died his coloures. Right as a serpent hideth him under floures, Til he may see his time for to bite; Right fo this god of loves hypocrite Doth so his ceremonies and obeifance, And kepeth in femblaunt alle his observance, 10830 That souneth unto gentillesse of love. As on a tombe is all the faire above, And under is the corps, fwiche as ye wote; Swiche was this hypocrite both cold and hote, And in this wife he ferved his entent, That, fave the fend, non wifte what he ment: Til he fo long had weped and complained, And many a yere his fervice to me fained, Till that min herte, to pitous and to nice, Al innocent of his crowned malice, For-fered of his deth, as thoughte me, Upon his othes and his feuretee, Graunted him love, on this conditioun, That everino min honour and renoun, Were faved, bothe privee and apert: This is to fay, that, after his defert,

I yave

I yave him all min herte and all my thought,

(God wote, and he, that other wayes nought)

And toke his herte in chaunge of min for ay.

But foth is faid, gon fithen is many a day, 10850

A trewe wight and a theef thinken not on.

And whan he faw the thing fo fer ygon, That I had granted him fully my love, In fwiche a guife as I have faid above. And yeven him my trewe herte as free As he swore that he yaf his herte to me, Anon this tigre, ful of doublenesse, Fell on his knees with fo gret humbleffe, With fo high reverence, as by his chere, So like a gentil lover of manere, So ravished, as it semed, for the jove. That never Jason, ne Paris of Troye, Jason? certes, ne never other man, Sin Lamech was, that alderfirst began To loven two, as writen folk beforne, Ne never fithen the first man was borne. Ne coude man by twenty thousand part Contrefete the fophimes of his art; Ne were worthy to unbocle his galoche. Ther doublenesse of faining shuld approche, 10870 Ne coude so thanke a wight, as he did me. His maner was an heven for to fee

To

To any woman, were she never so wise;
So painted he and kempt, at point devise,
As well his wordes, as his contenance.
And I so loved him for his obeisance,
And for the trouthe I demed in his herte,
That if so were that any thing him smerte,
Al were it never so lite, and I it wist,
Me thought I felt deth at myn herte twist.
That my will was his willes instrument;
This is to say, my will obeied his will
In alle thing, as fer as reson fill,
Keping the boundes of my worship ever:
Ne never had I thing so lese, ne lever,
As him, God wot, ne never shall no mo.

This lasteth lenger than a yere or two,
That I supposed of him nought but good.
But finally, thus at the last it stood,
That fortune wolde that he muste twin
Out of that place, which that I was in.
Wher me was wo, it is no question;
I cannot make of it description.
For o thing dare I tellen boldely,
I know what is the peine of deth therby,
Swiche harme I felt, for he ne might byleve,
So on a day of me he toke his leve,

So

So forweful eke, that I wend veraily,
That he had felt as mochel harme as I,
Whan that I herd him speke, and saw his hewe.
But natheles, I thought he was so trewe,
And eke that he repairen shuld again
Within a litel while, soth to sain,
And reson wold eke that he muste go
For his honour, as often happeth so,
That I made vertue of necessitee,
And toke it wel, sin that it muste be.
As I best might, I hid fro him my sorwe,
And toke him by the hond, Seint John to borwe,
And faid him thus; lo, I am youres all,
Beth swiche as I have ben to you and shall.

What he answerd, it nedeth not reherse; Who can say bet than he, who can do werse? Whan he hath al wel said, than hath he done. Therfore behoveth him a sul long spone, That shal ete with a fend; thus herd I say.

So at the last he muste forth his way,
And forth he fleeth, til he come ther him lest.
Whan it came him to purpos for to rest,
I trow that he had thilke text in mind,
That alle thing repairing to his kind
Gladeth himself; thus fain men as I gesse:
Men loven of propre kind newesangelnesse,

As briddes don, that men in cages fede.

For though thou night and day take of hem hede,
And strew hir cage faire and soft as silke,
And give hem sugre, hony, bred, and milke,
Yet right anon as that his dore is up,
He with his feet wol spurnen down his cup, 10930
And to the wood he wol, and wormes ete;
So newefangel ben they of hir mete,
And loven noveltees of propre kind;
No gentillesse of blood ne may hem bind.

So ferd this tercelet, alas the day!

Though he were gentil borne, and fresh, and gay,
And goodly for to seen, and humble, and free,
He saw upon a time a kite slee,
And sodenly he loved this kite so,
That all his love is clene fro me ago:
10940
And hath his trouthe salfed in this wife.
Thus hath the kite my love in hire service,
And I am lorn withouten remedy.

And with that word this faucon gan to cry,
And fwouneth eft in Canacees barme.

Gret was the forwe for that haukes harme,
That Canace and all hire women made;
They n'iften how they might the faucon glade.
But Canace home bereth hire in hire lap,
And foftely in plastres gan hire wrap,

Ther

Ther as she with hire bek had hurt hireselve.

Now cannot Canace but herbes delve
Out of the ground, and maken salves newe
Of herbes precious and fine of hewe,
To helen with this hauk; fro day to night
She doth hire befinesse, and all hire might.
And by hire beddes hed she made a mew,
And covered it with velouettes blew,
In signe of trouth, that is in woman sene;
And all without the mew is peinted grene, 10960
In which were peinted all thise salse soules;
As ben thise tidises, tercelettes, and owles;
And pies, on hem for to cry and chide,
Right for despit were peinted hem beside.

Thus lete I Canace hire hauk keping.

I wol no more as now speke of hire ring,
Til it come est to purpos for to sain,
How that this saucon gat hire love again
Repentant, as the story telleth us,
By mediation of Camballus

10970
The kinges sone, of which that I you told.
But hennessorth I wol my processe hold
To speke of aventures, and of batailles,
That yet was never herd so gret mervailles.

First wol I tellen you of Cambuscan, That in his time many a citee wan:

And .

And after wol I speke of Algarsis,
How that he wan Theodora to his wif,
For whom sul oft in gret peril he was,
Ne had he ben holpen by the hors of bras. 10980
And after wol I speke of Camballo,
That fought in listes with the brethren two
For Canace, er that he might hire winne,
And ther I left I wol again beginne.

#### THE FRANKELEINES PROLOGUE.

In faith, Squier, thou hast thee wel yquit
And gentilly, I preise wel thy wit,
Quod the Frankelein; considering thin youthe,
So selingly thou spekest, sire, I aloue the
As to my dome, ther is non that is here,
Of eloquence that shal be thy pere,
I 10990
If that thou live; God yeve thee goode chance,
And in vertue send thee continuance,
For of thy speking I have gret deintee.
I have a sone, and by the Trinitee
It were me lever than twenty pound worth lond,
Though it right now were fallen in my hond,
He were a man of swiche discretion,
As that ye ben: sie on possession,

## THE FRANKELEINES PROLOGUE. 127

But if a man be vertuous withal.

I have my fone fnibbed, and yet shal,

For he to vertue listeth not to entend,

But for to play at dis, and to dispend,

And lese all that he hath, is his usage;

And he had lever talken with a page,

Than to commune with any gentil wight,

Ther he might leren gentillesse aright.

Straw for your gentillesse, quod our hoste.

What? Frankelein, parde, sire, wel thou wost,
That eche of you mote tellen at the lest
A tale or two, or breken his behest.

That know I wel, sire, quod the Frankelein,
I pray you haveth me not in disdein,
Though I to this man speke a word or two.

Tell on thy tale, withouten wordes mo.

Gladly, fire hofte, quod he, I wol obey
Unto your will; now herkeneth what I fey;
I wol you not contrarien in no wife,
As fer as that my wittes may fuffice.
I pray to God that it may plefen you,
Than wot I wel that it is good ynow.

Thise olde gentil Bretons in hir dayes
Of diverse aventures maden layes,
Rimeyed in hir firste Breton tonge:
Which layes with hir instruments they songe,

## 128 THE FRANKELEINES PROLOGUE.

Or elles redden hem for hir plefance, And on of hem have I in remembrance. Which I shal sayn with good wille as I can. But, fires, because I am a borel man, At my beginning first I you beseche Have me excused of my rude speche. I lerned never rhetorike certain: Thing that I speke, it mote be bare and plain. I flept never on the mount of Pernafo. Ne lerned Marcus Tullius Cicero. Colours ne know I non, withouten drede, But swiche colours as growen in the mede, Or elles fwiche as men die with or peinte: Colours of rhetorike ben to me queinte; My spirit feleth not of swiche matere. But if you lust my tale shul ye here.

#### THE FRANKELEINES TALE.

In Armorike, that called is Bretaigne,
Ther was a knight, that loved and did his peine
To ferve a ladie in his beste wise;
And many a labour, many a gret emprise
He for his lady wrought, or she were wonne;
For she was on the fairest under sonne,
And eke therto comen of so high kinrede,
That wel unnethes durst this knight for drede

Tell

# THE FRANKELEINES TALE. 129

Tell hire his wo, his peine, and his distresse. But at the last, the for his worthinesse, 11050 And namely for his meke obeyfance, Hath fwiche a pitee caught of his penance, That prively she fell of his accord To take him for hire hufbond and hire lord, (Of fwiche lordship as men han over hir wives) And, for to lede the more in bliffe hir lives, Of his free will he fwore hire as a knight, That never in all his lif he day ne night Ne shulde take upon him no maistrie Agains hire will, ne kithe hire jalousie, 11060 But hire obey, and folwe hire will in al, As any lover to his lady shal: Save that the name of Coverainetee That wold he han for shame of his degree. She thonked him, and with ful gret humblesse She faide; fire, fin of your gentillesse Ye profren me to have fo large a reine, Ne wolde God never betwix us tweine, As in my gilt, were either werre or firif: Sire, I wol be your humble trewe wif, Have here my trouth, till that myn herte brefte. Thus ben they both in quiete and in reste. For othing, fires, faufly dare I feie,

That frendes everich other must obeie, VOL. II.

K

## 130 THE FRANKELEINES TALE

If they wol longe holden compagnie. Love wol not be constreined by maistrie. Whan maistrie cometh, the God of love anon Beteth his winges, and farewel, he is gon. Love is a thing, as any spirit free. Women of kind desiren libertee, And not to be conftreined as a thral: And so don men, if fothly I say shal. Loke who that is most patient in love, He is at his avantage all above. Patience is an high vertue certain, For it venquisheth, as thise clerkes sain, Thinges that rigour never shulde atteine. For every word men may not chide or pleine. Lerneth to fuffren, or, fo mote I gon, Ye shul it lerne whether ye wol or non. For in this world certain no wight ther is, That he ne doth or fayth fomtime amis-Ire, fikenesse, or constellation, Win, wo, or changing of complexion, Causeth ful oft to don amis or speken: On every wrong a man may not be wreken, After the time must be temperance To every wight that can of governance. And therfore hath this worthy wife knight, (To liven in ese) suffrance hire behight; 11100 And

# THE FRANKELEINES TALE. 131

And she to him ful wisly gan to swere, That never shuld ther be defaute in here.

Here may men seen an humble wise accord:
Thus hath she take hire servant and hire lord,
Servant in love, and lord in mariage.
Than was he both in lordship and servage?
Servage? nay, but in lordship al above,
Sin he hath both his lady and his love:
His lady certes, and his wif also,
The which that law of love accordeth to.

Into
And whan he was in this prosperitee,
Home with his wif he goth to his contree,
Not fer fro Penmark, ther his dwelling was,
Wher as he liveth in blisse and in solas.

Who coude tell, but he had wedded be,
The joye, the efe, and the prosperitee,
That is betwix an husbond and his wif?
A yere and more lasteth this blisful lif,
Til that this knight, of which I spake of thus,
That of Cairrud was cleped Arviragus,
Shope him to gon and dwelle a yere or twaine
In Englelond, that cleped was eke Bretaigne,
To seke in armes worship and honour:
(For all his lust he set in swiche labour)
And dwelte ther two yere; the book saith thus.

Now wol I ffint of this Arviragus,

K 2

And

## 132 THE FRANKELEINES TALE.

And speke I wol of Dorigene his wif,
That loveth hire husbond as hire hertes lif.
For his absence we peth she and siketh,
As don thise noble wives whan hem liketh; 11130
She morneth, waketh, waileth, fasteth, pleineth;
Desir of his presence hire so distraineth,
That all this wide world she set at nought.
Hire frendes, which that knew hire hevy thought,
Comforten hire in all that ever they may;
They prechen hire, they telle hire night and day,
That causeles she sleth hireself, alas!
And every comfort possible in this cas
They don to hire, with all hir besinesse,
Al for to make hire leve hire hevinesse.

By processe, as ye knowen everich on,
Men mowe so longe graven in a ston,
Til som sigure therin emprented be:
So long han they comforted hire, til she
Received hath, by hope and by reson,
The emprenting of hir consolation,
Thurgh which hire grete sorwe gan assuage;
She may not alway duren in swiche rage.
And eke Arviragus, in all this care,
Hath sent his lettres home of his welfare,
And that he wol come hastily again,
Or elles had this sorwe hire herte slain.

Hire

Hire frendes faw hire forwe gan to flake, And preiden hire on knees for Goddes fake To come and romen in hir compagnie, Away to driven hire derke fantafie: And finally she granted that request, For wel she faw that it was for the best.

Now stood hire castel faste by the see,
And often with hire frendes walked she,
Hire to disporten on the bank an hie,
Wher as she many a ship and barge sie,
Sailing hir cours, wher as hem list to go.
But than was that a parcel of hire wo,
For to hireself ful oft, alas! said she,
Is ther no ship, of so many as I see,
Wol bringen home my lord? than were my herte
Al warished of his bitter peines smerte.

Another time wold she sit and thinke,
And cast her eyen dounward fro the brinke; 11179
But whan she saw the grisly rockes blake,
For veray fere so wold hire herte quake,
That on hire feet she might hire not sustene.
Than wold she sit adoun upon the grene,
And pitously into the see behold,
And say right thus, with careful sikes cold,

Eterne God, that thurgh thy purveance Ledest this world by certain governance,

K 3

In

# 134 THE FRANKELEINES TALE.

In idel, as men fain, ye nothing make. But, lord, thise grifly fendly rockes blake, That femen rather a foule confusion Of werk, than any faire creation Of swiche a parfit wife God and stable, Why han ye wrought this werk unresonable? For by this werk, north, fouth, ne west, ne est, Ther n'is yfostred man, ne brid, ne best: It doth no good to my wit, but anoyeth. See ve not, lord, how mankind it destroyeth? An hundred thousand bodies of mankind Han rockes flain, al be they not in mind: PPILI Which mankind is fo faire part of thy werk, Thou madest it like to thyn owen merk. Than, femeth it, ye had a gret chertee Toward mankind; but how than may it be. That ye fwiche menes make it to destroyen? Which menes don no good, but ever anoyen.

I wote wel, clerkes wol fain as hem left
By arguments, that all is for the best,
Though I ne can the causes nought yknow;
But thilke God that made the wind to blow, 11200
As kepe my lord, this is my conclusion:
To clerkes lete I all disputison:
But wolde God, that all thise rockes blake
Were sonken into helle for his sake.

Thise

# THE FRANKELEINES TALE. 135

Thise rockes slee min herte for the fere.
Thus wold she say with many a pitous tere.

Hire frendes faw that it was no disport
To romen by the see, but discomfort,
And shape hem for to plaien somwher elles.
They leden hire by rivers and by welles,
And eke in other places delitable;
They dancen and they play at ches and tables.

So on a day, right in the morwe tide, Unto a gardin that was ther befide, In which that they had made hir ordinance Of vitaille, and of other purveance, They gon and plaie hem all the longe day: And this was on the fixte morwe of May, Which May had peinted with his fofte shoures This gardin ful of leves and of floures: 11220 And craft of mannes hand fo curioufly Arrayed had this gardin trewely, That never was ther gardin of fwiche pris, But if it were the veray paradis. The odour of floures, and the freshe fight, Wold han ymaked any herte light That ever was born, but if to gret fikenesse Or to gret forwe held it in diffresse, So ful it was of beautee and plesance.

And after dinner gonnen they to dance

11230 And

K 4

## 136 THE FRANKELEINES TALE,

And fing also, sauf Dorigene alone,
Which made alway hire complaint and hire mone,
For she ne saw him on the dance go,
That was hire husbond, and hire love also:
But natheles she must a time abide,
And with good hope let hire sorwe slide.

Upon this dance, amonges other men, Danced a squier before Dorigen, That fresher was and jolier of array, As to my dome, than is the month of May. 11240 He fingeth, danceth, passing any man, That is or was fin that the world began; Therwith he was, if men shuld him discrive, On of the beste faring men on live, Yong, ftrong, and vertuous, and riche, and wife, And wel beloved, and holden in gret prife. And shortly, if the foth I tellen shal, Unweting of this Dorigene at al, This lufty fquier, fervant to Venus, Which that yeleped was Aurelius, 11250 Had loved hire best of any creature Two yere and more, as was his aventure: But never dorst he tell hire his grevance, Withouten cup he dranke all his penance. He was dispeired, nothing dorft he fay, Sauf in his fonges formwhat wold he wray

## THE FRANKELEINES TALE. 137.

His wo, as in a general complaining;
He faid, he loved, and was beloved nothing.
Of fwiche matere made he many layes,
Songes, complaintes, roundels, virelayes;
How that he dorfte not his forwe telle,
But languisheth, as doth a furie in helle;
And die he must, he said, as did Ecco
For Narcissus, that dorft not tell hire wo.

In other maner than ye here me fay, Ne dorft he not to hire his wo bewray, Sauf that paraventure fomtime at dances, Ther yonge folk kepen hir observances, It may wel be he loked on hire face In swiche a wise, as man that axeth grace, But nothing wifte she of his entent. Natheles it happed, or they thennes went, Because that he was hire neighebour, And was a man of worship and honour, Aud had yknowen him of time yore, They fell in speche, and forth ay more and more Unto his purpos drow Aurelius; And whan he faw his time, he faide thus. Madame, quod he, by God that this world made, So that I wist it might your herte glade, 11280 I wold that day, that your Arviragus Went over fee, that I Aurelius

Had

## 138 THE FRANKELEINES TALE,

Had went ther I shuld never come again;
For wel I wot my service is in vain,
My guerdon n'is but bresting of min herte.
Madame, rueth upon my peines smerte,
For with a word ye may me sleen or save.
Here at your seet God wold that I were grave.
I ne have as now no leiser more to sey:
Have mercy, swete, or ye wol do me dey. 11299

She gan to loke upon Aurelius;
Is this your will (quod she) and say ye thus?
Never erst (quod she) ne wist I what ye ment:
But now, Aurelie, I know your entent.
By thilke God that yas me soule and lis,
Ne shal I never ben an untrewe wis
In word ne werk, as fer as I have wit,
I wol ben his to whom that I am knit:
Take this for final answer as of me,
But after that in play thus saide she.

Aurelie, (quod she) by high God above Yet wol I granten you to ben your love, (Sin I you see so pitously complaine) Loke, what day that endelong Bretaigne Ye remue all the rockes, ston by ston, That they ne letten ship ne bote to gon, I say, whan ye han made the cost so clene Of rockes, that ther n'is no ston ysene,

Than

## THE FRANKELEINES TALE. 139

Than wol I love you best of any man,
Have here my trouth, in all that ever I can; 11310
For wel I wote that it shal never betide.
Let swiche solie out of your herte glide.
What deintee shuld a man have in his lif
For to go love another mannes wis,
That hath hire body whan that ever him liketh?
Aurelius sul often sore siketh:

Is ther non other grace in you? quod he.

No, by that lord, quod she, that maked me.
Wo was Aurelie whan that he this herd,
And with a forweful herte he thus answerd. 11320
Madame, quod he, this were an impossible.

Than moste I die of soden deth horrible.

And with that word he turned him anon.

Tho come hire other frendes many on,
And in the alleyes romed up and doun,
And nothing wift of this conclusioun,
But sodenly begonnen revel newe,
Til that the brighte sonne had lost his hewe,
For the orizont had rest the sonne his light;
(This is as much to sayn as it was night)
And home they gon in mirthe and in solas;
Sauf only wrecche Aurelius, alas!
He to his hous is gon with sorweful herte.
He saith, he may not from his deth afterte.

Him

## 140 THE FRANKELEINES TALE,

Him femeth, that he felt his herte cold. Up to the heven his hondes gan he hold, And on his knees bare he fet him down. And in his raving faid his orifoun. For veray we out of his wit he braide. He n'ifte what he spake, but thus he saide; 11340 With pitous herte his plaint hath he begonne Unto the goddes, and first unto the sonne. He faid; Apollo, God and governour Of every plante, herbe, tree, and flour, That yevest after thy declination To eche of hem his time and his feson. As that thin herbergh changeth low and hie; Lord Phebus, cast thy merciable eie On wrecche Aurelie, which that am but lorne. Lo, lord, my lady hath my deth yfworne Withouten gilt, but thy benignitee Upon my dedly herte have fom pitee. For wel I wot, lord Phebus, if you left, Ye may me helpen, fauf my lady, beft. Now voucheth fauf, that I may you devise How that I may be holpe and in what wife.

Your blisful suster, Lucina the shene,
That of the see is chief goddesse and quene,
Though Neptunus have deitee in the see,
Yet emperice aboven him is she:

11360

Ye

Ve knowe wel, lord, that right as hire defire Is to be quiked and lighted of your fire. For which she folweth you ful befily, Right fo the fee defireth naturelly To folwen hire, as she that is goddesse Both in the fee and rivers more and leffe. Wherfore, lord Phebus, this is my request, Do this miracle, or do min herte breft: That now next at this opposition, Which in the figne shal be of the Leon, As preyeth hire fo gret a flood to bring, That five fadome at the left it overspring The highest rock in Armorike Bretaigne, And let this flood enduren yeres twaine: Than certes to my lady may I fay, Holdeth your heft, the rockes ben away. Lord Phebus, this miracle doth for me, Prey hire she go no faster cours than ye: I fay this, preyeth your fuster that she go No faster cours than ye thise yeres two: 11380 Than shal she ben even at ful alway. And fpring-flood lasten bothe night and day. And but she vouchefauf in swiche manere To graunten me my foveraine lady dere, Prey hire to finken every rock adoun Into hire owen derke regioun.

Under

Under the ground, ther Pluto dwelleth in, Or nevermo shal I my lady win.

Thy temple in Delphos wol I barefoot seke.

Lord Phebus, see the teres on my cheke, 11390

And on my peine have som compassioun.

And with that word, in sorwe he fell adoun,

And longe time he lay forth in a trance.

His brother, which that knew of his penance,

Up caught him, and to bed he hath him brought.

Dispeired in this turment and this thought

Let I this word creature sie,

Chese he for me whether he wol live or die.

Arviragus with hele and gret honour

(As he that was of chevalrie the flour)

Is comen home, and other worthy men:

O, blisful art thou now, thou Dorigen,

That haft thy luffy husbond in thin armes,

The freshe knight, the worthy man of armes,

That loveth thee, as his owen hertes lif:

Nothing lift him to be imaginatif,

If any wight had spoke, while he was oute,

To hire of love; he had of that no doute;

He not entendeth to no swiche matere,

But danceth, justeth, and maketh mery chere. 11410

And thus in joye and blisse I let hem dwell,

And of the sike Aurelius wol I tell.

In langour and in turment furious
Two yere and more lay wrecche Aurelius,
Er any foot on erthe he mighte gon;
Ne comfort in this time ne had he non,
Sauf of his brother, which that was a clerk.
He knew of all this wo and all this werk;
For to non other creature certain
Of this matere he dorfte no word fain;
11420
Under his breft he bare it more fecree,
Than ever did Pamphilus for Galathee.
His breft was hole withouten for to feen,
But in his herte ay was the arwe kene,
And wel ye knowe that of a furfamore
In furgerie is perilous the cure,
But men might touch the arwe or come therby.

His brother wepeth and waileth prively,
Til at the last him fell in remembrance,
That while he was at Orleaunce in France, 11430
As yonge clerkes, that ben likerous
To reden artes that ben curious,
Seken in every halke and every herne
Particular sciences for to lerne,
He him remembred, that upon a day
At Orleaunce in studie a book he say
Of Magike naturel, which his felaw,
That was that time a bacheler of law,

Al were he ther to lerne another craft, Had prively upon his desk ylast; 11440 Which book spake moche of operations Touching the eight and twenty manfions That longen to the Mone, and fwiche folie As in our dayes n'is not worth a flie to work and For holy cherches feith, in our beleve, Ne fuffreth non illusion us to greve. And whan this book was in his remembrance, Anon for joye his herte gan to dance, And to himself he saied prively; My brother shal be warished hastily: 11450 For I am fiker that ther be sciences, By which men maken divers apparences, Swiche as thise subtil tregetoures play. For oft at festes have I wel herd fay, That tregetoures, within an halle large, Have made come in a water and a barge, And in the halle rowen up and doun. Somtime hath femed come a grim leoun, And fomtime floures fpring as in a mede, Somtime a vine, and grapes white and rede, 11460 Somtime a caffel al of lime and fton, And whan hem liketh voideth it anon: Thus femeth it to every mannes fight. Now than conclude I thus, if that I might

At Orleaunce foin olde felaw find, That hath thise Mones mansions in mind. Or other Magike naturel above, He shuld wel make my brother have his love: For with an apparence a clerk may make To mannes fight, that all the rockes blake 11470 Of Bretaigne were yvoided everich on, And shippes by the brinke comen and gon. And in swiche forme endure a day or two: Than were my brother warished of his wo. Than must she nedes holden hire behest. Or elles he shal shame hire at the lest:

What shuld I make a lenger tale of this? Unto his brothers bed he comen is: And swiche comfort he vaf him, for to gon' To Orleaunce, that he up flert anon, And on his way forthward than is he fare, In hope for to ben lifted of his care.

Whan they were come almost to that citee: But if it were a two furlong or three, A yonge clerk roming by himself they mette, Which that in Latine thriftily hem grette. And after that he fayd a wonder thing; I know, quod he, the cause of your coming: And or they forther any foote went, He told hem all that was in hir entent. 11490 VOL. II. L This

This Breton clerk him axed of felawes,

The which he had yknowen in olde dawes,

And he answered him that they dede were,

For which he wept ful often many a tere.

Doun of his hors Aurelius light anon,
And forth with this magicien is gon
Home to his hous, and made hem wel at efe:
Hem lacked no vitaille that might hem plefe.
So wel arraied hous as ther was on,
Aurelius in his lif faw never non.

He shewed him, or they went to soupere,
Forestes, parkes ful of wilde dere.
Ther saw he hartes with hir hornes hie,
The gretest that were ever seen with eie.
He saw of hem an hundred slain with houndes,
And som with arwes blede of bitter woundes.
He saw, whan voided were the wilde dere,
Thise fauconers upon a faire rivere,
That with hir haukes han the heron slain.

Tho faw he knightes justen in a plain. 11510 And after this he did him swiche plesance, That he him shewed his lady on a dance, On which himselven danced, as him thought. And whan this maister, that this magike wrought, Saw it was time, he clapped his hondes two, And farewel, al the revel is ago.

And

And yet remued they never out of the hous, While they faw all thise fightes merveillous; But in his studie, ther his bookes be, They saten still, and no wight but they three.

To him this maister called his squier, 11520
And sayd him thus, may we go to souper?
Almost an houre it is, I undertake,
Sin I you bade our souper for to make,
Whan that thise worthy men wenten with me
Into my studie, ther my bookes be.

Sire, quod this fquier, whan it liketh you, It is al redy, though ye wol right now.

Go we than soupe, quod he, as for the best, 'Thise amorous folk somtime moste han rest. 11530

At after souper fell they in tretee
What summe shuld this maisters guerdon be,
To remue all the rockes of Bretaigne,
And eke from Gerounde to the mouth of Saine.

He made it strange, and swore, so God him save, Lesse than a thousand pound he wold not have, Ne gladly for that summe he wold not gon.

Aurelius with blisful herte anon
Answered thus; sie on a thousand pound:
This wide world, which that men sayn is round,
I wold it yeve, if I were lord of it.

11541
This bargaine is ful drive, for we ben knit;

L 2

Ye shul be paied trewely by my trouth.
But loketh, for non negligence or slouth,
Ye tarie us here no lenger than to morwe.
Nay, quod this clerk, have here my faith to borwe.

To bed is gon Aurelius whan him left, And wel nigh all that night he had his reft, What for his labour, and his hope of bliffe, His woful herte of penance had a liffe.

Upon the morwe whan that it was day, To Bretaigne token they the righte way, Aurelie, and this magicien him befide, And ben descended ther they wold abide: And this was, as the bookes me remember, The colde frosty seson of December.

Phebus waxe old, and hewed like laton,
That in his hote declination
Shone as the burned gold, with stremes bright;
But now in Capricorne adoun he light,
Wher as he shone ful pale, I dare wel sain.
The bitter frostes with the sleet and rain
Destroyed han the grene in every yerd.
Janus sit by the sire with double berd,
And drinketh of his bugle horn the wine:
Beforn him stant braune of the tusked swine,
And nowel crieth every lusty man.

Aurelius in all that ever he can,

Doth

Doth to his maister chere and reverence,

And praieth him to don his diligence

To bringen him out of his peines smerte,

Or with a swerd that he wold slit his herte.

This fotil clerk fwiche routh hath on this man. That night and day he spedeth him, that he can, To wait a time of his conclusion; This is to fayn, to make illufion, By fwiche an apparence or joglerie, (I can no termes of Aftrologie) That she and every wight shuld were and fay, That of Bretaigne the rockes were away, Or elles they were fonken under ground. So at the last he hath his time yound To make his japes and his wretchednesse Of fwiche a fuperfittious cursednesse. His tables Toletanes forth he brought Ful wel corrected, that ther lacked nought, Nother his collect, ne his expans yeres, Nother his rotes, ne his other geres, As ben his centres, and his argumentes, And his proportional convenientes 11590 For his equations in every thing. And by his eighte speres in his werking, He knew ful wel how fer Alnath was shove Fro the hed of thilke fix Aries above,

L 3

That

That in the ninthe spere considered is. Ful fotilly he calculed all this. Whan he had found his firste mansion, He knew the remenant by proportion; And knew the rifing of his Mone wel, And in whos face, and terme, and every del: And knew ful wel the mones manfion Accordant to his operation; And knew also his other observances, For fwiche illusions and fwiche meschances, As hethen folk used in thilke daies. For which no lenger maketh he delaies, But thurgh his magike, for a day or tway, It femed all the rockes were away. Aurelius, which that despeired is, Whether he shal han his love, or fare amis, 11610 Awaiteth night and day on this miracle: And whan he knew that ther was non obstacle, That voided were thise rockes everich on, Doun to his maisters feet he fell anon, And fayd; I woful wretch Aurelius, Thanke you, my lord, and lady min Venus, That me han holpen fro my cares cold. And to the temple his way forth hath he hold, Theras he knew he shuld his lady see.

And whan he faw his time, anon right he

11620 With With dredful herte and with ful humble chere Salued hath his foveraine lady dere.

My rightful lady, quod this woful man, Whom I most drede, and love, as I best can, And lothest were of all this world displese. N'ere it that I for you have swiche disese, That I must die here at your foot anon, Nought wold I tell how me is wo begon. But certes other must I die or plaine; Ye sle me gilteles for veray peine. 11630 But of my deth though that ye han no routh, Avifeth you, or that ye breke your trouth: Repenteth you for thilke God above, Or ye me fle, because that I you love. For, madame, wel ye wote what ye have hight; Not that I chalenge any thing of right Of you, my foveraine lady, but of grace; But in a gardin yond, in fwiche a place, Ye wote right wel what ye behighten me, And in myn hond your trouthe plighten ye, 11640 To love me best; God wote ye saied so, Although that I unworthy be therto; Madame, I speke it for the honour of you, More than to fave my hertes lif right now; I have don fo as ye commanded me, And if ye vouchefauf, ye may go fee.

L 4.

Doth

Doth as you lift, have your beheft in mind,
For quick or ded, right ther ye shul me find:
In you lith all to do me live or dey,
But wel I wote the rockes ben awey.

11659

He taketh his leve, and she astonied stood; In all hire face n'as o drope of blood: She wened never han come in swiche a trappe.

Alas! quod she, that ever this shuld happe!
For wend I never by possibilitee,
That swiche a monstre or mervaille might be:
It is again the processe of nature.
And home she goth a sorweful creature,
For veray fere unnethes may she go.
She wepeth, waileth all a day or two,
And swouneth, that it routhe was to see:
But why it was, to no wight tolde she,
For out of toun was gon Arviragus.
But to hireself she spake, and saied thus,
With sace pale, and with ful sory chere,
In hire complaint, as ye shul after here.

Alas! quod fhe, on thee, fortune, I plain,
That unware hast me wrapped in thy chain:
Fro which to escapen, wote I no soccour,
Sauf only deth, or elles dishonour:
On of thise two behoveth me to chese.
But natheles, yet had I lever lese

My

My lif, than of my body have a shame, Or know myselven false, or less my name; And with my deth I may be quit ywis. Hath ther not many a noble wif or this, And many a maid yslaine hireself, alas! Rather than with hire body don trespas? Yes certes; lo, thise stories bere witnesse.

Whan thirty tyrants ful of cursednesse Had slain Phidon in Athens at the fest,
They commanded his doughtren for to arrest,
And bringen hem beforne hem in despit
Al naked, to sulfill hir soule delit;
And in hir sadres blood they made hem dance
Upon the pavement, God yeve hem meschance.
For which thise wosul maidens sul of drede,
Rather than they wold lese hir maidenhede,
They prively ben stert into a welle,
And dreint hemselven, as the bookes telle.

They of Messene let enquere and seke.

Of Lacedomie fifty maidens eke,

On which they wolden don hir lecherie:

But ther was non of all that compagnie

That she n'as slaine, and with a glad entent

Chees rather for to dien, than assent

To ben oppressed of hire maidenhede.

Why shuld I than to dien ben in drede?

Lo eke the tyrant Aristoclides,
That loved a maid hight Stimphalides,
Whan that hire father slaine was on a night,
Unto Dianes temple goth she right,
And hente the image in hire handes two,
Fro which image wold she never go,
No wight hire handes might of it arrace,
Til she was slaine right in the selve place.

Now fin that maidens hadden swiche despit
To be desouled with mannes soule delit,
Wel ought a wif rather hireselven sle,
Than be desouled, as it thinketh me.

What shal I sayn of Hasdrubales wif,
That at Cartage beraft hireself hire lif?
For whan she saw that Romains wan the toun,
She toke hire children all, and skipt adoun
Into the fire, and chees rather to die,
Than any Romain did hire vilanie.

Hath not Lucrece yslaine hireself, alas!

At Rome, whan that she oppressed was

Of Tarquine? for hire thought it was a shame

To liven, whan she hadde lost hire name. 11720

The soven maidene of Milese also

The feven maidens of Milesie also
Han slaine hemself for veray drede and wo,
Rather than folk of Gaule hem shuld oppresse.
Mo than a thousand stories, as I gesse.

Coude

Coude I now tell as touching this matere.

Whan Abradate was flain, his wif fo dere

Hireselven slow, and let hire blood to glide
In Abradates woundes, depe and wide,
And sayd, my body at the leste way
Ther shal no wight desoulen, if I may.

11730

What shuld I mo ensamples hereof sain? Sin that so many han hemselven slain Wel rather than they wold desouled be, I wol conclude that it is bet for me To sle myself than be desouled thus. I wol be trewe unto Arviragus, Or elles sle myself in some manere, As did Demotiones doughter dere, Because she wolde not desouled be.

O Sedasus, it is ful gret pitee

To reden how thy doughtren died, alas!

That slowe hemselven for swiche maner cas.

As gret a pitee was it or wel more,
The Theban maiden, that for Nichanore
Hirefelven flow, right for fwiche manere wo.
Another Theban mayden did right fo,
For on of Macedoine, had hire oppressed,
She with hire deth hire maidenhed redressed.

What shal I sain of Nicerates wif,
That for swiche cas berast hireself hire lif? 11750
How

How trewe was eke to Alcibiades
His love, that for to dien rather chees,
Than for to suffre his body unburied be?

Lo, which a wif was Alceste eke? (quod she) What sayth Homere of good Penelope?
All Grece knoweth of hire chastitee.

Parde of Laodomia is written thus, That whan at Troye was flain Prothefilaus, No lenger wolde she live after his day.

The same of noble Portia tell I may; Withouten Brutus coude she not live, To whom she had all hol hire herte yeve.

The parfit withood of Artemisie Honoured is thurghout all Barbarie.

O Teuta quene, thy wifly chastitee. To alle wives may a mirrour be.

Thus plained Dorigene a day or twey.

Purposing ever that she wolde dey;

But natheles upon the thridde night

Home came Arviragus, the worthy knight,

And axed hire why that she weep so fore:

And she gan wepen ever lenger the more.

Alas, quod she, that ever I was yborne!
Thus have I said, (quod she) thus have I sworne.
And told him all, as ye have herd before:
It nedeth not reherse it you no more.

This

## THE FRANKELEINES TALE. 157.

This husbond with glad chere in frendly wise.
Answerd and sayd, as I shal you devise.
Is ther ought elles, Dorigene, but this?

Nay, nay, quod she, God helpe me so, as wis This is to much, and it were Goddes will. 11781

Ye, wif, quod he, let slepen that is still, It may be wel paraventure yet to-day. Ye shal your trouthe holden by my fay. For God fo wifly have mercy on me, I had wel lever stiked for to be, For veray love which that I to you have, But if ye shuld your trouthe kepe and fave. Trouth is the hieft thing that man may kepe. But with that word he braft anon to wepe, And fayd; I you forbede on peine of deth, That never while you lasteth lif or breth, To no wight tell ye this misaventure. As I may best I wol my wo endure. Ne make no contenance of hevinesse. That folk of you may demen harme or geffe. And forth he cleped a fquier and a maid. Goth forth anon with Dorigene, he faid, And bringeth hire to fwiche a place anon. They take hir leve, and on hir way they gon:11800 But they ne wisten why she thider went, She n'olde no wight tellen hire entent.

I

This squier, which that highte Aurelius,
On Dorigene that was so amorous,
Of aventure happed hire to mete
Amid the toun, right in the quikkest strete,
As she was boun to go the way forthright
Toward the gardin, ther as she had hight.
And he was to the gardinward also;
For wel he spied whan she wolde go
Out of hire hous, to any maner place:
But thus they met of aventure or grace,
And he salueth hire with glad entent,
And axeth of hire whiderward she went.

And the answered, half as the were mad, Unto the gardin, as myn husbond bad, My trouthe for to hold, alas! alas!

Aurelius gan wondren on this cas,
And in his herte had gret compassion
Of hire, and of hire lamentation,
And of Arviragus the worthy knight,
That bad hire holden all that she had hight,
So loth him was his wif shuld breke hire trouthe.
And in his herte he caught of it gret routhe,
Considering the best on every side,
That fro his lust yet were him lever abide,
Than do so high a cherlish wretchednesse
Ageins fraunchise, and alle gentillesse;

For

11810

For which in fewe wordes fayd he thus. Madame, fay to your lord Arviragus, 11830 That fin I fee the grete gentillesse Of him, and eke I fee wel your diffresse, [routhe] That him were lever have shame (and that were Than ye to me shuld breken thus your trouthe. I hadde wel lever ever to fuffren wo, Than to depart the love betwix you two. I you relese, madame, into your hond Quit every feurement and every bond, That ye han made to me, as herebeforne, Sin thilke time that ye were yborne. 11840 Have here my trouthe, I shal you never repreve Of no beheft, and here I take my leve, As of the trewest and the beste wif. That ever yet I knew in all my lif. But every wif beware of hire beheft: On Dorigene remembreth at the left. Thus can a fquier don a gentil dede, As wel as can a knight, withouten drede.

She thanketh him upon hire knees bare,
And home unto hire husbond is she fare,
And told him all, as ye han herd me sayd!
And, trusteth me, he was so wel apayd,
That it were impossible me to write.

What shuld I lenger of this cas endite?

Arviragus

Arviragus and Dorigene his wif
In foveraine blisse leden forth hir lif,
Never eft ne was ther anger hem betwene;
He cherished hire as though she were a quene,
And she was to him trewe for evermore:
Of thise two folk ye get of me no more.

Aurelius, that his cost hath all forlorne, Curseth the time, that ever he was borne. Alas! quod he, alas that I behight
Of pured gold a thousand pound of wight
Unto this philosophre! how shal I do?
I see no more, but that I am fordo.
Min heritage mote I nedes sell,
And ben a begger, here I n'ill not dwell,
And shamen all my kinrede in this place,
But I of him may geten better grace.
But natheles I wol of him assay
At certain daies yere by yere to pay,
And thanke him of his grete curtesse.
My trouthe wol I kepe, I wol not lie.

With herte fore he goth unto his cofre,
And broughte gold unto this philosophre,
The value of five hundred pound I gesse,
And him besecheth of his gentillesse
To graunt him daies of the remenaunt,
And sayde; maister, I dare wel make avaunt, 11880

I failled

11870

For fikerly my dette shal be quit
Towardes you, how so that ever I fare
To gon a begging in my kirtle bare:
But wold ye vouchen sauf upon seurtee
Two yere or three for to respiten me,
Than were I wel, for elles more I sell
Min heritage, ther is no more to tell:

This Philosophre sobrely answerd; And saied thus, whan he thise wordes herd; 11898 Have I not holden covenant to thee?

Yes certes, wel and trewely, quod he.

Hast thou not had thy lady as thee liketh?

No, no, quod he, and sorwefully he siketh:

What was the cause? tell me if thou can.

Aurelius his tale anon began,
And told him all as ye han herd before,
It nedeth not reherfe it any more.
He fayd, Arviragus of gentillesse
Had lever die in sorwe and in distresse;
I 1900
Than that his wif were of hire trouthe fals.
The sorwe of Dorigene he told him als,
How loth hire was to ben a wicked wif,
And that she lever had lost that day hire lif;
And that her trouth she swore thurgh innocence;
She never erst hadde herd speke of apparence:

Voi: II. M That

That made me han of hire so gret pitee,
And right as freely as he sent hire to me,
As freely sent I hire to him again:
This is all and som, ther n'is no more to sain. 11910

The Philosophre answerd; leve brother,
Everich of you did gentilly to other:
Thou art a squier, and he is a knight,
But God forbede for his blisful might,
But if a clerk coud don a gentil dede
As wel as any of you, it is no drede.

Sire, I relese thee thy thousand pound,
As thou right now were crope out of the ground,
Ne never er now ne haddest knowen me.
For, sire, I wol not take a peny of thee
11920
For all my craft, ne nought for my travaille:
Thou hast ypaied wel for my vitaille.
It is ynough, and sarewel, have good day.
And toke his hors, and forth he goth his way.

Lordings, this question wold I axen now, Which was the moste free, as thinketh you? Now telleth me, or that ye further wende. I can no more, my tale is at an ende.

#### THE DOCTOURES PROLOGUE.

YE, let that passen, quod oure Hoste, as now.
Sire Doctour of Physike, I prey you,
Tell

## THE DOCTOURES PROLOGUE. 163

Tell us a tale of form honest matere.

It shal be don, if that ye wol it here,
Said this doctour, and his tale began anon.

Now, good men, quod he; herkeneth everich on:

## THE DOCTOURES TALE.

THER was, as telleth Titus Livius,
A knight, that cleped was Virginius,
Fulfilled of honour and worthinesse,
And strong of frendes, and of gret richesse.

This knight a doughter hadde by his wif. No children had he mo in all his lif. 11940 Faire was this maid in excellent beautee Aboven every wight that man may fee: For nature hath with foveraine diligence Yformed hire in fo gret excellence, As though she wolde fayn, lo, I nature, Thus can I forme and peint a creature, Whan that me lift; who can me contrefete? Pigmalion? not, though he ay forge and bete. Or grave, or peinte ! for I dare wel fain, Apelles, Xeuxis, shulden werche in vain, 11950 Other to grave, or peinte, or forge, or bete, If they presumed me to contresete. For he that is the former principal, Hath maked me his vicaire general

M 2

Te

To forme and peinten erthly creatures Right as me lift, and eche thing in my cure is Under the mone, that may wane and waxe. And for my werk right nothing wol I axe; My lord and I ben ful of on accord. I made hire to the worship of my lord; 11960 So do I all min other creatures, What colour that they han, or what figures. Thus femeth me that nature wolde fay.

This maid of age twelf yere was and tway, In which that nature hadde fwiche delit. For right as fhe can peint a lily whit And red a rose, right with swiche peinture She peinted hath this noble creature Er fhe was borne, upon hire limmes free, Wheras by right fwiche colours fhulden be: 11970 And Phebus died hath hire treffes grete, Like to the stremes of his burned hete. And if that excellent were hire beautee. A thousand fold more vertuous was she. In hire ne lacked no condition. That is to preise, as by discretion. As wel in goft as body, chaft was fhe : For which she floured in virginitee, With all humilitee and abstinence, With all attemperance and patience,

F1980 With

With mesure eke, of bering and array. Discrete she was in answering alway, Though she were wife as Pallas, dare I sain, Hire facounde eke ful womanly and plain, No contrefeted termes hadde she To semen wise; but after hire degree She spake, and all hire wordes more and lesse Souning in vertue and in gentillesse. Shamefast she was in maidens shamefastnesse. Conftant in herte, and ever in befinesse To drive hire out of idel flogardie: Bacchus had of hire mouth right no maistrie. For wine and youthe don Venus encrese, As men in fire wol caften oile and grefe. And of hire owen vertue unconstreined, She hath hirefelf ful often fike yfeined, For that she wolde fleen the compagnie, Wher likely was to treten of folie, As is at festes, at revels, and at dances, That ben occasions of daliances. Swiche thinges maken children for to be To fone ripe and bold, as men may fee, Which is ful perilous, and hath ben yore; For al to fone may she lernen lore Of boldnesse, whan she woxen is a wif. And ye maistresses in your olde lif,

M 3

That

That lordes doughters han in governance,
Ne taketh of my wordes displesance:
Thinketh that ye ben set in governinges
Of lordes doughters, only for two thinges,
Other for ye han kept your honestee,
Or elles for ye han fallen in freeltee,
And knowen wel ynough the olde dance,
And han forsaken fully swiche meschance
For evermo: therfore for Cristes sake
To teche hem vertue loke that ye ne slake.

A theef of venison, that hath forlast
His likerousnesse, and all his olde crast,
Can kepe a forest best of any man:
Now kepeth hem wel, for if ye wol ye can. 12020
Loke wel, that ye unto no vice assent,
Lest ye be damned for your wikke entent,
For who so doth, a traytour is certain:
And taketh kepe of that I shal you sain;
Of alle treson soveraine pestilence
Is, whan a wight betrayeth innocence.

Ye fathers, and ye mothers eke also,
Though ye han children, be it on or mo,
Your is the charge of all hir surveance,
While that they ben under your governance. 12039
Beth ware, that by ensample of your living,
Or by your negligence in chastising,

That

That they ne perish: for I dare wel saye,

If that they don, ye shul it dere abeye.

Under a shepherd soft and negligent,

The wolf hath many a shepe and lamb to-rent.

Sufficeth this ensample now as here,

For I mote turne agen to my matere.

This maid, of which I tell my tale expresse,
She kept hireself, hire neded no maistresse; 12C40
For in hire living maidens mighten rede,
As in a book, every good word and dede,
That longeth to a maiden vertuous:
She was so prudent and so bounteous.
For which the same out sprong on every side
Both of hire beautee and hire bountee wide:
That thurgh the lond they preised hire ech one,
That loved vertue, sauf envie alone,
That fory is of other mannes wele,
And glad is of his sorwe and his unhele.

12050
The doctour maketh this descriptioun.

This maiden on a day went in the toun Toward a temple, with hire mother dere, As is of yonge maidens the manere.

Now was ther than a justice in that toun, That governour was of that regioun: And so befell, this juge his eyen cast Upon this maid, avising hire sul fast,

M 4

As

As she came forth by ther this juge stood:
Anon his herte changed and his mood, 12060
So was he caught with beautee of this maid,
And to himself ful prively he said,
This maiden shal be min for any man.

Anon the fend into his herte ran, And taught him fodenly, that he by fleight This maiden to his purpos winnen might. For certes, by no force, ne by no mede, Him thought he was not able for to spede; For she was strong of frendes, and eke she Confermed was in swiche foveraine bountee, 12070 That wel he wift he might hire never winne, As for to make hire with hire body finne, For which with gret deliberatioun He fent after a cherl was in the toun, The which he knew for fotil and for bold. This juge unto this cherl his tale hath told In fecree wife, and made him to enfure, He shulde tell it to no creature, And if he did, he shulde lese his hede. And whan affented was this curfed rede, Glad was the juge, and maked him gret chere, And yaf him yeftes precious and dere.

Whan shapen was all hir conspiracie Fro point to point, how that his lecherie

Parformed

Parformed shulde be ful sotilly, As ye shul here it after openly, Home goth this cherl, that highte Claudius. This false juge, that highte Appius, (So was his name, for it is no fable, But knowen for an historial thing notable; 12090 The fentence of it foth is out of doute) This false juge goth now fast aboute To hasten his delit all that he may. And so befell, sone after on a day This false juge, as telleth us the storie. As he was wont, fat in his confistorie, And yaf his domes upon fondry cas; This false cherl came forth a ful gret pas, And faide; lord, if that it be your will, As doth me right upon this pitous bill, In which I plaine upon Virginius. And if that he wol fayn it is not thus, I wol it preve, and finden good witnesse, That foth is that my bille wol expresse.

The juge answerd, of this in his absence I may not yeve diffinitif sentence.

Let don him call, and I wol gladly here;

Thou shalt have right, and no wrong as now here.

Virginius came to wete the juges will,
And right anon was red this curfed bill;
The

The sentence of it was as ye shul here.

To you, my lord fire Appius so dere,
Sheweth your poure servant Claudius,
How that a knight called Virginius,
Agein the lawe, agein all equitee,
Holdeth, expresse agein the will of me,
My servant, which that is my thral by right,
Which from min hous was stolen on a night
While that she was ful yong, I wol it preve
By witnesse, lord, so that it you not greve; 1212e
She n'is his doughter nought, what so he say.
Wherfore to you, my lord the juge, I pray;
Yelde me my thral, if that it be your will.
Lo, this was all the sentence of his bill.

Virginius gan upon the cherl behold;
But hastily, er he his tale told,
And wold han preved it, as shuld a knight,
And eke by witnessing of many a wight,
That all was false, that said his adversary,
This cursed juge wolde nothing tary,
Ne here a word more of Virginius,
But yave his jugement, and saide thus.

I deme anon this cherl his fervant have.

Thou shalt no lenger in thin hous hire save.

Go bring hire forth, and put hire in our ward.

The cherl shal have his thral; thus I award.

And

And whan this worthy knight Virginius,
Thurgh sentence of this justice Appius,
Muste by force his dere doughter yeven
Unto the juge, in lecherie to liven,
He goth him home, and set him in his hall,
And let anon his dere doughter call:
And with a face ded as ashen cold,
Upon hire humble face he gan behold,
With sadres pitee stiking thurgh his herte,
Al wold he from his purpos not converte.

Doughter, quod he, Virginia by thy name, Ther ben two waies, other deth or shame, That thou must suffre, alas that I was bore! For never thou deservedest wherfore 12150 To dien with a fwerd or with a knif. O dere doughter, ender of my lif, Which I have fostred up with swiche plesance, That thou were never out of my remembrance; O doughter, which that art my laste wo, And in my lif my laste joye also, O gemme of chaftitee, in patience Take thou thy deth, for this is my fentence; For love and not for hate thou must be ded, My pitous hond must smiten of thin hed. 12160 Alas that ever Appius thee fay! Thus hath he falfely juged thee to-day.

And

And told hire all the cas, as ye before Han herd, it nedeth not to tell it more.

O mercy, dere father, quod this maid.

And with that word she both hire armes laid

About his necke, as she was wont to do,

(The teres brast out of hire eyen two,)

And said, O goode father, shal I die?

Is ther no grace? is ther no remedie?

No certes, dere doughter min, quod he. Than yeve me leifer, father min, quod fhe, My deth for to complaine a litel space: For rarde lepte yave his doughter grace For to complaine, or he hire flow, alas! And God it wot, nothing was hire trespas, But for she ran hire father first to see, To welcome him with gret folempnitee. And with that word she fell as woune anon, And after, whan hire fwouning was agon, 12180 She rifeth up, and to hire father faid: Bleffed be God, that I shal die a maid. Yeve me my deth, or that I have a shame, Doth with your child your wille a goddes name. And with that word she praied him ful oft, That with his fwerd he wolde finite hire foft; And with that word, aswoune again she fell. Hire father, with ful forweful herte and will,

Hire

Hire hed of finote, and by the top it hent,
And to the juge he gan it to prefent,
As he fat yet in dome in confiftorie.

And whan the juge it faw, as faith the storie,
He bad to take him, and anhang him fast.
But right anon a thousand peple in thrast
To save the knight, for routh and for pitee,
For knowen was the false iniquitee.

The peple anon had suspect in this thing
By maner of the cherles chalenging,
That it was by the assent of Appius;
They wisten wel that he was lecherous.

Tor which unto this Appius they gon,
And caste him in a prison right anon,
Wheras he slow himself: and Claudius,
That servant was unto this Appius,
Was demed for to hange upon a tree;
But that Virginius of his pitee
So prayed for him, that he was exiled,
And elles certes had he ben begiled:
The remenant were anhanged, more and lesse,
That were consentant of this cursednesse.

12210

Here men may see how sin hath his merite:
Beth ware, for no man wot whom God wol smite
In no degree, ne in which maner wise
The worme of conscience may agrise

OF

Of wicked lif, though it so privee be,
That no man wote therof, sauf God and he:
For be he lewed man or elles lered,
He n'ot how sone that he shal ben afered.
Therfore I rede you this conseil take,
Forsaketh sinne, or sinne you forsake.

12220

#### THE PARDONERES PROLOGUE:

Our Hoste gan to swere as he were wood;
Harow! (quod he) by nailes and by blood,
This was a false cherl, and a false justice.
As shameful deth, as herte can devise,
Come to thise juges and hir advocas.
Algate this sely maide is slain, alas!
Alas! to dere abought she hire beautee.
Wherfore I say, that al day man may see,
That yestes of fortune and of nature
Ben cause of deth to many a creature.

12236
Hire beautee was hire deth, I dare wel sain;
Alas! so pitously as she was slain.
Of bothe yestes, that I speke of now,
Men han sul often more for harm than prow.

But trewely, min owen maister dere, This was a pitous tale for to here: But natheles, passe over, is no force. I pray to God so save thy gentil corps,

And

And eke thyn urinals, and thy jordanes, Thin ypocras, and eke thy galianes, 12240 And every boist ful of thy letuarie, God bleffe hem and our lady Seinte Marie. So mote I the, thou art a propre man, And like a prelat by Seint Ronian: Said I not wel? I cannot speke in terme; But wel I wot, thou doft min herte to erme, That I have almost caught a cardiacle: By corpus domini but I have triacle, Or elles a draught of moift and corny ale, Or but I here anon a mery tale, 12250 Myn herte is lost for pitee of this maid. Thou bel amy, thou pardoner, he faid, Tel us fom mirth of japes right anon.

It shal be don, quod he, by Seint Ronion. But first (quod he) here at this ale-stake I wol both drinke, and biten on a cake. But right anon thise gentiles gan to crie;

Nay, let him tell us of no ribaudrie.

Tell us fom moral thing, that we mow lere,

Som wit, and thanne wol we gladly here.

12260

I graunte ywis, quod he, but I must thinke

Upon som honest thing, while that I drinke.

### THE PARDONERES TALE.

LORDINGS, quod he, in chirche whan I preche, I peine me to have an hautein speche,

"And

## 176 THE PARDONERES TALE:

And ring it out, as round as goth a bell; For I can all by rote that I tell. My teme is alway on, and ever was; Radix malorum est cupiditas.

First I pronounce whennes that I come, And than my bulles shew I all and some: Our liege lordes fele on my patente, That shew I first my body to warrente, That no man be so bold, ne preest ne clerk; Me to disturbe of Cristes holy werk. And after that than tell I forth my tales. Bulles of popes, and of cardinales, Of patriarkes, and bishoppes I shewe, And in Latin I speke a wordes fewer To faffron with my predication, And for to stere men to devotion: 12280 Than shew I forth my longe cristal stones, Ycrammed ful of cloutes and of bones, Relikes they ben, as wenen they echon,

Than have I in laton a shulder bone, Which that was of an holy iewes shepe.

Good men, fay I, take of my wordes kepe! If that this bone be washe in any well, If cow, or calf, or shepe, or oxe swell, That any worm hath ete, or worm ystonge, Take water of that well, and wash his tonge,

And

And it is hole anon: and forthermore
Of pockes, and of scab, and every fore
Shal every shepe be hole, that of this well
Drinketh a draught; take kepe of that I tell.

If that the good man, that the bestes oweth,
Wol every weke, er that the cok him croweth,
Fasting ydrinken of this well a draught,
As thilke holy Jew our eldres taught,
His bestes and his store shal multiplie.
And, sires, also it heleth jalousse.
For though a man be falle in jalous rage,
Let maken with this water his potage,
And never shal he more his wif mistrist,
Though he the soth of hire defaute wist;
Ål had she taken preestes two or three.

Here is a mitaine eke, that ye may see: He that his hand wol put in this mitaine, He shal have multiplying of his graine, Whan he hath sowen, be it where or ofes, So that he offer pens or elles grotes.

And, men and women, o thing warne I you!

If any wight be in this chirche now,

That hath don finne horrible, fo that he

Dare not for shame of it yshriven be:

Or any woman, be she yong or old,

That hath ymade hire husbond cokewold,

Vol. II.

Swiche

Swiche folk shul han no power ne no grace
To offer to my relikes in this place.
And who so findeth him out of swiche blame,
He wol come up and offer in Goddes name, 12320
And I assoyle him by the auctoritee,
Which that by bulle ygranted was to me.

By this gaude have I wonnen yere by yere An hundred mark, fin I was pardonere. I stonde like a clerk in my pulpet, And whan the lewed peple is down yfet, I preche fo as ye han herd before, And tell an hundred false japes more. Than peine I me to ftretchen forth my necke, And est and west upon the peple I becke, As doth a dove, fitting upon a berne: Myn hondes and my tonge gon fo yerne. That it is joye to fee my befineffe. Of avarice and of swiche cursednesse Is all my preching, for to make hem free To yeve hir pens, and namely unto me. For min entente is not but for to winne, And nothing for correction of finne. I recke never whan that they be beried, Though that hir foules gon a blake beried. 12340 For certes many a predication

For certes many a predication Cometh of time of evil entention;

Som

Som for plefance of folk, and flaterie, To ben avanced by hypocrifie: And fom for vaine glorie, and fom for hate. For whan I dare non other waves debate. Than wol I fling him with my tonge smerte In preching, fo that he shal not afterte To ben defamed falfely, if that he Hath trespased to my brethren or to me. 12350 For though I telle not his propre name, Men shal wel knowen that it is the same By fignes, and by other circumstances. Thus quite I folk, that don us displesances : Thus fpit I out my venime under hewe Of holinesse, to seme holy and trewe. But shortly min entente I wol devise, I preche of nothing but for covetife. Therfore my teme is yet, and ever was, Radix malorum eft cupiditas. 12360

Thus can I preche again the same vice Which that I use, and that is avarice. But though myself be gilty in that sinne, Yet can I maken other solk to twinne From avarice, and sore hem to repente. But that is not my principal entente; I preche nothing but for covetise.

Of this matere it ought ynough suffise.

N 2

Than

Than tell I hem ensamples many on Of olde stories longe time agon. 12370 For lewed peple loven tales olde: Swhiche thinges can they wel report and holde. What? trowen ye, that whiles I may preche And winnen gold and filver for I teche. That I wol live in poverte wilfully? Nay, nay, I thought it never trewely. For I wol preche and beg in fondry londes, I wol not do no labour with min hondes, Ne make baskettes for to live therby, 12380 Because I wol not beggen idelly. I wol non of the apostles contrefete: I wol have money, wolle, chefe, and whete, Al were it yeven of the pourest page, Or of the pourest widewe in a village: Al shulde hire children sterven for famine. Nav. I wol drinke the licour of the vine. And have a joly wenche in every toun.

But herkeneth, lordings, in conclusioun, Your liking is that I shal tell a tale. Now I have dronke a draught of corny ale, 12390 By God I hope I shal you tell a thing, That shal by reson ben at your liking: For though myself be a ful vicious man, A moral tale yet I you tellen can,

Which

Which I am wont to prechen, for to winne. Now hold your pees, my tale I wol beginne.

In Flandres whilom was a compagnie
Of yonge folk, that haunteden folie,
As hasard, riot, stewes, and tavernes;
Wheras with harpes, lutes, and giternes,
They dance and plaie at dis bothe day and night,
And ete also, and drinke over hir might;
Thurgh which they don the devil sacrifice
Within the devils temple, in cursed wise,
By superfluitee abhominable.
Hir othes ben so gret and so damnable,
That it is grisly for to here hem swere.
Our blisful lordes body they to-tere;
Hem thought the Jewes rent him not ynough;
And eche of hem at others sinne lough,

12410

And right anon in comen tombesteres
Fetis and smale, and yonge fruitesteres,
Singers with harpes, baudes, wasereres,
Which ben the veray devils officeres,
To kindle and blow the fire of lecherie,
That is annexed unto glotonie.
The holy writ take I to my witnesse,
That luxurie is in wine and dronkenesse.

N 3

Lo,

Lo, how that dronken Loth unkindely
Lay by his daughters two unwetingly,
So dronke he was he n'ifte what he wrought.

Herodes, who so wel the stories sought, Whan he of wine replete was at his feste, Right at his owen table he yave his heste To sleen the Baptist John sul gilteles.

Seneca faith a good word douteles:

He faith he can no difference find

Betwix a man that is out of his mind,

And a man whiche that is dronkelew:

But that woodnesse, yfallen in a shrew,

Persevereth lenger than doth dronkenesse.

O glotonie, full of cursednesse;
O cause first of our confusion,
O original of our damnation,
Til Crist had bought us with his blood again,
Loketh, how dere, shortly for to fain,
Abought was thilke cursed vilanie:
Corrupt was all this world for glotonie,

Adam our father, and his wif also, Fro Paradis, to labour and to wo, Were driven for that vice, it is no drede. For while that Adam fasted, as I rede, He was in Paradis, and whan that he Ete of the fruit desended on a tree,

Anon

12440

Anon he was out cast to wo and peine.

O glotonie, on thee wel ought us plaine.

O, wift a man how many maladies Folwen of excesse and of glotonies, He wolde ben the more mejurable Of his diete, fitting at his table. 12450 Alas! the shorte throte, the tendre mouth, Maketh that Eft and West, and North and South. In erthe, in air, in water, men to-fwinke, To gete a gloton deintee mete and drinke. Of this matere, O Poule, wel canst thou trete. Mete unto wombe, and wombe eke unto mete Shal God deftroien bothe, as Paulus faith. Alas! a foule thing is it by my faith To fay this word, and fouler is the dede, Whan man fo drinketh of the white and rede. That of his throte he maketh his privee 12461 Thurgh thilke curfed fuperfluitee.

The Apostle saith weping ful pitously,
Ther walken many, of which you told have I,
I say it now weping with pitous vois,
That they ben enemies of Cristes crois:
Of whiche the end is deth, womb is hir God,
O wombe, O belly, stinking is thy cod,
Fulfilled of dong and of corruptioun;
At either end of thee soule is the soun,

N 4

How

How gret labour and cost is thee to find!
Thise cokes how they stamp, and strein, and grind,
And turnen substance into accident,
To sulfill all thy likerous talent!
Out of the harde bones knocken they
The mary, for they casten nought away,
That may go thurgh the gullet soft and sote:
Of spicerie, of leef, of barke, and rote,
Shal ben his sause ymaked by delit
To make him yet a newer appetit.

12480
But certes he, that haunteth swiche delices,
Is ded, while that he liveth in tho vices.

A lecherous thing is wine, and dronkenesse.

Is ful of striving and of wretchednesse.

O dronken man, disfigured is thy face,

Sour is thy breth, foul art thou to enbrace:

And thurgh thy dronken nose semeth the soun,

As though thou saidest ay, Sampsoun, Sampsoun:

And yet, God wot, Sampsoun dronk never no wine.

Thou fallest, as it were a stiked swine:

12490

Thy tonge is lost, and all thin honest cure,

For dronkenesse is veray sepulture

Of mannes wit, and his discretion.

In whom that drinke hath domination,

He can no conseil kepe, it is no drede.

Now kepe you fro the white and fro the rede,

And

And namely fro the white wine of Lepe,
That is to fell in Fishftrete and in Chepe.
This wine of Spaigne crepeth subtilly
In other wines growing faste by,
Of which ther riseth swiche sumositee,
That whan a man hath dronken draughtes three,
And weneth that he be at home in Chepe,
He is in Spaigne, right at the toun of Lepe,
Not at the Rochell, ne at Burdeux toun;
And thanne wol he say, Sampsoun, Sampsoun.

But herkeneth, lordings, o word, I you pray,
That all the foveraine actes, dare I fay,
Of victories in the Olde Testament,
Thurgh veray God, that is omnipotent,
Were don in abstinence and in prayere:
Loketh the Bible, and ther ye mow it lere.

Loke Attila, the grete conquerour, Died in his slepe, with shame and dishonour, Bleding ay at his nose in dronkenesse: A capitaine shulde live in sobrenesse.

And over all this, aviseth you right wel,
What was commanded unto Lamuel;
Not Samuel, but Lamuel say I.
Redeth the Bible, and find it expressly
Of wine yeving to hem that have justice.
No more of this, for it may wel suffice.

And

And now that I have spoke of glotonie,
Now wol I you defenden hasardrie.
Hasard is veray moder of lesinges,
And of deceite, and cursed forsweringes:
Blaspheming of Crist, manslaughter, and wast also
Of catel, and of time; and forthermo
It is repreve, and contrary of honour,
For to ben hold a commun hasardour.
For to ben hold a commun hasardour.
And ever the higher he is of estat,
The more he is holden desolat.
If that a Prince useth hasarderie,
In alle governance and policie
He is, as by commun opinion,
Yhold the lesse in reputation.

Stilbon, that was a wife embaffadour,
Was fent to Corinth with ful gret honour
Fro Calidone, to maken hem alliance:
And whan he came, it happed him par chance, 12540
That all the gretest that were of that lond
Yplaying atte hasard he hem fond.
For which, as sone as that it mighte be,
He stale him home agein to his contree,
And sayde ther, I wol not lese my name,
Ne wol not take on me so gret desame,
You for to allie unto non hasardours.
Sendeth som other wise embassadours,

For

For by my trouthe, me were lever die, Than I you shuld to hasardours allie. For ye, that ben fo glorious in honours, Shal not allie you to non hafardours, As by my wille, ne as by my tretee. This wife philosophre thus fayd he.

Loke eke how to the king Demetrius The king of Parthes, as the book fayth us. Sent him a pair of dis of gold in fcorne, For he had used hasard therbeforne: For which he held his glory and his renoun At no value of reputatioun. 12560 Lordes may finden other maner play Honest ynough to drive the day away.

Now wol I fpeke of othes false and grete A word or two, as olde bookes trete. Gret fwering is a thing abhominable, And false swering is yet more reprevable. The highe God forbad fwering at al, Witnesse on Mathew: but in special Of fwering fayth the holy Jeremie, Thou shalt swere foth thin othes, and not lie;12570 And fwere in dome, and eke in rightwifnesse; But idel fwering is a curfednesse.

Behold and see, that in the firste table Of highe Goddes heftes honourable,

How

How that the fecond heft of him is this, Take not my name in idel or amis. Lo, rather he forbedeth fwiche fwering, Than homicide, or many an other thing. I fay that as by ordre thus it stondeth: This knoweth he that his heftes understondeth, 12586 How that the fecond heft of God is that. And forthermore, I wol thee tell all plat, That vengeance shal not parten from his hous, That of his othes is outrageous. By Goddes precious herte, and by his nailes, And by the blood of Crift, that is in Hailes, Seven is my chance, and thin is cink and treve: By Goddes armes, if thou falfly pleye, This dagger shal thurghout thin herte go. This fruit cometh of the bicchel bones two, 12590 Forswering, ire, falsenesse, and homicide.

Now for the love of Crist that for us dide, Leteth your othes, bothe gret and smale. But, sires, now wol I tell you forth my tale.

Thise riotoures three, of which I tell,
Long erst or prime rong of any bell,
Were set hem in a taverne for to drinke:
And as they sat, they herd a belle clinke
Beforn a corps, was caried to his grave:
That on of hem gan callen to his knave,

12600 Go Go bet, quod he, and axe redily, What corps is this, that passeth here forth by: And loke that thou report his name wel.

Sire, quod this boy, it nedeth never a del;
It was me told or ye came here two houres;
He was parde an old felaw of youres,
And fodenly he was yflain to-night,
Fordronke as he fat on his benche upright,
Ther came a privee theef, men clepen Deth,
That in this contree all the peple fleth,
And with his fpere he finote his herte atwo,
And went his way withouten wordes mo.
He hath a thousand flain this pestilence:
And, maister, or ye come in his presence,
Me thinketh that it were ful necessarie
For to beware of swiche an adversarie:
Beth redy for to mete him evermore.
Thus taughte me my dame, I say no more.

By Seinte Marie, fayd this tavernere,
The child fayth foth, for he hath flain this yere 12620
Hens over a mile, within a gret village,
Both man and woman, child, and hyne, and page;
I trowe his habitation be there:
To ben avifed gret wifdome it were,
Or that he did a man a difhonour.

Ye, Goddes armes, quod this riotour,

Is it fwiche peril with him for to mete?

I shal him seke by stile and eke by strete.

I make a vow by Goddes digne bones.

Herkeneth, selawes, we three ben alle ones: 12636

Let eche of us hold up his hond to other,

And eche of us becomen others brother,

And we wol slen this false traitour deth:

He shal be slain, he that so many sleth,

By Goddes dignitee, or it be night.

To geder han thise three hir trouthes plight
To live and dien eche of hem for other,
As though he were his owen boren brother.
And up they stert al dronken in this rage,
And forth they gon towardes that village,
Of which the taverner had spoke beforn,
And many a grisly oth than have they sworn,
And Cristes blessed body they to-rent;
Deth shal be ded, if that we may him hent.

Whan they han gon not fully half a mile, Right as they wold han troden over a stile, An olde man and a poure with hem mette. This olde man ful mekely hem grette, And sayde, thus; Now, lordes, God you see.

The proudest of thise riotoures three 12650 Answerd agen; What? cherl, with sory grace, Why art thou all forwrapped save thy face?

Why

Why livest thou so longe in so gret age? This olde man gan loke in his visage, And favde thus: For I ne cannot finde A man, though that I walked into Inde. Neither in citee, ne in no village, That wolde change his youthe for min age: And therfore mote I han min age still As longe time as it is Goddes will. 12660 Ne deth, alas! ne will not han my lif. Thus walke I like a resteles caitif, And on the ground, which is my modres gate, I knocke with my staf, erlich and late, And fay to hire, Leve mother, let me in. Lo, how I vanish, flesh, and blood, and skin: Alas! whan shul my bones ben at reste? Mother, with you wold I changen my chefte, That in my chambre longe time hath be, Ye, for an heren clout to wrap in me. 12670 But yet to me she wol not don that grace, For which ful pale and welked is my face.

But, fires, to you it is no curtesie
To speke unto an olde man vilanie,
But he trespase in word or elles in dede.
In holy writ ye moun yourselven rede;
Ageins an olde man, hore upon his hede,
Ye shuld arise: therfore I yeve you rede,

No

Ne doth unto an olde man non harm now,
No more than that ye wold a man did you
12686
In age, if that ye may fo long abide.
And God be with you, wher ye go or ride.
I moste go thider as I have to go.

Nay, olde cherl, by God thou shalt not so, Sayde this other hasardour anon;
Thou partest not so lightly by Seint John.
Thou spake right now of thilke traitour deth,
That in this contree all our frendes sleth;
Have here my trouth as thou art his espie;
Tell wher he is, or thou shalt it abie,
12696
By God and by the holy Sacrement;
For sothly thou art on of his assent
To slen us younge solk, thou salse these.

Now, fires, quod he, if it be you so lese
To finden deth, tourne up this croked way,
For in that grove I lest him by my fay
Under a tree, and ther he wol abide;
Ne for your bost he wol him nothing hide.
Se ye that oke? right ther ye shuln him find.
God save you, that bought agen mankind,
12700
And you amende; thus sayd this olde man.

And everich of thise riotoures ran,
Til they came to the tree, and ther they found
Of Floreins fine of gold youined round,

Wel

Wel nigh an eighte bushels, as hem thought.
No lenger as than after deth they fought,
But eche of hem so glad was of the fight,
For that the floreins ben so faire and bright,
That down they sette hem by the precious hord.
The werste of hem he spake the firste word. 12710

Brethren, quod he, take kepe what I shal fay; My wit is gret, though that I bourde and play. This tresour hath fortune unto us yeven In mirth and jolitee our lif to liven, And lightly as it cometh, fo wol we spend. Ey, Goddes precious dignitee, who wend To-day, that we shuld han so faire a grace? But might this gold be caried fro this place Home to myn hous, or elles unto youres, (For wel I wote that all this gold is oures) Thanne were we in high felicitee. But trewely by day it may not be; Men wolden fay that we were theeves ftrong, And for our owen trefour don us hong. This trefour must yearied be by night As wifely and as fleighly as it might. Wherfore I rede, that cut among us alle We drawe, and let fee wher the cut wol falle: And he that hath the cut, with herte blith, Shal rennen to the toun, and that ful fwith, 12730 VOL. II.

And bring us bred and win ful prively:
And two of us shal kepen subtilly
This tresour wel: and if he wol not tarien,
Whan it is night, we wol this tresour earien.
By on assent, wher as us thinketh best.

That on of hem the cut brought in his felt,
And bad hem drawe and loke wher it wold falle,
And it fell on the yongest of hem alle:
And forth toward the toun he went anon.
And al so sone as that he was agon,
That on of hem spake thus unto that other;
Thou wotest wel thou art my sworen brother,
Thy profite wol I tell thee right anon.
Thou wost wel that our felaw is agon,
And here is gold, and that sul gret plentee,
That shal departed ben among us three.
But natheles, if I can shape it so,
That it departed were among us two,
Had I not don a frendes turn to thee?

That other answerd, I n'ot how that may be: He wote wel that the gold is with us tweye. 12751 What shuln we don? what shuln we to him seye?

Shal it be confeil? fayd the firste shrewe;
And I shal tellen thee in wordes fewe
What we shul don, and bring it wel aboute.

I grante, quod that other, out of doute.

That

That by my trouth I wol thee not bewreie.

Now, quod the first, thou wost wel we ben tweie, And tweie of us shul strenger be than on.

Loke, whan that he is set, thou right anon 12760 Arise, as though thou woldest with him play; And I shal rive him thurgh the sides tway, While that thou stroglest with him as in game, And with thy dagger loke thou do the same; And than shal all this gold departed be, My dere frend, betwixen thee and me:

Than moun we bothe our lustes al sulfille, And play at dis right at our owen wille.

And thus accorded ben thise shrewes tweye,

To slen the thridde, as we han herd me seye. 12770

This yongest, which that wente to the toun, Ful oft in herte he rolleth up and down
The beautee of thise slove in newe and bright.
O Lord, quod he, if so were that I might
Have all this tresour to myself alone,
Ther n'is no man that liveth under the trone
Of God, that shulde live so mery as I.
And at the last the fend our enemy
Putte in his thought, that he shuld poison beye,
With which he mighte slen his selaws tweye. 12785
For why, the fend fond him in swiche living,
That he had leve to forwe him to bring.

0 2

For

For this was outrely his ful entente

To flen hem both, and never to repente.

And forth he goth, no lenger wold he tary,
Into the toun unto a Potecary,
And praied him that he him wolde fell
Som poison, that he might his ratouns quell.
And eke ther was a polkat in his hawe,
That, as he sayd, his capons had yslawe: 12790
And sayn he wolde him wreken, if he might,
Of vermine, that destroied hem by night.

The Potecary answerd, Thou shalt have A thing, as wisly God my soule fave, In all this world ther n'is no creature, That ete or dronke hath of this confecture, Not but the mountance of a corne of whete, That he ne shal his lif anon forlete; Ye, sterve he shal, and that in lesse while, Than thou wolt gon a pas not but a mile: 12800 This poison is so strong and violent.

This curfed man hath in his hond yhent
This poison in a box, and swithe he ran
Into the nexte strete unto a man,
And borwed of him large botelles three;
And in the two the poison poured he;
The thridde he kepte clene for his drinke,
For all the night he shope him for to swinke

In carying of the gold out of that place.

And whan this riotour with fory grace 12810 Hath filled with win his grete botelles three, To his felawes agen repaireth he.

What nedeth it therof to fermon more?

For right as they had cast his deth before,
Right so they han him slain, and that anon.

And whan that this was don, thus spake that on;
Now let us sit and drinke, and make us mery,
And afterward we wiln his body bery.

And with that word it happed him par cas,
To take the botelle, ther the poison was,

12820

And dronke, and yave his felaw drinke also,
For which anon they storven bothe two.

But certes I suppose that Avicenne Wrote never in no canon, ne in no senne, Mo wonder signes of empoisoning, Than had thise wretches two or hir ending. Thus ended ben thise homicides two, And eke the salse empoisoner also.

O cursednesse of alle cursednesse!
O traitours homicide! O wickednesse!
O glotonie, luxurie, and hasardrie!
Thou blasphemour of Crist with vilanie,
And othes grete, of usage and of pride!
Alas! mankinde, how may it betide,

0 3

That

That to thy Creatour, which that thee wrought,

And with his precious herte-blood thee bought,

Thou art so false and so unkind, alas!

Now, good men, God foryeve you your trespas;
And ware you fro the sinne of avarice.
Min holy pardon may you all warice,
So that ye offre nobles or starlinges,
Or elles silver broches, spones, ringes.
Boweth your hed under this holy Bulle.
Cometh up, ye wives, and offreth of your wolle;
Your names I entre here in my roll anon;
Into the blisse of heven shul ye gon;
I you assoile by min high powere,
You that wiln offre, as clene and eke as clere.
As ye were borne. Lo, sires, thus I preche;
And Jesu Crist, that is our soules leche,
So graunte you his pardon to receive;
For that is best, I wol you not deceive.

But, fires, o word forgate I in my tale;
I have relikes and pardon in my male,
As faire as any man in Englelond,
Which were me yeven by the Popes hand.
If any of you wol of devotion
Offren, and han min absolution,
Cometh forth anon, and kneleth here adoun,
And mekely receiveth my pardoun.

12860 Or Or elles taketh pardon, as ye wende, Al newe and freshe at every tounes ende, So that ye offren alway newe and newe, Nobles or pens, which that ben good and trewe. It is an honour to everich that is here. That we moun have a fuffifant pardonere To affoilen you in contree as ye ride, For aventures, which that moun betide. Paraventure ther may falle on, or two, Doun of his hors, and breke his necke atwo. Loke, which a feurtee is it to you alle, 12871 That I am in your felawship yfalle, That may affoile you bothe more and laffe, Whan that the foule shal fro the body passe. I rede that our hofte shal beginne, For he is most envoluped in sinne. Come forth, fire hofte, and offre first anon, And thou shalt kiffe the relikes everich on, Ye for a grote; unbokel anon thy purfe.

Nay nay, quod he, than have I Cristes curse.

Let be, quod he, it shal not be, so the ich. 12881

Thou woldest make me kisse thin olde brech,

And swere it were a relike of a seint,

Though it were with thy soundement depeint.

But by the crois, which that Seint Heleine sond,

I wolde I had thin coilons in min hond,

04

Instede

Instede of relikes, or of seintuarie.

Let cut hem of, I wol thee help hem carie; won In They shul be shrined in an hogges tord.

This Pardoner answered not a word; 12899 So wroth he was, no word ne wolde he say.

Now, quod our hofte, I wol no lenger play with thee, ne with non other angry man.

But right anon the worthy knight began,
(Whan that he faw that all the peple lough)
No more of this, for it is right ynough.
Sire Pardoner, be mery and glad of chere;
And ye, fire hoste, that ben to me so dere,
I pray you that ye kisse the Pardoner;
And, Pardoner, I pray thee draw thee ner,
And as we diden, let us laugh and play.
Anon they kissed, and riden forth hir way.

## THE SHIPMANNES PROLOGUE.

OUR hoste upon his stirrops stode anon, and saide; Good men, herkeneth everich on, This was a thristy tale for the nones.

Sire parish preest, quod he, for Goddes bones, and Tell us a tale, as was thy forward yore; I see wel that ye lerned men in lore

Can mochel good, by Goddes dignitee.

The Person him answerd, Benedicite! 12910

What

## THE SHIPMANNES PROLOGUE. 201

What eileth the man, so sinfully to swere?

Our hoste answerd, O Jankin, be ye there?

Now, good men, quod our hoste, herkneth to me.

I smell a loller in the wind, quod he.

Abideth for Goddes digne passion,

For we shul han a predication:

This loller here wol prechen us somwhat.

Nay by my fathers soule, that shal he nat,
Sayde the Shipman, here shal he nat preche,
He shal no gospel glosen here ne teche.
We leven all in the gret God, quod he.
He wolde sowen som difficultee,
Or springen cockle in our clene corne.
And therfore, hoste, I warne thee beforne,
My joly body shal a tale telle,
And I shal clinken you so mery a belle,
That I shal waken all this compagnie:
But it shal not ben of philosophie,
Ne of physike, ne termes queinte of lawe;
Ther is but litel Latin in my mawe.

12930

### THE SHIPMANNES TALE.

A MARCHANT whilom dwelled at Seint Denise,
That riche was, for which men held him wise.
A wif he had of excellent beautee,
And compaignable, and revelous was she,
Which

#### THE SHIPMANNES TALE.

Which is a thing that causeth more dispence,
Than worth is all the chere and reverence,
That men hem don at festes and at dances.
Swiche salutations and contenances
Passen, as doth a shadwe upon the wall:
But wo is him that payen more for all.
The sely husbond algate he more pay,
He more as clothe and he more us array
All for his owen worship richely:
In which array we dancen josity.
And if that he may not paraventure,
Or elles lust not swiche dispence endure,
But thinketh it is wasted and ylost,
Than more another payen for our cost,
Or lene us gold, and that is perilous.

This noble Marchant held a worthy hous, 12955 For which he had all day so gret repaire For his largesse, and for his wis was faire, That wonder is: but herkeneth to my tale.

Amonges all thise gestes gret and smale,
Ther was a Monk, a faire man and a bold.
I trow a thritty winter he was old,
That ever in on was drawing to that place.
This yonge Monk, that was so faire of face,
Acquainted was so with this goode man,
Sithen that his firste knowlege began,

12960 That As it possible is any frend to be.

And for as mochel as this goode man And eke this Monk, of which that I began, Were bothe two yborne in o village,

The Monk him claimeth, as for cosinage,
And he again him sayd not ones nay,
But was as glad therof, as foule of day:

For to his herte it was a gret plesance.

Thus ben they knit with eterne alliance, 12979.
And eche of hem gan other for to ensure
Of brotherhed, while that hir lif may dure.

Free was Dan John, and namely of dispence
As in that hous, and ful of diligence
To don plesance, and also gret costage:
He not forgate to yeve the leste page
In all that hous; but, after hir degree,
He yave the lord, and sithen his meinee,
Whan that he came, som maner honest thing;
For which they were as glad of his coming 12980
As soule is fayn, whan that the sonne up riseth.
No more of this as now, for it suffiseth.

But so befell, this Marchant on a day Shope him to maken redy his array Toward the toun of Brugges for to fare, To byen ther a portion of ware:

For

## 104 THE SHIPMANNES TALE,

For which he hath to Paris fent anon
A messager, and praied hath Dan John
That he shuld come to Seint Denis, and pleie
With him, and with his wif, a day or tweie, 12990
Or he to Brugges went, in alle wise.

This noble Monk, of which I you devise,
Hath of his Abbot, as him lift, licence,
(Because he was a man of high prudence,
And eke an officer out for to ride,
To seen hir granges, and hir bernes wide)
And unto Seint Denis he cometh anon.

Who was so welcome as my lord Dan John,
Our dere cousin, sul of curtesie?
With him he brought a jubbe of Malvesie, 13000
And eke another sul of sine Vernage,
And volatile, as ay was his usage:
And thus I let hem ete, and drinke, and pleye,
This marchant and this monk, a day or tweye,

The thridde day this marchant up arifeth,
And on his nedes fadly him awifeth:
And up into his countour hous goth he,
To reken with himfelven, wel may be,
Of thilke yere, how that it with him stood,
And how that he dispended had his good,
And if that he encresed were or non.
His bookes and his bagges many on

He layth beforn him on his counting bord. Ful riche was his trefour and his hord; For which ful fast his countour dore he shet; And eke he n'olde no man shuld him let Of his accountes, for the mene time: And thus he sit, til it was passed prime.

Dan John was rifen in the morwe also,
And in the gardin walketh to and fro,
And hath his thinges sayd ful curteilly.

This goode wif came walking prively
Into the gardin, ther he walketh foft,
And him falueth, as fhe hath don oft:
A maiden child came in hire compagnie,
Which as hire luft fhe may governe and gie,
For yet under the yerde was the maide.

O dere cosin min Dan John, she saide, What aileth you so rathe for to arise?

Nece, quod he, it ought ynough fuffise 13030 Five houres for to slepe upon a night:
But it were for an olde appalled wight,
As ben thise wedded men, that lie and dare,
As in a fourme sitteth a wery hare,
Were al forstraught with houndes gret and smale.
But, dere nece, why be ye so pale?
I trowe certes, that our goode man
Hath you laboured, sith this night began,

That

## 206 THE SHIPMANNES TALE:

That you were nede to resten hastily.

And with that word he lough ful merily,

And of his owen thought he wexe all red.

This faire wif gan for to shake hire hed,
And saied thus; Ye, God wote all, quod she.
Nay, cosin min, it stant not so with me.
For by that God, that yave me soule and lif,
In all the reame of Fraunce is ther no wif,
That lasse lust hath to that sory play:
For I may singe alas and wala wa
That I was borne, but to no wight (quod she)
Dare I not tell how that it stant with me.

13050
Wherfore I thinke out of this lond to wende,
Or elles of myself to make an ende,
So ful am I of drede and eke of care.

This monk began upon this wif to stare,
And sayd, Alas! my nece, God forbede,
That ye for any sorwe, or any drede,
Fordo yourself: but telleth me your grese,
Paraventure I may in your mischese
Conseile or helpe: and therfore telleth me
All your annoy, for it shal ben secree.

For on my Portos here I make an oth,
That never in my lif, for lese ne loth,
Ne shal I of no conseil you bewray.

The same agen to you, quod she, I say.

## THE SHIPMANNES TALE. 101

By God and by this Portos I you fwere,
Though men me wolden all in peces tere,
Ne shal I never, for to gon to helle,
Bewrey o word of thing that ye me tell,
Nought for no cosinage, ne alliance,
But veraily for love and affiance.

13070
Thus ben they sworne, and hereupon they kiste,
And eche of hem told other what hem liste.

Cosin, quod she, if that I had a space,
As I have non, and namely in this place,
Than wold I tell a legend of my lif,
What I have suffred sith I was a wif
With min husbond, al be he your cosin.

Nay, quod this monk, by God and Seint Martin.

He n'is no more cofin unto me,

Than is the leef that hangeth on the tree: 130800.

I clepe him fo by Seint Denis of France

To han the more cause of acquaintance

Of you, which I have loved specially

Aboven alle women sikerly,

This swere I you on my professionn:

Telleth your grese, less that he come adoun,

And hasteth you, and goth away anon.

My dere love, quod she, o my Dan John, Ful lese were me this conseil for to hide, But out it mote, I may no lenger abide.

13090 Myn.

# 208 THE SHIPMANNES TALE:

Myn husbond is to me the werste man, That ever was fith that the world began: But fith I am a wif, it fit not me To tellen no wight of our privetee. Neither in bed, ne in non other place: God shilde I shulde it tellen for his grace; A wif ne shal not fayn of hire husbond But all honour, as I can understond; Save unto you thus moch I tellen shal: As helpe me God, he is nought worth at all, 13100 In no degree, the value of a flie. But yet me greveth most his nigardie: And wel ye wot, that women naturally Defiren thinges fixe, as wel as I. They wolden that hir husbondes shulden be' Hardy, and wife, and riche, and therto free, And buxome to his wif, and fresh a-bedde. But by that ilke Lord that for us bledde. For his honour myselven for to array, A fonday next I muste nedes pay 13110 An hundred franks, or elles am I lorne. Yet were me lever that I were unborne, Than me were don a sclandre or vilanie. And if min husbond eke might it espie, I n'ere but lost; and therfore I you prey Lene me this fumme, or elles mote I dey.

Dan

Dan John, I say, lene me this hundred frankes;
Parde I wol not faille you my thankes,
If that you list to do that I you pray.
For at a certain day I wol you pay,
And do to you what plesance and service
That I may don, right as you list devise:
And but I do, God take on me vengeance,
As soul as ever had Genelon of France.

This gentil monk answerd in this manere;
Now trewely, min owen lady dere,
I have (quod he) on you so grete a routhe,
That I you swere, and plighte you my trouthe,
That whan your husbond is to Flandres fare,
I wol deliver you out of this care,
I wol bringen you an hundred frankes.
And with that word he caught hire by the flankes,
And hire embraced hard, and kifte hire oft.
Goth now your way, quod he, al stille and soft,
And let us dine as some as that ye may,
For by my kalender it is prime of day:
Goth now, and beth as trewe as I shal be.

Now elles God forbede, fire, quod fhe; And forth she goth, as joly as a pie, And bad the cokes that they shuld hem hie, 13140 So that men mighten dine, and that anon. Up to hire husbond is this wif ygon,

Vor. II. P

And

#### THE SHIPMANNES TALE.

And knocketh at his countour boldely.

Qui oft la? quod he. Peter, it am I,

Quod she. What, sire, how longe wol ye fast?

How longe time wol ye reken and east

Your summes, and your bookes, and your thinges?

The devil have part of all swiche rekeninges.

Ye han ynough parde of Goddes sonde.

Come down to-day, and let your bagges stonde.

Ne be ye not assamed, that Dan John

1375.

Shal fasting all this day elenge gon?

What? Iet us here a masse, and go we dine.

Wif, quod this man, litel canst thou divine
The curious befinesse that we have:
For of us chapmen, all so God me save,
And by that lord that eleped is Seint Ive,
Scarsly amonges twenty, ten shul thrive
Continuelly, lasting unto oure age.
We moun wel maken chere and good visage, 13160.
And driven forth the world as it may be,
And kepen oure estat in privitee,
Til we be ded, or elles that we play.
A pilgrimage, or gon out of the way.
And therfore have I gret necessitee
Upon this queinte world to avisen me.
For evermore mote we stond in drede
Of hap and fortune in our chapmanhede.

To Flandres wol I go to-morwe at day, And come agein as fone as ever I may: 13170 For which, my dere wif, I thee beleke As be to every wight buxom and meke, And for to kepe our good be curious, And honeftly governe wel our hous: Thou haft ynough, in every maner wife, That to a thrifty houshold may suffice: Thee lacketh non array, ne no vitaille; Of filver in thy purie fhalt thou not faille: And with that word his countour dore he fliette; And down he goth; no lenger wold he lette; And hastily a masse was ther saide, And spedily the tables were ylaide, And to the diner faste they hem spedde, And richely this monk the chapman fedde:

And after diner Dan John sobrely
This chapman toke apart, and prively
He said him thus; Cosin, it stondeth so,
That, wel I see, to Brugges ye wol go,
God and Seint Austin spede you and gide.
I pray you, cosin, wisely that ye ride;
Governeth you also of your diete
Attemprely, and namely in this hete:
Betwix us two nedeth no strange fare;
Farewel, cosin, God shilde you fro care.

- 16

P 2

#### 212 THE SHIPMANNES TALE.

If any thing ther be by day or night,

If it lie in my power and my might,

That ye me wol command in any wife,

It shal be don, right as ye wol devise.

But o thing or ye go, if it may be,

I wolde prayen you for to lene me 13200

An hundred frankes for a weke or tweye,

For certain bestes that I muste beye,

To storen with a place that is oures:

(God helpe me so, I wold that it were youres)

I shal not faille surely of my day,

Not for a thousand frankes, a mile way.

But let this thing be secree, I you preye;

For yet to-night thise bestes mote I beye.

And fare now wel, min owen cosin dere,

Grand mercy of your cost and of your chere. 13210

This noble marchant gentilly anon
Answerd and said, O cosin min Dan John,
Now sikerly this is a smal requeste:
My gold is youres, whan that it you leste,
And not only my gold, but my chaffare:
Take what you lest, God shilde that ye spare.
But o thing is, ye know it wel ynough
Of chapmen, that hir money is hir plough.
We moun creancen while we han a name,
But goodles for to ben it is no game.

13220

Pay

Thise hundred frankes set he forth anon,
And prively he toke hem to Dan John:
No wight in al this world wist of this lone,
Saving this marchant, and Dan John alone.
They drinke, and speke, and rome a while and pleye,
Til that Dan John rideth to his abbeye.

The morwe came, and forth this marchant rideth.

To Flandres ward, his prentis wel him gideth,

Til he came in to Brugges merily.

13231

Now goth this marchant faste and besily

About his nede, and bieth, and creanceth;

He neither playeth at the dis, ne danceth;

But as a marchant, shortly for to tell,

He ledeth his lif, and ther I let him dwell.

The fonday next the marchant was agon,
To Seint Denis ycomen is Dan John,
With croune and berde all fresh and newe yshave,
In all the hous ther n'as so litel a knave,
Is all the house ther n'as so litel a knave,
Is all the house ther n'as fo litel a knave,
Is all the house ther n'as fo litel a knave,
Is all the house ther n'as ful fain,
For that my lord Dan John was come again.
And shortly to the point right for to gon,
This faire wis accordeth with Dan John,
That for thise hundred frankes he shuld all night
Haven hire in his armes bolt upright:

P :

And

## 214 THE SHIPMANNES TALE.

And this accord parformed was in dede.

In mirth all night a befy lif they lede

Til it was day, that Dan John yede his way,

And bad the meinie farewel, have good day. 13250

For non of hem, ne no wight in the toun,

Hath of Dan John right non fuspectioun;

And forth he rideth home to his abbey,

Or wher him lifte, no more of him I fey.

This marchant, whan that ended was the faire, To Seint Denis he gan for to repaire, And with his wif he maketh feste and chere, And telleth hire that chaffare is so dete. That nedes muste be make a chevilance. For he was bonde in a recognitance. 13260 To payen twenty thousand sheldes anon. For which this marchant is to Paris gon To borwe of certain frendes that he hadde A certain frankes, and form with him he ladde. And whan that he was come in to the toun, For gret chiertee and gret affectioun Unto Dan John he goth him first to pleye; Not for to axe or borwe of him moneye, But for to wete and feen of his welfare, And for to tellen him of his chaffare, 13270 As frendes don, whan they ben mette in fere. Dan John him maketh feste and mery chere;

n John him maketh feste and mery chere;
And

And he him tolde agen ful specially, How he had wel ybought and graciously (Thanked be God) all hole his marchandise: Save that he must in alle manere wise Maken a chevisance, as for his beste: And than he shulde ben in joye and refe. Dan John answered, Certes I am fain, That we in hele be comen home again: 13280 And if that I were riche, as have I bliffe, Of twenty thousand sheldes shuld ye not misse, For ye so kindely this other day Lente me gold, and as I can and may I thanke you, by God and by Seint Jame. But natheles I toke unto our Dame, Your wif at home, the fame gold again Upon your benche, she wote it wel certain, By certain tokenes that I can hire tell. Now by your leve, I may no lenger dwell; 13290 Our abbot wol out of this toun anon, And in his compagnie I muste gon. Grete wel our dame, min owen nece swete, And farewel, dere cofin, til we mete.

This marchant which that was ful ware and wife, Creanced hath, and paide eke in Paris
To certain Lumbardes redy in hir hond
The fumme of gold, and gate of hem his bond,

P 4

And

## 216 THE SHIPMANNES TALE.

And home he goth, mery as a popingay.

For wel he knew he stood in swiche array, 13300

That nedes muste he winne in that viage

A thousand frankes, above all his costage.

His wif ful redy mette him at the gate,
As she was wont of old usage algate:
And all that night in mirthe they ben sette,
For he was riche, and clerely out of dette.
Whan it was day, this marchant gan enbrace
His wif all newe, and kiste hire in hire face,
And up he goth, and maketh it ful tough.
No more, quod she, by God ye have ynough:
And wantonly agen with him she plaide,
13311
Til at the last this marchant to hire saide.

By God, quod he, I am a litel wrothe
With you, my wif, although it be me lothe:
And wote ye why? by God, as that I geffe,
That ye han made a manere ftrangeneffe
Betwixen me and my cofin Dan John.
Ye shuld have warned me, or I had gon,
That he you had an hundred frankes paide
By redy token: and held him evil apaide,
I say to the femed so as by his contenance:
(Me semed so as by his contenance)
But natheles by God our heyen king,
I thoughte not to axe of him no thing,

I pray

I pray thee, wif, ne do thou no more fo.

Tell me alway, er that I fro thee go,

If any dettour hath in min absence

Ypaide thee, lest thurgh thy negligence

I might him axe a thing that he hath paide.

This wif was not aferde ne affraide,
But boldely fhe faide, and that anon;
Mary I defie that false monk Dan John,
I kepe not of his tokenes never a del:
He toke me certain gold, I wote it wel.
What? evil thedome on his monkes snoute:
For, God it wote, I wend withouten doute,
That he had yeve it me, because of you,
To don therwith min honour and my prow,
For cosinage, and eke for belle chere,
That he hath had ful often times here.
But sith I see I stonde in swiche disjoint,
I wol answere you shortly to the point.

Ye have mo flakke dettours than am I:

For I wol pay you wel and redily

Fro day to day, and if so be I faille,

I am your wif, score it upon my taile,

And I shal pay as sone as ever I may.

For by my trouth, I have on min array,

And not in waste, bestowed it every del.

And for I have bestowed it so wel

13350 For

# 218 THE SHIPMANNES TALE,

For your honour, for Goddes fake I fay,
As beth not wrothe, but let us laugh and play.
Ye shal my joly body han to wedde;
By God I n'ill not pay you but a-bedde:
Foryeve it me, min owen spouse dere;
Turne hitherward and maketh better chere.

This marchant faw ther was no remedy:
And for to chide, it n'ere but a foly,
Sith that the thing may not amended be.
Now, wif, he faid, and I foryeve it thee;
13360
But by thy lif ne be no more fo large;
Kepe bet my good, this yeve I thee in charge.
Thus endeth now my tale, and God us fende
Taling ynough, unto our lives ende.

# THE PRIORESSES PROLOGUE,

Wer faid by corpus Domini, quod our Hoffe,
Now longe more thou failen by the coffe,
Thou gentil Maister, gentil Marinere.
God give the monke a thousand last quad yere.
A ha, felawes, beth ware of swiche a jape.
The monke put in the mannes hode an ape, 13379
And in his swifes eke, by Seint Austin.
Draweth no monkes more into your in.

But

## THE PRIORESSES PROLOGUE. 22

But now paffe over, and let us feke aboute,
Who shal now tellen first of all this route
Another tale: and with that word he said,
As curteisly as it had ben a maid,

My lady Prioresse, by your leve,
So that I wist I shald you not agree,
I wolde demen, that ye tellen shold
A tale next, is so were that ye wold.

Now wol ye vouchesauf, my lady dere?

Gladly, quod she, and saide as ye shul here.

#### THE PRIORESSES TALE

O Lorn our lord, thy name how merveillous
Is in this large world yfprad! (quod she)
For not al only thy laude precious
Parfourmed is by men of dignitee,
But by the mouth of children thy bountee
Parfourmed is, for on the brest fouking
Somtime shewen they thin herying.

Wherfore in laude, as I can best and may, 13390 Of thee and of the white lily flour, Which that thee bare, and is a maide alway, To tell a storie I wol do my labour; Not that I may encresen hire honour,

For

#### 220 THE PRIORESSES TALE.

For she hireselven is honour and rote work.

Of bountee, next hire sone, and soules bote.

O mother maide, o maide and mother fre,
O bushe unbrent, brenning in Moyses sight,
That ravishedest down fro the deitee,
Thurgh thin humblesse, the gost that in thee alight:
Of whos vertue, whan he thin herte light,
Conceived was the fathers sapience:
Helpe me to tell it in thy reverence.

. I all the tracks defer but is a rather !.

Lady, thy bountee, thy magnificence,
Thy vertue and thy gret humilitee,
Ther may no tonge expresse in no science:
For somtime, lady, or men pray to thee,
Thou gost beforn of thy benignitee,
And getest us the light of thy prayere,
To giden us unto thy sone so dere.

My conning is so weke, o blisful quene,
For to declare thy grete worthinesse,
That I ne may the weighte not sustence;
But as a child of twelf moneth old or lesse,
That can unnethes any word expresse,
Right so fare I, and therfore I you pray,
Gideth my song, that I shal of you say.

THER

# THE PRIORESSES TALE. 221

THER was in Asie, in a gret citee,
Amonges Cristen folk a Jewerie,
Sustened by a lord of that contree,
For foule usure, and lucre of vilanie,
Hateful to Crist, and to his compagnie:
And thurgh the strete men mighten ride and wende,
For it was free, and open at eyther ende.

The Lech His wednesd post force years,

A litel scole of Cristen folk ther stood
Doun at the ferther ende, in which ther were
Children an hepe comen of Cristen blood,
That lerned in that scole yere by yere,
Swiche manere doctrine as men used there:
This is to say, to singen and to rede,
As smale children don in hir childhede.

Among thise children was a widewes sone,
A litel clergion, sevene yere of age,
That day by day to scole was his wone,
And eke also, wheras he sey the image
Of Cristes moder, had he in usage,
As him was taught, to knele adoun, and say
Ave Marie, as he goth by the way.

thou one division of Promit and on

Thus

# THE PRIORESSES TALE

Thus hath this widewe hire litel sone ytaught
Our blisful Lady, Cristes moder dere,
13446
To worship ay, and he forgate it maught:
For sely childe wol alway sone lere:
But ay, whan I remembre on this matere;
Seint Nicholas stant ever in my presence;
For he so yong to Crist did reverence.

This litel childe his litel book lerning,
As he fate in the foole at his primere,
He Alma redemptoris herde fing,
As children lered his antiphonere:
And as he doubt, he drow him nere and nere,
13450
And herkened ay the wordes and the note,
Til he the firste vers coude al by rote.

Nought wish he what this Latin was to say, For he so yonge and tendre was of age; But on a day his selaw gan he pray To expounden him this song in his langage, Or telle him why this song was in usage: This prayde he him to construe and declare, Ful often time upon his knees bare.

His felaw, which that elder was than he, 1346.

Answerd him thus: This song, I have herd say,

Was maked of our blisful Lady fre,

Hire

# THE PRIORESSES TALE 259

Hire to falue, and eke hire for to prey
To ben our help, and focour whan we dey.
I can no more expound in this matere:
I lerne fong, I can but final grammere.

And is this fong maked in reverence
Of Criftes moder? faid this innocent;
Now certes I wol don my diligence
To conne it all, or Criftemasse be went,
Though that I for my primer shal be shent,
And shal be beten thries in an houre,
I wol it conne, our Ladie for to honoure.

on ring any men with a moral and the

His felaw taught him homeward prively
Fro day to day, til he coude it by rote,
And than he fong it wel and boldely
Fro word to word according with the note:
Twies a day it passed thurgh his throte,
To scoleward and homeward whan he wente:
On Cristes moder set was his entente.

13486

As I have faid, thurghout the Jewerie This litel child as he came to and fro, Ful merily than wold he fing and crie, O Alma redemptoris, ever mo:

The swetenesse hath his herte persed so

# 324 THE PRIORESSES TALE.

Of Criftes moder, that to hire to pray

He cannot flint of finging by the way.

Our firste so, the serpent Sathanas,
That hath in Jewes herte his waspes nest,
Up swale and said, O Ebraike peple, alas! 13490
Is this to you a thing that is honest,
That swiche a boy shal walken as him leste
In your despit, and sing of swiche sentence,
Which is again our lawes reverence?

vouse them on as

From themsesforth the Jewes han conspired
This innocent out of this world to chace:
An homicide therto han they hired,
That in an aleye had a privee place,
And as the child gan forthby for to pace,
This cursed Jew him hent, and held him fast,
And cut his throte, and in a pit him cast. 13501

I say that in a wardrope they him threwe, Wher as thise Jewes purgen hir entraille. O cursed folk, of Herodes alle newe, What may your evil entente you availle? Mordre wol out, certein it wol not faille, And namely ther the honour of God shal sprede: The blood out crieth on your cursed dede.

O'martyr

# THE PRIORESSES TALE 225

O martyr fouded in virginitee,
Now maift thou finge, and folwen ever in on
The white lamb celeftial, quod she,
Of which the gret Evangelist Seint John
In Pathmos wrote, which sayth that they that gon
Beforn this lamb, and singe a song al newe,
That never sleshly woman they ne knewe.

This poure widewe awaiteth al that night
After hire litel childe, and he came nought:
For which as sone as it was dayes light,
With face pale of drede and besy thought,
She hath at scole and elles wher him sought,
Til finally she gan so fer aspie,

13521
That he last seen was in the Jewerie.

With modres pitee in hire breft enclosed
She goth, as she were half out of hire minde,
To every place, wher she hath supposed
By likelihed hire litel child to finde:
And ever on Cristes moder make and kinde
She cried, and at the laste thus she wrought,
Among the cursed Jewes she him sought.

She freyneth, and she praieth pitously 13530. To every Jew that dwelled in thilke place, Vol. II.

#### 226 THE PRIORESSES TALE.

To telle hire, if hire child went ought forth by: They fayden, Nay; but Jesu of his grace Yave in hire thought, within a litel space, That in that place after hire sone she cride, Ther he was casten in a pit beside.

O grete God, that parformest thy laude
By mouth of innocentes, lo here thy might!
This gemme of chastitee, this emeraude,
And eke of martirdome the rubie bright,
13540
Ther he with throte yeorven lay upright,
He Alma redemptoris gan to singe
So loude, that all the place gan to ringe.

The Cristen folk, that thurgh the strete wente,
In comen, for to wondre upon this thing:
And hastissy they for the provost sente.
He came anon withouten tarying,
And herieth Crist, that is of heven king,
And eke his moder, honour of mankind,
And after that the Jewes let he binde.

13550

This child with pitous lamentation Was taken up, finging his fong alway: And with honour and gret procession, They carien him unto the next abbey.

His

His moder fwouning by the bere lay;
Unnethes might the peple that was there
This newe Rachel bringen fro his bere.

With turment, and with shameful deth eche on This provost doth thise Jewes for to sterve,
That of this morder wiste, and that anon; 13560
He n'olde no swiche cursednesse observe:
Evil shal he have, that evil wol deserve.
Therfore with wilde hors he did hem drawe,
And after that he heng hem by the lawe.

Upon his bere ay lith this innocent
Beforn the auter while the masse last:
And after that, the abbot with his covent
Han spedde hem for to berie him ful fast:
And whan they holy water on him cast,
Yet spake this child, whan spreint was the holy water,
And sang, o alma redemptoris mater.

13571

This abbot, which that was an holy man, As monkes ben, or elles ought to be,
This yonge child to conjure he began,
And faid; O dere child, I halfe thee
In vertue of the holy Trinitee,
Tell me what is thy cause for to fing,
Sith that thy throte is cut to my seming.

Q 2

My

#### 228 THE PRIORESSES TALE.

My throte is cut unto my nekke bon,
Saide this child, and as by way of kinde
I shuld have deyd, ye longe time agon:
But Jesu Crist, as ye in bookes finde,
Wol that his glory last and be in minde,
And for the worship of his moder dere,
Yet may I sing o alma loude and clere.

Andr Polyter No coll

This welle of mercie, Criftes moder swete,

I loved alway, as after my conning:

And whan that I my lif shulde for lete,

To me she came, and bad me for to sing

This antem veraily in my dying,

13590

As ye han herde, and, whan that I had songe,

Me thought she laid a grain upon my tonge.

Wherfore I fing, and fing I mote certain In honour of that blisful maiden free, Til fro my tonge of taken is the grain. And after that thus faide she to me; My litel child, than wol I fetchen thee, Whan that the grain is fro thy tong ytake: Be not agaste, I wol thee not forsake.

This holy monk, this abbot him mene I, 13600 His tonge out caught, and toke away the grain;

# THE PRIORESSES TALE. 229

And he yave up the gost ful softely.

And whan this abbot had this wonder sein,

His salte teres trilled adoun as reyne:

And groff he sell al platte upon the ground,

And still he lay, as he had ben ybound.

The covent lay eke upon the pavement
Weping and herying Criftes moder dere.
And after that they rifen, and forth ben went,
And toke away this martir fro his bere,
13610
And in a tombe of marble flones clere
Enclosen they his litel body swete:
Ther he is now, God lene us for to mete.

O yonge Hew of Lincoln, flain also
With cursed Jewes, as it is notable,
For it n'is but a litel while ago,
Pray eke for us, we finful folk unstable,
That of his mercy God so merciable
On us his grete mercie multiplie,
For reverence of his moder Marie,

13620

# PROLOGUE TO SIRE THOPAS.

Whan faid was this miracle, every man As fober was, that wonder was to fee, Til that our hoste to japen he began, And than at erst he loked upon me,

Q3

And

# 230 PROLOGUE TO SIRE THOPAS.

And faide thus; What man art thou? quod he. Thou lokest, as thou woldest finde an hare, For ever upon the ground I see thee stare.

Approche nere, and loke up merily.

Now ware you, fires, and let this man have place.

He in the waste is shapen as wel as I: 13630

This were a popet in an arme to enbrace

For any woman, simal and faire of face.

He semeth elvish by his contenance,

For unto no wight doth he daliance.

Say now fomwhat, fin other folk han faide;
Tell us a tale of mirthe and that anon.
Hofte, quod I, ne be not evil apaide,
For other tale certes can I non,
But of a rime I lerned yore agon.
Ye, that is good, quod he, we shullen here 13640
Som deintee thing, me thinketh by thy chere.

# THE RIME OF SIRE THOPAS.

LISTENETH, lordinges, in good entent,
And I wol tel you verament
Of mirthe and of folas,
Al of a knight was faire and gent

Yborne he was in fer contree, In Flandres, al beyonde the fee, At Popering in the place, His father was a man ful free, And lord he was of that contree, As it was Goddes grace.

13650

Sire Thopas was a doughty fwain,
White was his face as paindemaine
His lippes red as rose.
His rudde is like scarlet in grain,
And I you tell in good certain
He had a semely nose.

His here, his berde, was like fafroun,
That to his girdle raught adoun,
His shoon of cordewane;
Of Brugges were his hosen broun;
His robe was of chekelatoun,
That coste many a jane.

13660

He coude hunt at the wilde dere,
And ride on hauking for the rivere

Q4

With

With grey goshauk on honde: Therto he was a good archere, Of wraftling was ther non his pere, Ther ony ram shuld stonde.

Ful many a maide bright in bour They mourned for him par amour, Whan hem were bet to flepe; But he was chafte and no lechour, And fwete as is the bramble flour, That bereth the red hepe.

And fo it fell upon a day, the hard and a black all Forfoth, as I you tellen may, we miller now I bak -Sire Thopas wold out ride; visual 13680 He worth upon his stede gray, And in his hand a launcegay, About his most all A long fwerd by his fide. The all right of the T

His thoon of cordevance

He priketh thurgh a faire forest, Therin is many a wilde best, and to any select all Ye bothe buck and hare, in your show and Y And as he priked North and Est, I telle it you, him had almoste Betidde a fory care, all red unidian no shir bak

1177

Ther

Ther fpringen herbes grete and finale,

The licoris and the fetewale,

And many a cloue gilofre,

And notemuge to put in ale,

Whether it be moift or stale,

Or for to lain in cofre.

The briddes fingen, it is no nay,
The sperhauk and the popingay,
That joye it was to here,
The throstel cok made eke his lay,
The wode dove upon the spray
He sang ful loude and clere.

Sire Thopas fell in love-longing
Al whan he herd the throftel fing.
And priked as he were wood;
His faire stede in his priking
So swatte, that men might him wring,
His sides were al blood.

Sire Thopas eke fo wery was
For priking on the fofte gras,
So fiers was his corage,
That down he laid him in that place
To maken his flede fom folace,
And yaf him good forage.

13710

A, Seinte

A, Seinte Mary, benedicite,
What aileth this love at me
To binde me so fore?
Me dremed all this night parde,
An elf quene shal my lemman be,
And slepe under my gore.

An elf quene wol I love ywis,
For in this world no woman is
Worthy to be my make || in toun,
All other women I forsake,
And to an elf quene I me take
By dale and eke by doun.

Into his fadel he clombe anon,
And priked over stile and ston
An elf quene for to espie,
Til he so long had ridden and gone,
That he sond in a privee wone
The contree of Faerie.

13730

Wherin he foughte North and South,
And oft he spied with his mouth
In many a forest wilde,
For in that contree n'as ther non,
That to him dorst ride or gon,
Neither wif ne childe.

Til

Til that ther came a gret geaunt,
His name was Sire Oliphaunt,
A perilous man of dede,
He fayde, Child, by Termagaunt,
But if thou prike out of myn haunt,
Anon I flee thy ftede || with mace—
Here is the Quene of Faerie,
With harpe, and pipe, and fimphonie,
Dwelling in this place.

13740

The child fayd, Al fo mote I the,
To morwe wol I meten thee,
Whan I have min armoure,
And yet I hope par ma fay,
That thou shalt with this launcegay
Abien it ful foure; || thy mawe
Shal I perce, if I may,
Or it be fully prime of the day,
For here thou shalt be slawe.

13750

Sire Thopas drow abak ful fast;
This geaunt at him stones cast
Out of a fel staffe sling:
But faire escaped child Thopas,
And all it was thurgh Goddes grace,
And thurgh his faire bering.

13760

Yet

Yet lifteneth, lordings, to my tale, Merier than the nightingale, For now I wol you roune, How Sire Thopas with fides smale, Priking over hill and dale, Is comen agein to toune.

His mery men commandeth he. To maken him bothe game and gle, For nedes must he fighte, With a geaunt with hedes three, For paramour and jolitee Of on that shone ful brighte.

13770

Do come, he fayd, my minestrales And geftours for to tellen tales Anon in min arming, Of romaunces that ben reales, Of popes and of cardinales, And eke of love-longing.

They fet him first the swete win, And mede eke in a maselin, And real spicerie, Of ginger-bred that was ful fin, And licoris and eke comin. With fuger that is trie.

He

He didde next his white lere Of cloth of lake fin and clere A breche and eke a sherte, And next his fhert an haketon, And over that an habergeon, 13790 For percing of his herte,

Lo, Londer mun, bere And over that a fin hauberk, Was all ywrought of Jewes werk, Ful strong it was of plate. And over that his cote-armoure. As white as is the lily floure, In which he wold debate.

His sheld was all of gold fo red, And therin was a bores hed, A charboucle befide; 13800 And ther he fwore on ale and bred How that the geaunt shuld be ded. Betide what fo betide.

His jambeux were of cuirbouly, His fwerdes sheth of ivory, His helme of latoun bright, His fadel was of rewel bone, His bridel as the fonne shone, Or as the mone light.

His spere was of fin cypres, That bodeth werre, and nothing pees, The hed ful sharpe yground. His stede was all dapple gray, It goth an aumble in the way Ful foftely and round || in londe -Lo, Lordes min, here is a fit; If ye wol ony more of it, To telle it wol I fond.

Now hold your mouth pour charite, Bothe knight and lady fre, And herkeneth to my fpell, Of bataille and of chevalrie, Of ladies love and druerie, Anon I wol you tell.

Men speken of romaunces of pris, Of Hornchild, and of Ipotis, of min ships Of Bevis, and Sire Guy, Of Sire Libeux, and Pleindamour, But Sire Thopas, he bereth the flour Of real chevalrie.

His goode stede he al bestrode, And forth upon his way he glode,

13830

As

As sparcle out of bronde;
Upon his crest he bare a tour,
And therin stiked a lily slour,
God shilde his corps fro shonde.

And for he was a knight auntrous,

He n'olde slepen in non hous,

But liggen in his hood,

His brighte helm was his wanger,

And by him baited his destrer

Of herbes fin and good.

Himself drank water of the well,
As did the knight Sire Percivell
So worthy under wede,
Til on a day ————

# PROLOGUE TO MELIBEUS.

No more of this for Goddes dignitee,
Quod oure hoste, for thou makest me
So wery of thy veray lewednesse,
That al so wisly God my soule blesse,
Min eres aken of thy drafty speche.
Now swiche a rime the devil I beteche;

13850

This

### 240 PROLOGUE TO MELIBEUS.

This may wel be rime dogerel, quod he. Why fo? quod I, why wolt thou letten me More of my tale, than an other man, Sin that it is the beste rime I can?

By God, quod he, for plainly at o word, Thy drafty riming is not worth a tord: Thou dost nought elles but dispendest time. Sire, at o word, thou shalt no lenger rime. 13860 Let see wher thou canst tellen ought in geste, Or tellen in profe forwhat at the lefte, In which ther be fom mirthe or fom doctrine.

Gladly, quod I, by Goddes fwete pine I wol you tell a litel thing in profe, That oughte liken you, as I suppose, Or elles certes ye be to dangerous. It is a moral tale vertuous, Al be it told fomtime in fondry wife Of fondry folk, as I shal you devise.

13870

As thus, ye wote that every Evangelist, That telleth us the peine of Jesu Crist, Ne faith not alle thing as his felaw doth: But natheles hir fentence is al foth. And alle accorden as in hir fentence, Al be ther in hir telling difference; For fom of hem fay more, and fom fay leffe, Whan they his pitous passion expresse;

I mene

I mene of Mark and Mathew, Luke and John, But douteles hir fentence is all on. 12880 Therfore, lordinges all, I you befeche, If that ye thinke I vary in my speche, As thus, though that I telle form del more Of proverbes, than we han herde before Comprehended in this litel tretife here, To enforcen with the effect of my matere, And though I not the same wordes say As ye han herde, yet to you alle I pray Blameth me not, for, as in my fehtence, Shul ye nowher finden no difference Fro the fentence of thilke tretife lite, After the which this mery tale I write. And therfore herkeneth what I shal say, And let me tellen all my tale I pray.

# THE TALE OF MELIBEUS.

A YONGE man called Melibeus, mighty and riche, begate upon his wif, that called was Prudence, a doughter which that called was Sophie.

Upon a day befell, that he for his disport is went into the feldes him to playe. His wif and eke his doughter hath he last within his Vol. II.

## 242 THE TALE OF MELIBEUS.

hous, of which the dores weren fast yshette. Foure of his olde soos han it espied, and setten ladders to the walles of his hous, and by the windowes ben entred, and beten his wif, and wounded his doughter with five mortal woundes, in five sondry places; this is to say, in hire seet, in hire hondes, in hire eres, in hire nose, and in hire mouth; and lesten hire for dede, and wenten away.

Whan Melibeus retorned was into his hous, and fey al this meschief, he, like a mad man, rending his clothes, gan to wepe and crie.

Prudence his wif, as fer forth as she dorste, besought him of his weping for to stint: but not forthy he gan to crie and wepen ever lenger the more.

This noble wif Prudence remembred hire upon the sentence of Ovide, in his book that cleped is the Remedie of love, wheras he saith; he is a fool that distourbeth the moder to wepe, in the deth of hire childe, til she have wept hire sille, as for a certain time: and than shal a man don his diligence with amiable wordes hire to reconforte and preye hire of hire weping for to stinte. For which reson this noble wif Prudence suffred hire housbond for to wepe and crie, as for a certain space; and whan she saw hire time, she sayde to him in this wise. Alas! my lord, quod she, why make ye youreself for to be like a fool? Forsothe it apperteineth not to a wise man, to maken swiche a sorwe. Youre doughter, with the grace of God; shal warish and escape: And al were it so that she right now were dede, ye ne ought not as for hire deth youreself to destroye. Senek saith; the wise man shal not take to gret discomfort for the deth of his children, but certes he shulde suffren it in patience, as wel as he abideth the deth of his owen propre persone.

This Melibeus answered anon and saide: what man (quod he) shulde of his weping stinte, that hath so gret a cause for to wepe? Jesu Crist, our Lord, himself wepte for the deth of Lazarus his stend. Prudence answered; certes wel I wote, attempre weping is nothing defended, to him that sorweful is, among solk in sorwe, but it is rather graunted him to wepe. The Apostle Poule unto the Romaines writeth; man shal rejoyce with hem that maken joye, and wepen with swiche solk as wepen. But though attempre weping be ygranted, outrageous weping certes is defended. Mesure of weping R 2

#### 244 THE TALE OF MELIBEUS.

shulde be considered, after the lore that techeth us Senek. Whan that thy frend is dede (quod he) let not thin eyen to moiste ben of teres, ne to muche drie: although the teres comen to thin even, let hem not falle. And whan thou haft forgon thy frend, do diligence to get agein another frend: and this is more wisdom than for to wepe for thy frend, which that thou haft lorne, for therin is no bote. And therfore if ye governe you by fapience, put away forwe out of youre herte. Remembreth you that Jesus Sirak fayth; a man that is joyous and glad in herte. it him conserveth florishing in his age: but fothly a forweful, herte maketh his bones drie. He faith eke thus, that forwe in herte fleeth ful many a man. Salomon fayth, that right as mouthes in the shepes steefe anoien to the clothes, and the smale wormes to the tree, right so anoieth forwe to the herte of man. Wherfore us ought as wel in the deth of oure children, as in the loffe of oure goodes temporel, have patience.

Remembre you upon the patient Job, whan he hadde loft his children and his temporel fubstaunce, and in his body endured and received ful many a greyous tribulation, yet fayde he thus:

thus: Oure Lord hath yeve it to me, oure Lord hath beraft it me; right as oure Lord hath wold, right so is it don; yblessed be the name of oure Lord. To thise foresaide thinges answered Melibeus unto his wif Prudence: all thy wordes (quod he) ben trewe, and therto profitable, but trewely min herte is troubled with this sorwe so grevously, that I n'ot what to don. Let calle (quod Prudence) thyn trewe frendes alle, and thy linage, which that ben wise, and telleth to hem your cas, and herkeneth what they saye in conseilling, and governe you after hir sentence. Salomon saith; werke all thinges by conseil, and thou shalt never repente.

Than, by conseil of his wif Prudence, this Melibeus let callen a gret congregation of folk, as surgiens, phisiciens, olde folk and yonge, and som of his olde enemies reconciled (as by hir semblant) to his love and to his grace: and therwithal ther comen some of his neighboures, that diden him reverence more for drede than for love, as it happeth oft. Ther comen also ful many subtil flaterers, and wife Advocats lerned in the lawe.

And whan thise folk togeder assembled weren, this Melibeus in sorweful wise shewed hem his

R 3

# 246 THE TALE OF MELIBEUS,

cas, and by the manere of his speche, it semed that in herte he bare a cruel ire, redy to don vengeraunce upon his soos, and sodeinly desired that the werre shulde beginne, but natheles yet axed he his conseil upon this matere. A surgien, by licence and assent of swiche as weren wise, up rose, and unto Melibeus sayde, as ye moun here.

Sire, (quod he) as to us furgiens apperteineth. that we do to every wight the beste that we can, wher as we ben withholden, and to our patient that we do no damage: wherfore it happeth many time and ofte, that whan twey men han everich wounded other, o fame furgien heleth hem both, wherfore unto our art it is not pertinent to norice werre, ne parties to supporte. But certes, as to the warishing of youre doughter, al be it so that periloufly she be wounded, we shuln do so ententif befinesse fro day to night, that with the grace of God, she shal be hole and found, as sone as is possible. Almost right in the same wife the phisiciens answerden, save that they saiden a fewe wordes more: that right as maladies ben cured by hir contraries, right to thal man warishe werre. His neigheboures ful of envie, his feined frendes that femed reconciled, and his flaterers, maden

maden semblant of weping, and empeired and agregged muchel of this matere, in preysing gretly Melibee of might, of power, of richesse, and of frendes, despising the power of his adversaries: and saiden outrely, that he anon shulde wreken him on his soos, and beginnen werre.

Up rose than an Advocat that was wife, by leve and by confeil of other that were wife, and fayde: Lordinges, the nede for the which we ben affembled in this place, is a ful hevie thing. and an heigh matere, because of the wrong and of the wikkednesse that hath be don, and eke by reson of the grete damages, that in time coming ben possible to fallen for the same cause. and eke by reson of the gret richesse and power of the parties bothe, for the which refons, it were a ful gret peril to erren in this matere. Wherfore, Melibeus, this is oure fentence; we confeille you, aboven alle thing, that right anon thou do thy diligence in keping of thy propre persone, in swiche a wise that thou ne want non espie ne watche, thy body for to save, And after that, we confeille that in thin hous thou fette fuffifant garnison, so that they moun as wel thy body as thy hous defende. But certes for to meeven werre, ne fodenly for to do venge-

R 4

aunce, we moun not deme in so little time that it were profitable. Wherfore we axen leifer and space to have deliberation in this cas to deme; for the comune proverbe faith thus; He that fone demeth, fone shal repente. And eke men fain, that thilke juge is wife, that fone understondeth a matere, and jugeth by leiser. For al be it so, that al tarying be anoiful, algates it is not to repreye in yeving of jugement, ne in vengeance taking, whan it is suffisant and reson-And that shewed our Lord Jesu Crist by enfample, for whan that the woman that was taken in advoutrie, was brought in his presence to knowen what shuld be don with hire persone, al be it that he wift wel himself what that he wolde answere, yet ne wolde he not answere fodeinly, but he wolde have deliberation, and in the ground he wrote twies; and by thise causes we axen deliberation: and we shuln than by the grace of God confeille the thing that shal be profitable.

Up sterte than the yonge folk at ones, and the most partie of that compagnie han scorned this olde wise man, and begonnen to make noise and saiden; Right so as while that iren is hot men shulde sinite, right so men shuln do wreken

hir

hir wronges, while that they ben freshe and newe: and with loude voys they criden werre, werre. Up rose tho on of thise olde wise, and with his hand made countenaunce that men shuld holde hem stille, and yeve him audience. Lordinges, (quod he) ther is ful many a man that crieth werre, werre, that wote ful litel what werre amounteth. Werre at his beginning hath fo gret an entring and fo large, that every wight may enter whan him liketh, and lightly find werre: but certes what end that shal befalle, it is not light to know. For fothly whan that werre is ones begonne, ther is ful many a child unborne of his moder, that shal sterve yong, by cause of thilke werre, other elles live in forwe, and dien in wretchednesse: and therfore or that any werre be begonne, men must have gret conseil and gret deliberation. And whan this olde man wende to enforcen his tale by resons, wel nie alle at ones begonne they to rife, for to breken his tale, and bidden him ful oft his wordes for to abregge. For fothly he that precheth to hem that liften not heren his wordes, his fermon hem anoieth. For Jefus Sirak fayth, that musike in weping is a noious thing. This is to fayn, as muche availleth to fpeke

sto singe beforne him that wepeth. And whan this wise man saw that him wanted audience, al shamefast he sette him down agein. For Salemon saith: ther as thou ne mayst have non audience, enforce thee not to speke. I see wel, (quod this wise man) that the comune proverbe is soth, that good conseil wanteth, whan it is most nede.

Yet had this Melibeus in his confeil many folk, that prively in his ere confeilled him certain thing, and confeilled him the contrary in general audience. Whan Melibeus had herd that the gretest partie of his confeil were accorded that he shulde make werre, anon he confented to hire confeilling, and fully affermed hir fentence, Than dame Prudence, whan that fhe faw how that hire hosbonde shope him for to awreke him on his foos, and to beginne werre, the in ful humble wife, whan the faw hire time, fayde him these wordes: my lord, (quod she) I you befeche as hertly as I dare and can, ne hafte you not to faste, and for alle guerdons as yeve me audience. For Piers Alphonse fayth; who so that doth to thee outher good or harme, hafte thee not to quite it, for in this wife thy frend

frend wol abide, and thin enemie shal the lenger live in drede. The proverbe sayth; he hasteth wel that wisely can abide: and in wikked hast is no profite.

This Melibee answered unto his wif Prudence: I purpose not (quod he) to werken by thy confeil, for many causes and resons: for certes every wight wold hold me than a fool: this is to fayn, if I for thy confeilling wolde change thinges, that ben ordeined and affirmed by fo many wife men. Secondly, I fay, that all women ben wicke, and non good of hem all. For of a thousand men, saith Salomon, I found o good man: but certes of alle women good woman found I never. And also certes, if I governed me by thy confeil, it shulde seme that I had yeve thee over me the maistrie: and God forbede that it so were. For Jesus Sirak fayth, that if the wif have the maistrie, she is contrarious to hire husbond. And Salomon fayth; never in thy lif to thy wif, ne to thy childe, ne to thy frend, ne yeve no power over thy felf: for better it were that thy children axe of thee thinges that hem nedeth, than thou fee thy felf in the handes of thy children. And also if I wol werche by thy conseilling, certes

it must be somtime secree, til it were time that it be knowen: and this ne may not be, if I shulde be conseilled by thee. [For it is written; the janglerie of women ne can no thing hide, fave that which they wore not. After the Philosophre fayth; in wikked conseil women venquishen men: and for thise resons I ne owe

not to be confeilled by thee.]

Whan dame Prudence, ful debonairly and with gret pacience, had herd all that hire housbonde liked for to fay, than axed fhe of him licence for to speke, and sayde in this wife. My lord, (quod she) as to your first reson, it may lightly ben answerd: for I say that it is no folie to chaunge confeil whan the thing is chaunged, or elles whan the thing femeth otherwife than it femed afore. And moreover I fay, though that ye have fworne and behight to performe your emprife, and nevertheles ye weive to performe thilke fame emprife by just cause, men shuld not say therfore ye were a lyer, ne forfworn: for the book fayth, that the wife man maketh no lefing, whan he turneth his corage for the better. And al be it that your emprife be established and ordeined by gret multitude of folk, yet thar you not accomplish thilks ordinance but you liketh: liketh: for the trouthe of thinges, and the profit, ben rather founden in fewe folk that ben wife and ful of refon, than by gret multitude of folk, ther every man cryeth and clattereth what him liketh: fothly fwiche multitude is not honest. As to the second reson, wheras ye fay, that alle women ben wicke: fave your grace, certes ye despise alle women in this wise, and he that all despiseth, as faith the book, all displeseth. And Senek faith, that who so wol have sapience, shal no man dispreise, but he shal gladly teche the science that he can, without prefumption or pride: and fwiche thinges as he nought can, he shal not ben ashamed to lere hem, and to enquere of leffe folk than himfelf. And, Sire, that ther hath ben ful many a good woman, may lightly be preved: for certes, Sire, our Lord Jesu Crift n'olde never han defcended to be borne of a woman, if all women had be wicked. And after that, for the gret bountee that is in women, our Lord Jesu Crift, whan he was rifen from deth to lif, appered rather to a woman than to his Apostles. And though that Salomon fayde, he found never no good woman, it folweth not therfore, that all women be wicked: for though that he ne found

no good woman, certes many another man hath founde many a woman ful good and trewe. Of elles peraventure the entent of Salomon was this, that in foveraine bountee he found no woman; this is to fay, that ther is no wight that hath foveraine bountee, fave God alone. as he himself recordeth in his Evangelies. For ther is no creature fo good, that him ne wanteth somwhat of the perfection of God that is his maker. Youre thridde reson is this; ye say that if that ye governe you by my confeil, it shulde seme that ye had yeve me the maistrie and the lordship of your person. Sire, save your grace, it is not fo: for if fo were that no man shulde be confeilled but only of hem that han lordship and maistrie of his person, men n'olde not be confeilled so often: for sothly thilke man that asketh conseil of a purpos, yet hath he free chois whether he wol werke after that confeil or non. And as to your fourth reson, ther as ye fain that the janglerie of women can hide thinges that they wot not; as who fo fayth, that a woman can not hide that the wote; Sire, thise wordes ben understonde of women that ben jangleresses and wicked; of which women men fain that three thinges driven a man out of his hous, that is to

fay, finoke, dropping of raine, and wicked wives. And of fwiche women Salomon fayth, That a man were better dwell in defert, than with a woman that is riotous. And, fire, by your leve, that am not I: for we have ful often affaied my gret filence and my gret patience, and eke how wel that I can hide and hele thinges, that men oughten secretly to hiden. And fothly as to your fifthe reson, wheras ye fay, that in wicked conseil women venquishen men; God wote that thilke reson stant here in no stede: for underflondeth now, ye axen conseil for to do wickednesse: and if we wol werken wickednesse, and your wif restraineth thilke wicked purpos, and overcometh you by reson and by good conseil, certes your wif ought rather to be preifed than to be blamed. Thus shulde ye understonde the philosophre that fayth, In wicked confeil women venquishen hir husbondes. And ther as ye blamen all women and hir refons, I shal shewe you by many enfamples, that many women have ben ful good, and yet ben, and hir confeil holefome and profitable. Eke fom men han favd, that the confeil of women is either to dere, or elles to litel of pris. But al be it fo that ful many a women be bad, and hire confeil vile and nought

nought worth, yet han men founden ful many a good woman, and difcrete and wife in confeilling, Lo, Jacob, thurgh the good confeil of his mother Rebecke, wan the benison of his father, and the lordship over all his brethren. Judith, by hire good conseil, delivered the citee of Bethulie. in which she dwelt, out of the honde of Holofern, that had it befeged, and wolde it al destroye. Abigail delivered Nabal hire housbond fro David the king, that wolde han flain him, and appeled the ire of the king by hire wit, and by hire good confeilling. Hefter by hire confeil enhaunced gretly the peple of God, in the regne of Affuerus the king. And the fame bountee in good confeilling of many a good woman moun men rede and tell. And further more, whan that oure Lord had created Adam oure forme father, he fayd in this wife; it is not good to be a man allone: make we to him an helpe semblable to himself. Here moun ye see that if that women weren not good, and hir confeil good and profitable, oure Lord God of heven wolde neither han wrought hem, ne called hem helpe of man, but rather confusion of man-And ther fayd a clerk ones in two vers; what is better than gold? Jaspre. What is better nopplic tham than jaspre? wisdom. And what is better than wisdom? woman. And what is better than a good woman? nothing. And, Sire, by many other resons moun ye seen, that many women ben good, and hir conseil good and profitable. And therfore, Sire, if ye wol troste to my conseil, I shal restore you your doughter hole and sound: and I wol don to you so muche, that ye shuln have honour in this cas.

Whan Melibee had herd the wordes of his wif Prudence, he fayd thus: I se wel that the word of Salomon is soth; for he saith, that wordes, that ben spoken discretly by ordinaunce, ben honiecombes, for they yeven swetenesse to the soule, and holsomnesse to the body. And, wif, because of thy swete wordes, and eke for I have preved and assaided thy grete sapience and thy grete trouthe, I wol governe me by thy confeil in alle thing.

Now, Sire, (quod dame Prudence) and fin that ye vouchesafe to be governed by my confeil, I wol enforme you how that ye shuln governe yourself, in chesing of youre conseillours. Ye shuln first in alle your werkes mekely besechen to the heigh God, that he wol be your conseillour: and shapeth you to swiche entente

Vol. II. S that

Tobie his sone; at alle times thou shalt blesse God, and preie him to dresse thy wayes; and loke that alle thy conseils ben in him for evermore. Seint James eke sayth; if any of you have nede of sapience, axe it of God. And asterwarde, than shullen ye take conseil in your-felf, and examine wel your owen thoughtes, of swiche thinges as you thinketh that ben best for your profit. And than shuln ye drive fro your herte three thinges that ben contrarious to good conseil; that is to sayn, ire, coveitise, and hastinesse.

First, he that axeth conseil of himself, certes he must be withouten ire, for many causes. The first is this: he that hath gret ire and wrath in himself, he weneth alway that he may do thing that he may not do. And secondly, he that is irous and wroth, he may not wel demo: and he that may not wel deme, may not wel conseille. The thridde is this; he that is irous and wroth, as sayth Senek, ne may not speke but blameful thinges, and with his vicious wordes he stirreth other folk to anger and to ire. And eke, Sire, ye must drive coveitise out of your herte. For the Apostle sayth, that coveitise

35601

herde herebeforn, the commune proverbe is this; he that fone demeth, fone repenteth. Sire, we me be not alway in like disposition,

ye must avise you on it ful ofte: for as ye have

for certes fom thing that somtime semeth to you that it is good for to do, another time it

femeth to you the contrarie.

And whan ye han taken conseil in yourself, and han demed by good deliberation swiche thing as you semeth beste, than rede I you that ye kepe it secree. Bewreye not your conseil to no persone, but if so be that ye wenen sikerly, that thurgh youre bewreying youre condition shal ben to you more prositable. For Jesus Sirak saith: neither to thy soo ne to thy frend discover not thy secree, ne thy solie: for they woln yeve you audience and loking, and supportation

portation in youre presence, and scorne you in youre absence. Another clerk sayth, that scarsly shalt thou finden any persone that may kepe thy confeil fecrely. The book fayth; while that thou kepeft thy confeil in thin herte, thou kepest it in thy prison: and whan thou bewreyest thy conseil to any wight, he holdeth thee in his fnare. And therfore you is better to hide your conseil in your herte, than to preye him to whom ye han bewreyed youre confeil, that he wol kepe it close and stille. For Seneca fayth: if so be that thou ne mayst not thin owen confeil hide, how darest thou preyen any other wight thy confeil fecrely to kepe? but natheles, if thou wene fikerly that thy bewreying of thy confeil to a persone wol make thy condition to Ronden in the better plight, than shalt thou telle him thy confeil in this wife. First, thou shalt make no femblant whether thee were lever pees or werre, or this or that; ne shewe him not thy will ne thin entente: for trofte wel that communly these conseillours ben flaterers, namely the confeillours of grete lordes, for they enforcen hem alway rather to speken plesant wordes enclining to the lordes luft, than wordes that ben trewe or profitable: and therfore men fayn, that

that the riche man hath felde good confeil, but if he have it of himfelf. And after that thou shalt confider thy frendes and thin enemies. And as touching thy frendes, thou shalt consider which of hem ben most feithful and most wife, and eldest and most appreved in conseilling: and of hem shalt thou axe thy conseil, as the cas

requireth.

I fay, that first ye shuln clepe to youre confeil youre frendes that ben trewe. For Salomon faith: that right as the herte of a man deliteth in favour that is fwote, right to the confeil of trewe frendes yeveth fwetenesse to the soule. He fayth also, ther may nothing be likened to the trewe frend: for certes gold ne filver ben not fo muche worth as the good will of a trewe frend. And eke he fayth, that a trewe frend is a strong defence; who so that it findeth, certes he findeth a gret trefor. Than shuln ye eke confider if that your trewe frendes ben difcrete and wife: for the book faith, axe alway thy confeil of hem that ben wife. And by this fame reson shuln ye clepen to youre conseil voure frendes that ben of age, fwiche as han feyn and ben expert in many thinges, and ben appreved in conseillinges. For the book fayth,

S 3

in olde men is al the fapience, and in longe time the prudence. And Tullius fayth, that grete thinges ne ben not ay accomplifed by ftrengthe, ne by delivernesse of body, but by good confeil, by auctoritee of persones, and by science: the which three thinges ne ben not feble by age, but certes they enforcen and encrefen day by day. And than shuln ye kepe this for a general reule. First ye shuln clepe to youre conseil a fewe of youre frendes that ben especial. For Salomon faith; many frendes have thou, but among a thousand chese thee on to be thy confeillour. For al be it fo, that thou first ne telle thy conseil but to a fewe, thou mayest afterwarde tell it to mo folk, if it be nede. But loke alway that thy confeillours have thilke three conditions that I have fayd before; that is to fay, that they be trewe, wife, and of olde experience. And werke not alway in every nede by on conseillour allone: for fomtime behoveth it to be conseilled by many. For Salomon fayth; falvation of thinges is wher as ther ben many confeillours.

Now fith that I have told you of which folk ye shulde be conseilled: now wol I teche you which conseil ye ought to eschue. First ye shuln eschue eschue the conseilling of sooles; for Salomon sayth, Take no conseil of a sool: for he ne can not conseille but after his owen lust and his affection. The book sayth, the propretee of a sool is this: He troweth lightly harme of every man, and lightly troweth all bountee in himself, Thou shalt eke eschue the conseilling of all slaterers, swiche as ensorcen hem rather to preisen youre persone by slaterie, than for to tell you the sothsastnesse of thinges.

Wherfore Tullius fayth, Among alle the peftilences that ben in frendship, the gretest is flaterie. And therfore it is more nede that thou eschue and drede flaterers, than any other peple. The book faith, Thou shalt rather drede and flee fro the swete wordes of flatering preifers, than fro the egre wordes of thy frend that faith thee fothes, Salomon faith, that the wordes of a flaterer is a fnare to eacchen innocentes. He fayth alfo, He that speketh to his frend wordes of swetenesse and of plefaunce, he fetteth a net beforne his feet to cacchen him. And therfore fayth Tullius, Encline not thin eres to flaterers, ne take no conseil of wordes of flaterie. And Caton fayth, Avise thee wel, and eschue wordes of swetenesse and of plefaunce. And eke thou shalt eschue the conseil-

5 4

ling

ling of thin olde enemies that ben reconciled. The book fayth, that no wight retourneth fafely into the grace of his olde enemie. And Y sope fayth, Ne trost not to hem, to which thou hast fomtime had werre or enmitee, ne telle hem not thy confeil. And Senek telleth the cause why. It may not be, fayth he, ther as gret fire hath long time endured, that ther ne dwelleth fom vapour of warmnesse. And therfore faith Salomon, In thin olde foo troft thou never. For fikerly, though thin enemie be reconciled, and maketh thee chere of humilitee, and louteth to thee with his hed, ne trost him never: for certes he maketh thilke feined humilitee more for his profite, than for any love of thy persone; because that he demeth to have victorie over thy persone by swiche feined contenance, the which victorie he might not have by strif of werre. And Peter Alphonse favth: Make no felawship with thin olde enemies, for if thou do hem bountee. they wollen perverten it to wickednesse. And eke thou must eschue the conseilling of hem that ben thy fervaunts, and beren thee gret reveience: for paraventure they fein it more for drede than for love. And therfore faith a philosophre in this wise; Ther is no wight parfitly trewe trewe to him that he to fore dredeth. And Tullius fayth, Ther n'is no might fo gret of any emperour that longe may endure, but if he have more love of the peple than drede, Thou shalt also eschue the confeilling of folk that ben dronkelewe, for they ne can no confeil hide. Salomon fayth, Ther n'is no privetee ther as regneth dronkennesse. Ye shuln also have in sufpect the confeilling of fwiche folk as confeille you o thing prively, and confeille you the contrarie openly. For Cashodore sayth, That it is a manere fleighte to hinder his enemy whan he sheweth to don a thing openly, and werketh prively the contrary. Thou shalt also have in suspect the conseilling of wicked folk, for hir conseil is alway ful of fraude. And David fayth; Blisful is that man that hath not folwed the confeilling of shrewes. Thou shalt also eschue the conseilling of yonge folk, for hir confeilling is not ripe, as Salomon faith.

Now, Sire, fith I have shewed you of which folk ye shullen take youre conseil, and of which folk ye shullen eschue the conseil, now wol I teche you how ye shuln examine your conseil after the doctrine of Tullius. In examining than of your conseillours, ye shuln consider many thinges.

Alderfirst

Alderfirst thou shalt consider that in thilke thing that thou purpofest, and upon what thing that thou wolt have confeil, that veray trouthe be faid and conserved; this is to fay, telle trewely thy tale: for he that fayth false, may not wel be confeilled in that cas, of which he lieth, And after this, thou shalt considre the thinges that accorden to that thou purposeft for to do by thy confeillours, if reson accord therto. and eke if thy might may atteine therto, and if the more part and the better part of thin confeillours accorden therto or no. Than shalt thou confidre what thing shal folie of that confeilling; as hate, pees, werre, grace, profite, or domage, and many other thinges; and in alle thinges thou shalt chese the beste, and weive alle other thinges. Than shalt thou considre of what roote is engendred the matere of thy confeil, and what fruit it may conceive and engendre. Thou shalt eke considre alle the causes, from whennes they ben fprongen. And whan thou haft examined thy confeil, as I have faid, and which partie is the better and more profitable, and hast appreved it by many wife folk and olde, than shalt thou considre, if thou mayst performe it and maken of it a good ende. For certes

certes reson wol not that any man shulde beginne a thing, but if he mighte performe it as him oughte: ne no wight shulde take upon him so hevy a charge, that he might not beren For the proyerbe fayth; he that to muche embraceth diffreineth litel. And Caton faith; affay to do fwiche thinges as thou haft power to don, left the charge oppresse thee so fore, that thee behoveth to weive thing that thou hast begonne. And if so be that thou be in doute. whether thou mayst performe a thing or non, chese rather to suffre than to beginne. And Peter Alphonse sayth; If thou hast might to don a thing, of which thou must repente, it is better nay than ya: this is to fayn, that thee is better to holde thy tonge stille than for to speke. Than mayft thou understonde by stronger refons, that if thou haft power to performe a werk, of which thou shalt repente, than is thee better that thou fuffre than beginne. Wel fain they that defenden every wight to assaye a thing of which he is in doute, whether he may performe it or non. And after whan ye han examined youre conseil, as I have said beforne, and knowen wel that ye moun performe your emprife, conferme it than fadly til it be at an ende. Now

Now is it refor and time that I shewe you whan, and wherfore, that ye moun chaunge your conseil, withouten repreve. Sothly, a man may change his purpos and his confeil, if the cause cefeth, or whan a newe cas betideth. For the lawe faith, that upon thinges that newly betiden, behoveth newe conseil. And Seneca fayth; if thy conseil is comen to the eres of thin enemies, chaunge thy confeil, Thou mayft also chaunge thy conseil, if so be that thou find that by errour, or by other cause, harme or damage may betide. Also if thy conseil be dishoneste, other elles come of dishoneste cause, chaunge thy confeil: for the lawes fain, that all beheftes that ben dishoneste ben of no value: and eke, if so be that it be impossible, or may not goodly be performed or kept.

And take this for a general reule, that every conseil that is affermed so strongly, that it may not be chaunged for no condition that may betide, I say that thilke conseil is wicked.

This Melibeus, whan he had herd the doctrine of his wif dame Prudence, answered in this wife. Dame, quod he, as yet unto this time ye han wel and covenably taught me, as in general, how I shal governe me in the chesing and My lord, quod she, I beseche you in alle humblesse, that ye wol not wilfully replie agein my resons, ne distempre your herte, though I speke thing that you displese; for God wote that, as in min entente, I speke it for your beste, for youre honour and for youre prosite eke, and sothly I hope that youre benignitee wol taken it in patience. And trosteth me wel, quod she, that youre conseil as in this cas ne shulde not (as to speke proprely) be called a conseilling, but a motion or a meving of solie, in which conseil ye han erred in many a sondry wise.

First and forward, ye han erred in the affembling of youre conseillours: for ye sholde first han cleped a sewe solk to youre conseil, and after ye mighte han shewed it to mo solk, if it hadde be nede. But certes ye han sodeinly cleped to your conseil a gret multitude of peple, sul chargeant and sul anoyous for to here. Also ye han erred, for ther as ye shulde han only cleped to youre conseile youre trewe frendes, olde

and wife, ye han cleped ftraunge folk, yonge folk, false flaterers, and enemies reconciled, and folk that don you reverence withouten love. And eke ye han erred, for ye han brought with you to youre conseil ire, covertise, and hastifnesse, the which three thinges ben contrary to every confeil honest and profitable: the which three thinges we ne han not anientiffed or destroyed, neither in youreself ne in youre conseillours, as you ought, Ye han erred also, for ye han shewed to youre conseillours youre talent and youre affections to make werre anon, and for to do vengeaunce, and they han espied by youre wordes to what thing ye ben enclined: and therfore han they confeilled you rather to youre talent, than to youre profite. Ye han erred also, for it semeth that you fufficeth to han ben conseilled by thise confeillours only, and with litel avis, wheras in so high and so gret a nede, it had ben necessarie mo conseillours, and more deliberation to performe your emprise. Ye han erred also, for ye han not examined your confeil in the forefaid manere, ne in due manere, as the cas requireth. Ye han erred also, for ye han maked no division betwix youre conseillours; this is to fayn, betwix youre trewe frendes and youre feined conseillours:

lours: ne ye han not knowe the wille of your trewe frendes, olde and wife, but ye han cast alle hir wordes in an hochepot, and enclined your herte to the more part and to the greter nombre, and ther be ye condescended; and fith ye wot wel that men shuln alway finde a greter nombre of fooles than of wife men, and therfore the confeillings that ben at congregations and multitudes of folk, ther as men take more regard to the nombre, than to the fapience of persones, ye seen wel, that in fwiche confeillings fooles han the maistrie. Melibeus answered and said agein: I graunte wel that I have erred; but ther as thou hast told me herebeforne, that he n'is not to blame that chaungeth his confeil in certain eas, and for certain and just causes, I am al redy to chaunge my confeil right as thou wolt devise. The proverbe fayth; for to don finne is mannish, but certes for to persevere long in finne is werke of the Divel.

To this sentence answered anon dame Prudence, and saide; examineth (quod she) wel your conseil, and let us see the which of hem han spoken most resonably, and taught you best conseil. And for as muche as the examination is necessarie, let us beginne at the Surgiens and

at the Physiciens, that first spaken in this mater. I say that Physiciens and Surgiens han sayde you in youre confeil discretly, as hem oughte: and in hir speche saiden ful wisely, that to the office of hem apperteineth to don to every wight honour and profite, and no wight to anove, and after hir craft to don gret diligence unto the cure of hem which that they han in hir governaunce. And, Sire, right as they han anfwered wifely and difcretly, right fo rede I that they be highly and foverainly guerdoned for hir noble speche, and eke for they shulden do the more ententif befinesse in the curation of thy dere doughter. For al be it so that they ben youre frendes, therfore shallen ye not suffren, that they ferve you for nought, but ye oughter the rather guerdone hem, and shewe hem youre largesse. And as touching the proposition, which the Physiciens entreteden in this cas, this is to fain, that in maladies, that a contrarie is warished by another contrarie; I wold fain knowe how ye understonde thilke text, and what is youre fentence. Certes, quod Melibeus, I understond it in this wife; that right as they han don me a contrarie, right fo shulde I don hem another; for right as they han venged hem upon me and don

don me wrong, right fo shal I venge me upon hem, and don hem wrong, and than have I cured a contrarie by another.

Lo, lo, quod dame Prudence, how lightly is every man enclined to his owen defire and his owen plefaunce! certes (quod fhe) the wordes of the Physiciens ne shulden not han ben understonden in that wise; for certes wickednesse is not contrarie to wickednesse, ne vengeaunce to vengeaunce, ne wrong to wrong, but they ben femblable: and therfore a vengeaunce is not warished by another vengeaunce, ne a wrong by another wrong, but everich of hem encrefeth and aggreggeth other. But certes the wordes of the Physiciens shulden ben underftonde in this wife; for good and wickedneffe ben two contraries, and pees and werre, vengeaunce and fuffraunce, discord and accord, and many other thinges: but certes, wickednesse shal be warished by goodnesse, discord by accord, werre by pees, and fo forth of other thinges. And hereto accordeth Seint Poule the Apostle in many places: he fayth, ne yelde not harme for harme, ne wicked speche for wicked speche, but do wel to him that doth to thee harme, and bleffe him that faith to thee Vol. II. harme.

harme. And in many other places he amonesteth pees and accord. But now wol I fpeke to you of the confeil, which that was yeven to you by the men of lawe, and the wife folk, and old folke, that fayden alle by on accord as ye han herd beforne, that over alle thinges ye shuln do youre diligence to kepe youre persone, and to warnestore your house: and saiden also, that in this cas you oughte for to werchen ful avisely and with gret deliberation. And, Sire, as to the first point, that toucheth the keping of youre persone, ye shuln understond, that he that hath werre, shal ever more devoutly and mekely preien beforne alle thinges, that Jesu Crist of his mercie wol han him in his protection, and ben his foveraine helping at his nede: for certes in this world ther is no wight that may be confeilled ne kept fuffifantly, withoute the keping of oure lord Jesu Crist. To this fentence accordeth the Prophete David that fayth: if God ne kepe the citee, in idel waketh he that kepeth it. Now, Sire, than shuln ye committe the keping of youre persone to youre trewe frendes, that ben appreved and yknowe, and of hem shuln ye axen helpe, youre persone for to kepe. For Caton faith: if thou have

have nede of helpe, axe it of thy frendes, for ther n'is non fo good a Phyficien as thy trewe frend. And after this than shuln ye kepe you fro alle straunge folk, and fro lieres, and have alway in fuspect hir compaignie. For Piers Alphonse fayth: ne take no compaignie by the way of a straunge man, but if so be that thou have knowen him of lenger time: and if so be that he falle into thy compaignie paraventure withouten thin affent, enquere than, as fubtilly as thou maift, of his conversation, and of his lif beforne, and feine thy way, faying thou wolt go thider as thou wolt not go: and if he bere a spere, hold thee on the right side, and if he bere a fwerd, hold thee on his left fide. And after this than shuln ye kepe you wisely from all fwiche manere peple as I have fayed before, and hem and hir confeil eschue. And after this than shuln ye kepe you in swiche manere, that for any prefumption of youre strengthe, that ye ne despise not, ne account not the might of your adversary so lite, that ye let the keping of youre persone for your prefumption; for every wife man dredeth his enemie. And Salomon fayth; welful is he that of alle hath drede; For certes he that thurgh T 2 the

the hardinesse of his herte, and thurgh the hardinesse of himself, hath to gret presumption, him shal evil betide. Than shuln ye evermo countrewaite emboyssements, and alle efpiaile. For Senek fayth, that the wife man that dredeth harmes, eschueth harmes; ne he ne falleth into perils, that perils eschueth. And al be it so, that it seme that thou art in fiker place, yet shalt thou alway do thy diligence in keping of thy persone; this is to fayn, ne be not negligent to kepe thin persone, not only fro thy gretest enemy, but also fro thy leste enemy. Senek fayth; a man that is wel avifed, he dredeth his lefte enemie. Ovide fayth, that the litel wefel wol flee the gret boll and the wilde hart. And the book fayth; a litel thorne may prikke a king ful fore, and a litel hound wol hold the wilde bore. But natheles, I fay not thou shalt be so coward, that thou doute wher as is no drede. The book faith, that fom men [han taught hir deceivour, for they han to muche dreded ] to be deceived. Yet fhalt thou drede to be empoyfoned; and [therfore shalt thou] kepe thee fro the compagnie of fcorners: for the book fayth, with fcorners ne make no compagnie, but flee hir wordes as venime.

Now

Now as to the fecond point, wheras youre wife confeillours confeilled you to warnestore your hous with gret diligence, I wolde fain knowe how that ye understode thilke wordes, and what is youre fentence.

Melibeus answered and saide; Certes I underftond it in this wise, that I shal warnestore min hous with toures, swiche as han castelles and other manere edifices, and armure, and artelries, by which thinges I may my persone and myn hous so kepen and defenden, that min enemies shuln ben in drede min hous for to approche.

To this fentence answered anon Prudence. Warnestoring (quod she) of heighe toures and of grete edifices, is with grete costages and with grete travaille; and whan that they ben accompliced, yet ben they not worth a stre, but if they ben defended by trewe frendes, that ben olde and wise. And understonde wel, that the greteste and strongeste garneson that a riche man may have, as wel to kepen his persone as his goodes, is, that he be beloved with his subgets, and with his neighboures. For thus sayth Tullius, that ther is a maner garneson, that no man may venquish ne discomfite, and that is

T 3

a lord

a lord to be beloved of his citizeins, and of his peple.

Now, Sire, as to the thridde point, wheras youre olde and wife confeillours fayden, that you ne oughte not fodeinly ne haftily proceden in this nede, but that you oughte purveyen and appareilen you in this cas, with gret diligence and gret deliberation; trewely, I trowe, that they fayden right wifely and right foth. For Tullius fayth: in every nede er thou beginne it, appareile thee with gret diligence. Than fay I, that in vengeaunce taking, in werre, in bataille, and in warnestoring, er thou beginne, I rede that thou appareile thee therto, and do it with gret deliberation. For Tullius fayth, that longe appareiling tofore the bataille, maketh fhort victorie. And Caffiodorus fayth: the garneson is stronger, whan it is longe time avised.

But now let us speken of the conseil that was accorded by youre neigheboures, swiche as don you reverence withouten love; youre olde enemies reconciled; your slatereres, that conseilled you certain thinges prively, and openly conseilled you the contrarie; the yonge folk also, that conseilled you to venge you, and to make werre anon. 'Certes, Sire, as I have sayde be-

forne,

forne, ye han gretly erred to han cleped fwiche maner folk to youre confeil, which confeillours ben ynough reproved by the refons aforefaid. But natheles, let us now descende to the special. Ye shul first proceden after the doctrine of Tullius. Certes the trouthe of this matere or of this confeil nedeth not diligently to enquere, for it is wel wift, which they ben that han don to you this trespas and vilanie, and how many trespafours, and in what manere they han don to you all this wrong, and all this vilanie. And after this, than shuln ye examine the second condition, which that the same Tullius addeth in this matere. For Tullius putteth a thing, which that he clepeth confenting: this is to fayn, who ben they, and which ben they, and how many, that consenten to thy conseil in thy wilfulnesse, to don haftif yengeaunce. And let us confidre also who ben they, and how many ben they, and which ben they, that confenteden to youre adversaries. As to the first point, it is wel knowen which folk they be that confenteden to youre wilfulnesse. For trewely, all the that conseileden you to maken fodein werre, ne ben not youre frendes. Let us now confidre which ben they that ye holden so gretly youre frendes, as to youre

youre persone: for al be it so that ye be mighty and riche, certes ye ne ben but allone: for certes ye ne han no child but a doughter, ne ye ne han no brethren, ne cosins germains, ne non other nigh kinrede, wherfore that youre enemies for drede shulde stinte to plede with you, or to deftroye youre persone. Ye knowen also, that your richesses moten ben dispended in diverse parties; and whan that every wight hath his part, they ne wollen taken but litel regard to venge youre deth. But thin enemies ben three, and they han many brethren, children, cofins, and other nigh kinrede: and though fo were, that thou haddest slain of hem two or three, yet dwellen ther ynow to wreken hir deth, and to flee thy persone. And though so be that youre kinrede be more stedefast and fiker than the kin of your adversaries, yet natheles youre kinrede is but a fer kinrede; they ben but litel fibbe to you, and the kin of youre enemies ben nigh fibbe to hem. And certes as in that, hir condition is better than youres. Than let us considre also of the confeilling of hem that confeilled you to take fodein vengeance, whether it accorde to refon: and certes, ye knowe wel, nay; for as by right and. refon, ther may no man taken vengeaunce on no elucif wight,

wight, but the juge that hath the jurisdiction of it, whan it is ygraunted him to take thilke vengeaunce hastily, or attemprely, as the lawe requireth. And yet moreover of thilke word that Tullius clepeth confenting, thou shalt considre, if thy might and thy power may consente and fuffice to thy wilfulnesse, and to thy conseillours: and certes, thou mayest wel fay, that nay; for fikerly, as for to fpeke proprely, we moun do nothing but only fwiche thing as we moun don rightfully: and certes rightfully ye ne mowe take no vengeance, as of youre propre auctoritee. Than mowe ye fen that your power ne confenteth not, ne accordeth not to youre wilfulnesse. Now let us examine the thridde point, that Tullius clepeth confequent. Thou fhalt understonde, that the vengeaunce that thou purpofest for to take, is the consequent, and therof folweth another vengeance, peril, and werre, and other damages withouten nombre, of which we ben not ware, as at this time. And as touching the fourthe point, that Tullius clepeth engendring, thou shalt consider, that this wrong which that is don to thee, is engendred of the hate of thin enemies, and of the vengeaunce taking upon that wold engender another vengeaunce, and muchel

muchel forwe and wasting of riehesses, as I sayde ere.

Now, fire, as to the point, that Tullius clepeth causes, which that is the last point, thou shalt understonde, that the wrong that thou hast received, hath certaine causes, which that clerkes clepen oriens, and efficiens, and causa longingua, and causa propingua, this is to sayn, the fer cause, and the nigh cause. The fer cause is almighty God, that is cause of alle thinges; the ner cause, is thin three enemies; the cause accidental was hate: the cause material, ben the five woundes of thy doughter; the cause formal, is the maner of hir werking, that broughten ladders, and clomben in at thy windowes; the cause final was for to flee thy doughter; it letted not in as muche as in hem was. But for to speke of the fer cause, as to what ende they shuln come, or what shall finally betide of hem in this cas, ne can I not deme, but by conjecting and supposing: for we shuln suppose, that they shuln come to a wicked ende, because that the book of Decrees fayth: Selden or with gret peine ben causes ybrought to a good ende, whan they ben badly begonne.

Now, Sire, if men wold axen me, why that God fuffred men to do you this vilanie, certes I can can not wel answer, as for no sothsastnesse. For the Apostle sayth, that the sciences, and the jugements of oure Lord God Almighty ben ful depe; ther may no man comprehend ne serche hem suffisantly. Natheles, by certain presumptions and conjectings, I hold and beleve, that God, which that is ful of justice and of rightwisenesse, hath suffered this betide, by just cause resonable.

Thy name is Melibee, this is to fayn, a man that drinketh hony. Thou haft dronke fo muche hony of fwete temporel richeffes, and delices, and honours of this world, that thou art dronken, and haft forgetten Jesu Crift thy creatour: thou ne haft not don to him fwiche honour and reverence as thee ought, ne thou ne hast wel ytaken kepe to the wordes of Ovide, that favth: Under the honey of the goodes of thy body is hid the venime that fleth the foule. And Salomon fayth: If thou haft founden hony, etc of it that fufficeth; for if thou ete of it out of mefure. thou shalt spewe, and be nedy and poure. And peraventure Crift hath thee in despit, and hath tourned away fro thee his face, and his eres of misericorde; and also he hath suffred, that thou haft ben punished in the manere that thou hast ytrespased.

ytrespased. Thou hast don sinne again oure Lord Crist, for certes the three enemies of mankind, that is to sayn, the slesh, the fend, and the world, thou hast suffred hem entre into thin herte wilfully, by the windowes of thy body, and hast not defended thyself suffisantly agein hir assautes, and hir temptations, so that they han wounded thy soule in five places, this is to sayn the dedly sinnes that ben entred into thyn herte by thy five wittes: and in the same manere our Lord Crist hath wold and suffred, that thy three enemies ben entred into thyn hous by the windowes, and han ywounded thy doughter in the foresayd manere.

Certes, quod Melibee, I see wel that ye enforce you muchel by wordes to overcomen me, in swiche manere, that I shal not venge me on mine enemies, shewing me the perils and the evils that mighten falle of this vengeaunce: but who so wolde consider in alle vengeaunces the perils and evils that mighten sue of vengeaunce taking, a man wold never take vengeaunce, and that were harme: for by the vengeaunce taking ben the wicked men dissevered fro the goode men. And they that han will to do wickednesse, restreinen hir wicked purpos, whan they

fen

fen the punishing and the chastifing of the trespasours. To this answered dame Prudence: Certes, quod she, I graunte you that of vengeaunce taking cometh muche evil and muche good; but vengeaunce taking apperteineth not to everich on, but only to juges, and to hem that han the jurisdiction over the trespasours; ] and vet fay I more, that right as a finguler persone finneth in taking vengeaunce of another man, right fo finneth the juge, if he do no vengeaunce of hem that it han deferved. For Senek fayth thus: That maister (he fayth) is good, that preveth shrewes. And Cassiodore saith: A man dredeth to do outrages, whan he wot and knoweth, that it displeseth to the juges and soveraines. And another fayth: The juge that dredeth to do right, maketh men shrewes. And Seint Poule the Apostle fayth in his Epistle, whan he writeth unto the Romaines, that the juges beren not the spere withouten cause, but they beren it to punishe the shrewes and misdoers, and for to defende the goode men. If ye wiln than take vengeaunce of youre enemies, ye shuln retourne or have your recours to the juge, that hath the jurisdiction upon hem, and he shal punishe hem, as the lawe axeth and requireth.

A, fayd

Lord Crift, for certes the three enemies of mankind, that is to fayn, the flesh, the fend, and the world, thou hast suffred hem entre into thin herte wilfully, by the windowes of thy body, and hast not defended thyself suffisantly agein hir assautes, and hir temptations, so that they han wounded thy soule in five places, this is to sayn the dedly sinnes that ben entred into thyn herte by thy five wittes: and in the same manere our Lord Crift hath wold and suffred, that thy three enemies ben entred into thyn hous by the windowes, and han ywounded thy doughter in the foresayd manere.

Certes, quod Melibee, I see wel that ye enforce you muchel by wordes to overcomen me, in swiche manere, that I shal not venge me on mine enemies, shewing me the perils and the evils that mighten falle of this vengeaunce: but who so wolde consider in alle vengeaunces the perils and evils that mighten sue of vengeaunce taking, a man wold never take vengeaunce, and that were harme: for by the vengeaunce taking ben the wicked men dissevered fro the goode men. And they that han will to do wickednesse, restreinen hir wicked purpos, whan they

fen the punishing and the chastifing of the trespasours. To this answered dame Prudence: Certes, quod she, I graunte you that of vengeaunce taking cometh muche evil and muche good; but vengeaunce taking apperteineth not to everich on, but only to juges, and to hem that han the jurisdiction over the trespasours; and yet fay I more, that right as a finguler persone finneth in taking vengeaunce of another man, right fo finneth the juge, if he do no vengeaunce of hem that it han deserved. For Senek fayth thus: That maister (he fayth) is good, that preveth shrewes. And Cassiodore saith: A man dredeth to do outrages, whan he wot and knoweth, that it displeseth to the juges and soveraines. And another fayth: The juge that dredeth to do right, maketh men shrewes. And Seint Poule the Apostle fayth in his Epistle, whan he writeth unto the Romaines, that the juges beren not the spere withouten cause, but they beren it to punishe the shrewes and misdoers, and for to defende the goode men. If ye wiln than take vengeaunce of youre enemies, ye shuln retourne or have your recours to the juge, that hath the jurisdiction upon hem, and he shal punishe hem, as the lawe axeth and requireth.

A, fayd

A, fayd Melibee, this vengeaunce liketh me nothing. I bethink me now, and take hede how that fortune hath norished me fro my childhode, and hath holpen me to passe many a stronge pas: now wol I assayen hire, trowing, with Goddes helpe, that she shall helpe me my shame for to venge.

Certes, quod Prudence, if ye wol werke by my conseil, ye shuln not assaye fortune by no way : ne ye ne shuln not lene or bowe unto hire, after the wordes of Senek; for thinges that ben folily don, and tho that ben don in hope of fortune, shuln never come to good ende. And as the fame Senek fayth: The more clere and the more thining that fortune is, the more brotel and the foner broke she is. Trusteth not in hire, for she n'is not stedefast ne stable: for whan thou troweft to be most fiker and seure of hire helpe, she wol faille and deceive thee. And wheras ye fayn, that fortune hath norished you fro youre childhode, I fay that in fo muchel ye shuln the leffe trufte in hire, and in hire wit. For Senek faith: What man that is norished by fortune, fhe maketh him a gret fool. Now than fin ye defire and axe vengeaunce, and the vengeaunce, that is don after the lawe and before the juge, ne liketh

liketh you not, and the vengeaunce, that is don in hope of fortune, is perilous and uncertain, than have ye non other remedie, but for to have your recours unto the foveraine juge, that vengeth alle vilanies, and wronges; and he shall venge you, after that himself witnesseth, wheras he saith; Leveth the vengeaunce to me, and I shall do it.

Melibeus answered: If I ne venge me of the vilanie that men han don to me, I sompne or warne hem, that han don to me vilanie, and alle other, to do me another vilanie. For it is written; If thou take no vengeaunce of an olde vilany, thou sompnest thin adversaries to do thee a newe vilanie: and also for my suffraunce, men wolden do me so muche vilanie, that I might neither bere it ne sufteine; and so shulde I ben put and holden over lowe. For som men sain, In muchel suffring shul many thinges salle unto thee, which thou shalt not mowe suffre.

Certes, quod Prudence, I graunte you wel, that overmuchel suffraunce is not good, but yet ne folweth it not therof, that every persone to whom men don vilanie, shuld take of it vengeaunce: for that apperteineth and longeth all only to the juges, for they shul venge the vilanies and injuries:

injuries: and therfore tho two auctoritees, that ye han fayd above, ben only understonden in the juges: for whan they suffren overmuchel the wronges and vilanies to be don, withouten punishing, they sompne not a man all only for to do newe wronges, but they commaunden it: al so as a wife man sayth, that the juge that correcteth not the sinner, commaundeth and biddeth him do sinne. And the juges and soveraines mighten in hir lond so muche suffre of the shrewes and misdoers, that they shulden by swiche suffraunce, by process of time, wexen of swiche power and might, that they shuld putte out the juges and the soveraines from hir places, and atte laste maken hem lese hir lordshippes.

But now let us putte, that ye have leve to venge you: I say ye be not of might and power, as now to venge you: for if ye wol maken comparison unto the might of youre adversaries, ye shuln finde in many thinges, that I have shewed you er this, that hir condition is better than youres, and therfore say I, that it is good as now, that ye suffre and be patient.

Forthermore ye knowen wel, that after the commune faw, it is a woodnesse, a man to strive with a stronger, or a more mighty man than he is himself;

himself; and for to strive with a man of even strengthe, that is to fay, with as strong a man as he is, it is peril; and for to strive with a weker man, it is folie; and therfore shulde a man flee ftriving, as muchel as he mighte. For Salomon fayth: It is a gret worship to a man to kepe him fro noise and strif. And if it so happe, that a man of greter mighte and strengthe than thou art, do thee grevaunce: studie and besie thee rather to stille the same grevaunce, than for to venge thee. For Senek fayth, that he putteth him in a grete peril, that striveth with a greter man than he is himself. And Caton sayth; If a man of higher eftat or degree, or more mighty than thou, do thee anoye or grevance, fuffre him: for he that ones hath greved thee, may another time releve thee and helpe thee. Yet fette I cas, ye have bothe might and licence for to venge you, I fay that ther ben ful many thinges that shuln restreine you of vengeance taking, and make you for to encline to fuffre, and for to han patience in the wronges that han ben don to you. First and forward, if ye wol confidre the defautes that ben in youre owen persone, for which defautes God hath fuffred you have this tribulation, as I have fayd to you herebeforne. For Vol. II. the

the Poete fayth, that we oughten patiently taken the tribulations that comen to us, whan that we thinken and confideren, that we han deserved to have hem. And Seint Gregorie fayth, that whan a man confidereth wel the nombre of his defautes and of his finnes, the peines and the tribulations that he fuffereth, femen the leffe unto him. And in as muche as him thinketh his finnes more hevy and grevous, in fo muche femeth his peine the lighter and the effer unto him. Also ye owen to encline and bowe youre herte, to take the patience of oure Lord Jesu Crift, as fayth Seint Peter in his Epiftles. Jesu Crift (he faith) hath fuffred for us, and yeven ensample to every man to folwe and fue him, for he dide never finne, ne never came ther a vilains word out of his mouth. Whan men curfed him. he curfed hem nought; and whan men beten him, he manaced hem nought. Also the gret patience, which Seintes that ben in Paradis han had in tribulations that they han fuffred, withouten hir defert or gilt, oughte muchel stirre you to patience. Forthermore, ye shulde enforce you to have patience, confidering that the tribulations of this world but litel while endure, and fone passed ben and gon, and the joye that a

man

man feketh to han by patience in tribulations is perdurable; after that the Apostle fayth in his Epistle: the joye of God, he fayth, is perdurable, that is to fayn, everlasting. Also troweth and beleveth fledfastly, that he n'is not wel ynorished ne wel ytaught, that cannot have patience, or wol not receive patience. For Salomon fayth, that the doctrine and wit of a man is knowen by patience. And in another place he fayeth, that he that is patient, governeth him by gret prudence. And the fame Salomon faith: The angrie and wrathful man maketh noises, and the patient man attempreth and stilleth hem. He faith alfo. It is more worth to be patient than for to be right ffrong. And he that may have the lordshipe of his owen herte, is more to preise, than he that by his force or ftrengthe taketh gret citees. And therfore fayth Seint James in his Epiftle, that patience is a gret vertue of perfection.

Certes, quod Melibee, I graunte you, Dame Prudence, that patience is a gret vertue of perfection, but every man may not have the perfection that ye seken, ne I am not of the nombre of the right parsit men: for min herte may never be in pees, unto the time it be venged. And al be it so, that it was gret peril to min

U 2

enemies

enemies to do me a vilanie in taking vengeaunce upon me, yet token they non hede of the peril, but fulfilleden hir wicked will and hir corage: and therfore me thinketh men oughten not repreve me, though I put me in a litel peril for to venge me, and though I do a gret excesse, that is to fayn, that I venge on outrage by another.

A, quod dame Prudence, ye fayn your will and as you liketh; but in no cas of the world a man shulde not don outrage ne excesse, for to vengen him. For Caffiodore fayth, that as evil doth he that vengeth him by outrage, as he that doth the outrage. And therfore ye shuln venge you after the ordre of right, that is to fayn, by the lawe, and not by excesse, ne by outrage. And also if ye wol venge you of the outrage of youre adversaries, in other manere than right commaundeth, ye finnen. And therfore fayth Senek, that a man shal never venge shrewednesse by shrewednesse. And if ye say that right axeth a man to defende violence by violence. and fighting by fighting: certes ye fay foth, whan the defence is don withouten intervalle, or withouten tarying or delay, for to defende him, and not for to venge. And it behoveth, that a man putte swiche attemperaunce in his de-

fence,

fence, that men have no cause ne mater to repreve him, that defendeth him, of outrage and excesse, for elles were it againe reson. Parde ye knowen wel, that ye maken no desence as now, for to desende you, but for to venge you: and so sheweth it, that ye han no will to do youre dede attemprely: and therfore me thinketh that patience is good. For Salomon sayth, that he that is not patient, shal have gret harme.

Certes, quod Melibee, I graunte you, that whan a man is impatient and wrothe of that that toucheth him not, and that apperteineth not unto him, though it harme him it is no wonder. For the lawe faith, that he is coupable that entremeteth or medleth with fwiche thing, as apperteineth not unto him. And Salomon faith, that he that entremeteth of the noise or strif of another man. is like to him that taketh a straunge hound by the eres: for right as he that taketh a straunge hound by the eres is otherwhile bitten with the hound, right in the same wife, it is reson that he have harme, that by his impatience medleth him of the noise of another man, wheras it apperteineth not unto him. But ye knowe wel, that this dede, that is to fayn, my greef and my difese, toucheth me right nigh. And therfore U 3 though

though I be wroth and impatient, it is no mervaille: and (faving your grace) I cannot fee that it might gretly harme me, though I took vengeaunce, for I am richer and more mighty than min enemies ben: and wel knowe ye, that by money and by having grete possessions, ben alle thinges of this world governed. And Salomon sayth, that alle thinges obeye to money.

Whan Prudence had herd hire husbond avaunte him of his richesse and of his money, difpreifing the power of his adversaries, she spake and fayd in this wife: Certes, dere Sire, I graunte you that ye ben riche and mighty, and that richesses ben good to hem that han wel ygeten hem, and that wel conne usen hem. For right as the body of a man may not liven withouten foul, no more may it liven withouten temporel goodes, and by richeffes may a man gete him grete frendes. And therfore fayth Pamphilus: If a netherdes doughter (he fayth) be riche, she may chese of a thousand men, which she wol take to hire husbond: for of a thousand men on wol not forsaken hire ne refusen hire. And this Pamphilus faith also: If thou be right happy, that is to fayn, if thou be right riche, thou shalt finde a gret nombre of felawes Pobladi

felawes and frendes; and if thy fortune chaunge, that thou wexe poure, farewel frendshipe and felawshipe, for thou shalt be al allone withouten any compaignie, but if it be the compaignie of poure folk. And yet fayth this Pamphilus moreover, that they that ben bond and thralle of linage, shuln be made worthy and noble by richesses. And right so as by richesses ther comen many goodes, right fo by poverte come ther many harmes and eviles: for gret poverte constreineth a man to do many eviles. And therfore clepeth Caffiodore poverte the moder? of ruine, that is to fayn, the moder of overthrowing or falling doun. And therfore fayth Piers Alfonse: on of the gretest advertitees of this world, is whan a free man by kinde, or of birthe, is confireined by poverte to eten the almesse of his enemie. And the same sayth Innocent in on of his bookes: he fayth, that forweful and mifhappy is the condition of a poure begger, for if he axe not his mete, he dieth for hunger, and if he axe, he dieth for shame: and algates necesfitee constreineth him to axe. And therfore fayth Salomon, that better it is to die, than for to have fwiche poverte. And as the fame Salomon fayth: Better it is to die of bitter deth, than

U 4

for to liven in swiche wife. By thise resons that I have faid unto you, and by many other refons that I coude faye, I graunte you that richesses ben good to hem that wel geten hem, and to hem that wel usen tho richesses: and therfore wol I shewe you how ye shuln behave you in gadering of youre richesses, and in what manere ye shuln usen hem.

First, ye shuln geten hem withouten gret defir, by good leifer, fokingly, and not over hastifly, for a man that is to desiring to gete richesses, abandoneth him first to thefte and to alle other eviles. And therfore fayth Salomon: He that hafteth him to befily to wexe riche, he shal be non innocent. He fayth also, that the richesse that hastily cometh to a man, some and lightly goeth and paffeth from a man, but that richesse that cometh litel and litel, wexeth alway and multiplieth. And, Sire, ye shulen gete richesses by youre wit and by youre travaille, unto youre profite, and that withouten wrong or harme doing to any other persone. For the lawe fayth: Ther maketh no man himself riche, if he do harme to another wight; this is to fay, that nature defendeth and forbedeth by right, that no man make himfelf riche, unto the harme of another persone. And Tullius sayth, that no forwe, ne no drede of deth, ne nothing that may falle unto a man, is fo muchel ageins nature, as a man to encrese his owen profite, to harme of another man. And though the grete men and the mighty men geten richeffes more lightly than thou, yet shalt thou not ben idel ne slowe to do thy profite, for thou shalt in alle wife flee idelnesse, For Salomon fayth, that idelnesse techeth a man to do many eviles. And the fame Salomon fayth, that he that travailleth and befieth him to tillen his lond, shal ete bred: but he that is idel, and cafteth him to no befinesse ne occupation, shal falle into poverte, and die for hunger. And he that is idel and flow, can never find covenable time for to do his profite. For ther is a verfifiour fayth, that the idel man excufeth him in Winter, because of the grete cold, and in Sommer by encheson of the hete. For thise causes, sayth Caton, waketh, and enclineth you not over muchel to flepe, for over muchel reste norisheth and causeth many vices. And therfore fayth Seint Jerome; Doeth fom good dedes, that the devil which is oure enemie, ne finde you not unoccupied, for the devil ne taketh not lightly unto his werking swiche as he findeth occupied in goode werkes. Than

Than thus in geting richesses ye musten slee idelnesse. And afterward ye shuln usen the richesses, which ye han geten by youre wit and by youre travaille, in fwiche manere, that men holde you not to scarce ne to sparing, ne foollarge, that is to fay, over large a spender: for right as men blamen an avaricious man, because of his fcarcitee and chincherie, in the fame wife is he to blame, that spendeth over largely. And therfore faith Caton: Use (fayth he) the richesses that thou hast ygeten in swiche manere, that men have no matere ne cause to calle thee nother wretche ne chinche: for it is a gret shame to a man to have a poure herte and a riche purse. He fayth also: the goodes that thou hast ygeten, use hem by mesure, that is to sayn, spende mesurably; for they that folily wasten and dispenden the goodes that they han, whan they han no more propre of hir owen, than they shapen hem to take the goodes of another man. I fay than that ye shuln slee avarice, using youre richesses in fwiche manere, that men fayn not that your richesses ben yberied, but that ye have hem in youre might, and in youre welding. For a wife man repreveth the avaricious man, and fayth thus in two vers. Wherto and why berieth a

man

man his goodes by his gret avarice, and knoweth wel, that nedes must he die, for deth is the end of every man, as in this present lif? and for what cause or encheson joineth he him, or knitteth he him fo fast unto his goodes, that alle his wittes mown not diffeveren him, or departen him from his goodes, and knoweth wel, or oughte to knowe, that whan he is ded, he shal nothing bere with him out of this world? And therfore fayth Seint Augustine, that the avaricious man is likened unto helle, that the more it swalweth, the more defir it hath to swalwe and devoure. And as wel as ye wolde eschue to be called an avaricious man or chinche, as wel shulde ye kepe you and governe you in swiche a wife, that men calle you not fool-large. Therfore faith Tullius: The goodes of thin hous ne shulde not ben hid ne kept so close, but that they might ben opened by pitee and debonairetee; that is to fayn, to yeve hem part that han gret nede; ne thy goodes shulden not ben so open, to be every mannes goodes. Afterward, in geting of youre richesses, and in using of hem, ye shuln alway have three thinges in youre herte, that is to fay, oure Lord God, conscience, and good name. First, ye shuln have God in youre herte, and for

no richesse ye shuln do no thing, which may in any manere displese God that is your creatour. and maker. For after the word of Salomon, it is better to have a litel good with love of God, than to have muchel good, and lese the love of his Lord God, And the Prophete fayth, That better it is to ben a good man, and have litel good and trefor, than to be holden a shrewe, and have grete richeffes. And yet I fay forthermore, that ye shulden alway do youre befinesse to gete you richesses, so that we gete hem with good conscience. And the Apostle fayth, that ther n'is thing in this world of which we shulden have so gret joye, as whan oure conscience bereth us good witnesse. And the Wife man fayth: The fubstaunce of a man is ful good, whan finne is not in mannes conscience. Afterward, in geting of youre richesses, and in using of hem, ye must have gret befinesse and gret diligence, that youro good name be alway kept and conferved. For Salomon fayth, that beter it is, and more it availeth a man to have a good name, than for to have grete richesses: and therfore he fayth in another place: Do grete diligence (faith Salomon) in keping of thy frendes, and of thy good name, for it shal lenger abide with thee, than any trefor,

for, be it never so precious. And certes, he shulde not be called a Gentilman, that after God and good conscience, alle thinges left, ne doth his diligence and befinesse, to kepen his good name. And Caffiodore fayth, that it is a figne of a gentil herte, whan a man loveth and defireth to have a good name. And therfore fayth Seint Augustine, that ther ben two thinges that arn right necessarie and nedeful; and that is good conscience, and good los; that is to sayn, good conscience to thin owen persone inward, and good los for thy neighebour outward. And he that trofteth him so muchel in his good conscience, that he despiseth and setteth at nought his good name or los, and recketh not though he kepe not his good name, n'is but a cruel cherl.

Sire, now have I shewed you how ye shulden do in geting richesses, and how ye shuln usen hem: and I see wel that for the trust that ye han in youre richesses, ye wiln meve werre and bataille. I conseille you that ye beginne no bataille ne werre, in trust of youre richesses, for they ne fufficen not werres to mainteine. And therfore fayth a Philosophre: That man that defireth and wol algates han werre, shal never have fuffisaunce: for the richer that he is, the greter

dispences

dispences must be make, if he wol have worship and victorie. And Salomon faith, that the greter richeffes that a man hath, the mo difpendours he hath. And, dere Sire, al be it fo. that for your richesses ye moun have muchel folk, yet behoveth it not, ne it is not good to beginne werre, wheras ye moun in other manere have pees, unto youre worship and profite: for the victorie of batailles that ben in this world, lith not in gret nombre or multitude of peple, ne in the vertue of man, but it lith in the will and in the hond of oure Lord God almighty. And therfore Judas Machabeus, which was Goddes knight. whan he shulde fighte again his adverfarie, that hadde a greter nombre and a greter multitude of folk, and ftrenger than was the peple of this Machabee, yet he recomforted his litel compaignie, and fayde right in this wife: Al fo lightly (fayde he) may our Lord God almighty yeve victorie to a fewe folk, as to many folk : for the victorie of a bataille cometh not by the gret nombre of peple, but it cometh from oure Lord God of heven. And, dere Sire, for as muchel as ther is no man certaine, if it be worthy that God yeve him victorie or not, after that Balomon fayth, therfore every man shulde gretly

drede werres to beginne: and because that in batailles fallen many perils, and it happeth other while, that as some is the gret man slain, as the litel man; and, as it is ywritten in the second book of Kinges, the dedes of batailles ben aventurous, and nothing certain, for as lightly is on hurt with a spere, as another; and for ther is gret peril in werre; therfore shulde a man slee and eschue werre in as muchel as a man may goodly. For Salomon sayth: He that loveth peril, shall falle in peril.

After that Dame Prudence had spoken in this manere, Melibee answerd and saide: I see wel, dame Prudence, that by youre faire wordes and by youre resons, that ye han shewed me, that the werre liketh you nothing: but I have not yet herd your confeil, how I shal do in this nede.

Certes, quod she, I conseille you that ye accorde with youre adversaries, and that ye have pees with hem. For Seint James sayth in his Epistle, that by concorde and pees, the smale richesses wexen grete, and by debat and discorde grete richesses fallen down. And ye knowen wel, that on of the gretest and moste soveraine thing that is in this world, is unitee and pees. And thersore

therfore sayde oure Lord Jesu Crist to his Apostles in this wise: Wel happy and blessed ben they that loven and purchasen pees, for they ben called the children of God. A, quod Melibee, now see I wel, that ye loven not min honour, ne my worshipe. Ye knowen wel that min adversaries han begonne this debat and brige by hir outrage, and ye see wel, that they ne requeren ne prayen me not of pees, ne they axen not to be reconciled; wol ye than that I go and meke me, and obeye me to hem, and crie hem mercie? Forsoth that were not my worshipe: for right as men sayn, that overgret homlinesse engendreth dispreising, so fareth it by to gret humilitee or mekenesse.

Than began dame Prudence to make semblaunt of wrathe, and sayde: Certes, Sire, (sauf your grace) I love youre honour and youre profite, as I do min owen, and ever have don; ye, ne non other, seyn never the contrary: and if I had sayde, that ye shulde han purchased the pees and the reconciliation, I ne hadde not muchel mistake me, ne sayde amis. For the Wise man sayth: The dissention beginneth by another man, and the reconciling beginneth by thyself. And the Prophete saith: Flee shrewednesse

and do goodnesse; seke pees and solwe it, in as muchel as in thee is. Yet say I not, that ye shuln rather pursue to youre adversaries for pees, than they shuln to you: for I know wel that ye ben so hard-herted, that ye wol do nothing for me; and Salomon sayth: he that hath over hard an herte, atte laste he shall mis-

happe and mislide.

Whan Melibee had herd dame Prudence make semblaunt of wrath, he sayde in this wife. Dame, I pray you that ye be not displesed of thinges that I say, for I knowe wel that I am angry and wroth, and that is no wonder; and they that ben wroth, woten not wel what they don, ne what they sayn. Therfore the Prophete sayth, that troubled eyen han no clere sighte. But sayth and conseilleth me as you liketh, for I am redy to do right as ye wol defire. And if ye repreve me of my solie, I am the more holden to love you and to preise you. For Salomon saith, that he that repreveth him that doth solie, he shall find greter grace, than he that deceiveth him by swete wordes.

Than fayde Dame Prudence; I make no femblaunt of wrath ne of anger, but for youre grete profite. For Salomon faith: he is more Vol. II.

worth, that repreveth or chideth a fool for his folie, shewing him semblaunt of wrath, than he that supporteth him and preiseth him in his mission, and laugheth at his folie. And this same Salomon saith afterward, that by the sorweful visage of a man, that is to sayn, by the fory and hevy countenance of a man, the fool correcteth and amendeth himself.

Than faid Melibee; I shal not conne answere unto so many faire resons as ye putten to me and shewen: sayth shortly youre will and youre conseil, and I am al redy to performe and sulfille it.

Than Dame Prudence discovered all hire will unto him and saide: I conseille you, quod she, above alle thinges that ye make pees betwene God and you, and be reconciled unto him and to his grace, for as I have sayde you herebeforen, God hath suffered you to have this tribulation and disese for youre sinnes; and if ye do as I say you, God wol sende youre adversaries unto you, and make hem salle at youre feet, redy to do youre will and youre commaundements. For Salomon sayth; whan the condition of man is plesaunt and liking to God, he chaungeth the hertes of the mannes adversaries.

Merch

faries, and conftreineth hem to be echen him of pees and of grace. And I pray you let me speke with your adversaries in privee place, for they shuln not knowe that it be of youre will or youre affent; and than, whan I knowe hir will and hir entente, I may confeille you the more seurely.

Dame, quod Melibeus, doth youre will and youre liking, for I putte me holly in youre difposition and ordinaunce.

Than Dame Prudence, when she sey the good will of hire husbond, delibered unto hire, and toke avis in hire self, thinking how she might bring this nede unto goode ende. And whan she sey hire time, she sent for thise adversaries to come unto hire in to a privee place, and shewed wisely unto hem the grete goodes that comen of pees, and the grete harmes and perils that ben in werre; and saide to hem in a goodly manere, how that hem oughte have gret repentaunce of the injuries and wronges, that they hadden don to Melibeus hire lord, and unto hire and to hire doughter.

And whan they herden the goodly wordes of Dame Prudence, they weren so surprised and ravished, and hadden so gret joye of hire, that

X 2 wonder

wonder was to telle. A, lady, quod they, ye have shewed unto us the blessing of swetenesse, after the saying of David the Prophete; for the reconciling, which we be not worthy to have in no manere, but we oughten requeren it with grete contrition and humilitee, ye of youre grete goodnesse have presented unto us. Now see we wel, that the science and conning of Salomon is ful trewe; for he saith, that swete wordes multiplien and encresen frendes, and maken shrewes to be debonaire and meke.

Certes, quod they, we putten oure dede, and all oure matere and cause, al holly in youre good will, and ben redy to obeye unto the speche and commaundement of my lord Melibeus. And therfore, dere and benigne lady, we praye you and beseche you as mekely as we conne and moun, that it like unto youre grete goodnesse to fulfille in dede youre goodly wordes. For we consideren and knowelechen, that we han offended and greved my lord Melibeus out of mesure, so fer forth, that we ben not of power to maken him amendes; and therfore we oblige and binde us and oure frendes, for to do all his will and his commaundements: but peraventure he hath swiche hevinesse and swiche wrath to

AND AND

Certes, quod Prudence, it is an hard thing and right perilous, that a man putte him all outrely in the arbitration and jugement, and in the might and power of his enemie: for Salomon fayth: leveth me, and yeveth credence to that that I shall fay: to thy sone, to thy wif, to thy frend, ne to thy brother, ne yeve thou never might ne maistrie over thy body, while thou livest. Now, fith he defendeth that a man shulde not yeve to his brother, ne to his frend, the might of his body, by a strenger reson he defendeth and forbedeth a man to yeve himfelf to his enemy. And natheles, I conseille you that ye mistruste not my lord: for I wot wel and know veraily, that he is debonaire and meke, large, curteis, and nothing defirous ne coveitous of good ne richesse: for ther is nothing in this world that he defireth, fave only worshipe and honour. Forthermore I know wel.

X 3

and

and am right fure, that he shal nothing do in this nede withouten my conseil; and I shal so werken in this cas, that by the grace of oure Lord God ye shuln be reconciled unto us.

Than faiden they with e vois; worshipful lady, we putten us and oure goodes al fully in youre will and disposition, and ben redy to come, what day that it like unto youre noblesse to limite us or affigne us, for to make oure obligation and bond, as strong as it liketh unto youre goodnesse, that we moun fulfille the will of you and of my lord Melibee.

Whan Dame Prudence had herd the answer of thise men, she bad hem go agein prively, and she retourned to hire lord Melibee, and told him how she fond his adversaries ful repentaunt, knowlecking ful lowly hir sinnes and trespas, and how they weren redy to suffren all peine, requering and preying him of mercy and pitee.

Than saide Melibee; he is wel worthy to have pardon and foryevenesse of his sinne, that excuseth not his sinne, but knowlecheth, and repenteth him, axing indulgence. For Senek saith; ther is the remission and soryevenesse, where as the confession is; for confession is neighbour to innocence. And therefore I affente

Than was Prudence right glad and joyeful, and faide; certes, fire, ye han wel and goodly answered: for right as by the confeil, affent, and helpe of your frendes, ye han be flired to venge you and make werre: right fo withouten hir confeil shul ye not accord you, ne have pees with youre adversaries. For the lawe saith: ther is nothing so good by way of kinde, as a thing to be unbounde by him that it was ybounde.

And than Dame Prudence, withouten delay or tarying, fent anon hire meffageres for hir kin and for hir olde frendes, which that were trewe and wife: and told hem by ordre, in the presence of Mesibee, all the matere, as it is above expressed and declared; and preied hem that they wold yeve hir avis and confeil, what were best to do in this nede. And whan Mesibeus frendes hadden taken hir avis and deliberation of the foresaid matere, and hadden examined it by gret besinesse and gret diligence, they yaven sul conseil for to have pees and reste,

X 4

200

and that Melibee shulde receive with good herte his adversaries to foryevenesse and mercy.

And whan dame Prudence had herd the affent of hire lord Melibee, and the confeil of his frendes, accord with hire will and hire entention, she was wonder glad in hire herte, and fayde: ther is an olde Proverbe, quod fhe, fayth, that the goodnesse that thou maist do this day, do it, and abide not, ne delay it not til to morwe: and therfore I conseille, that ye sende youre messageres, swiche as ben discrete and wife, unto youre adversaries, telling hem on youre behalf, that if they wol trete of pees and of accord, that they shape hem, withouten delay or tarying, to come unto us. Which thing parfourmed was indede. And whan thise trefpasours and repenting folk of hir folies, that is to fayn, the adversaries of Melibee, hadden herd what thise messageres sayden unto hem, they weren right glade and joyeful, and anfwerden ful mekely and benignely, yelding graces and thankinges to hir lord Melibee, and to all his compagnie: and shopen hem withouten delay to go with the meffageres, and obeye to the commaundement of hir lord Melibee.

And

And right anon they token hir way to the court of Melibee, and token with hem fom of hir trewe frendes, to make feith for hem, and for to ben hir borwes. And whan they were comen to the presence of Melibee, he saide hem thise wordes: it stant thus, quod Melibee, and foth it is, that ye causeles, and withouten skill and refon, han don grete injuries and wronges to me, and to my wif Prudence, and to my doughter alfo, for ye han entred into myn hous by violence, and have don swiche outrage, that alle men knowen wel that ye han deserved the deth : and therfore wol I know and wete of you, whether ye wol putte the punishing and chastifing. and the vengeaunce of this outrage, in the will of me and of my wif, or ye wol not.

Than the wisest of hem three answered for hem alle, and saide. Sire, quod he, we knowen wel, that we ben unworthy to come to the court of so gret a lord and so worthy as ye ben, for we han so gretly mistaken us, and han offended and agilte in swiche wise agein youre high lord-shipe, that trewely we han deserved the deth; but yet for the grete goodnesse and debonairetee, that all the world witnesseth of youre persone, we submitten us to the excellence and benignitee

of youre gracious lordshipe, and ben redy to obeye to alle youre comandements, besching you, that of youre merciable pitee ye wol considere oure grete repentance and lowe submission, and graunte us foryevenesse of oure outragious trespas and offence: for wel we knowen, that youre liberal grace and mercie stretchen hem forther into goodnesse, than don oure outragious giltes and trespas into wickednesse; al be it that cursedly and dampnably we han agilte again youre highe lordshipe.

Than Melibee toke hem up fro the ground ful benignely, and received hir obligations, and hir bondes, by hir othes upon hir plegges and borwes, and affigned hem a certain day to retourne unto his court for to receive and accept fentence and jugement, that Melibee wolde commande to be don on hem, by the causes aforesaid; which thinges ordeined, every man retourned to his hous.

And whan that dame Prudence faw hire time, fhe freined and axed hire lord Melibee, what vengeance he thoughte to taken of his adverfaries.

To which Melibee answerd, and saide: certes, quod he, I thinke and purpose me fully to disherite

disherite hem of all that ever they han, and for to putte hem in exile for ever.

Certes, gued Dame Prudence, this were a cruel sentence, and muchel agein reson. For ye ben riche ynough, and han no nede of other mennes good; and ye might lightly in this wife gete you a coveltous name, which is a vicious thing, and oughte to ben eschewed of every good man: for after the fawe of the Apostle, covertise is rote of alle harmes. And therfore it were better for you to lese muchel good of your owen, than for to take of hir good in this manere. For better it is to lese good with worship, than to winne good with vilanie and shame. And every man oughte to do his diligence and his befinesse, to gete him a good name. And yet shal he not only befie him in keping his good name, but he shal also enforcen him alway to do fom thing, by which he may renovelle his good name: for it is written, that the olde good los, or good name, of a man is fone gon and passed, whan it is not newed. And as touching that ye sayn, that ye wol exile your adversaries, that thinketh me muchel agein refon, and out of mesure, confidered the power that they han yeven you upon

upon hemself. And it is written, that he is worthy to lese his privilege, that misuseth the might and the power that is yeven him. And I fette cas, ye might enjoine hem that peine by right and by lawe, (which I trowe ye mowe not do) I fay, ye might not putte it to execution peraventure, and than it were like to retourne to the werre, as it was beforn. And therfore if ye wol that men do you obeifaunce. ye must deme more curteisly, that is to fayn, ye must yeve more esie sentences and jugements. For it is written: he that most curteifly commandeth, to him men most obeyen. And therfore I pray you, that in this necessitee and in this nede ye caste you to overcome youre herte. For Senek fayth, that he that overcometh his herte, overcometh twies. And Tullius faith: ther is nothing fo commendable in a gret lord, as whan he is debonaire and meke, and appefeth him lightly. And I pray you, that ye wol now forbere to do vengeaunce, in swiche a manere, that your good name may be kept and conferved, and that men mown have cause and matere to preise you of pitee and of mercy; and that ye have no cause to repente you of thing that ye don. For Seneke faieth; he overcometh

no married

cometh in an evil manere, that repenteth him of his victorie. Wherfore I pray you let mercy be in youre herte, to the effect and entente, that God almighty have mercy upon you in his last jugement: for seint James saith in his Epistle: jugement withoute mercy shal be do to him,

that hath no mercy of another wight.

Whan Melibee had heard the grete skilles and refons of dame Prudence, and hire wife informations and techinges, his herte gan encline to the will of his wif, confidering hire trewe entente, enforced him anon and affented fully to werken after hire conseil, and thanked God, of whom procedeth all goodnesse and all vertue. that him fent a wif of fo gret discretion. And whan the day came that his adversaries shulde appere in his presence, he spake to hem ful goodly, and faide in this wife. Al be it fo, that of youre pride and high prefumption and folie. and of youre negligence and unconning, ye have misborne you, and trespased unto me, yet for as muchel as I see and behold youre grete humilitee, and that ye ben fory and repentant of youre giltes, it conftreineth me to do you grace and mercy: wherfore I receive you into my grace, and foryeve you outrely alle the offences, injuries,

injuries, and wronges, that ye have don agein me and mine, to this effect and to this ende, that God of his endeles mercie wol at the time of oure dying foryeve us oure giltes, that we han trespased to him in this wretched world: for douteles, if we be fory and repentant of the sinnes and giltes, which we han trespased in the sight of oure Lord God, he is so free and so merciable, that he wol foryeven us oure giltes, and bringen us to the blisse that never hath ende. Amen.

THE END OF THE SECOND VOLUME. .

specie in his preferee, he instense to hear till grodly, and side in this wife. At he is not and of a viving bridge and high preferration and fold, and of women negligence, and uncompling we have

warking after this sound, and thanked Good of whom proceders as scoolnesse and all against that him less a ten of to sees discretion. And

unificence you, and respect and may ver the

where gives of the all septembers, it could be not the training the second of the seco

to metagot cas viol and or teat than confine

graces and largone you bettery alle the present,

AND THE PARTY OF T The state of the s the principle of the state of the state of A S. Million of the State of the State of of Metallica with their last apoll high a settle har han a commence by the first following read trips the Super with the same of the The say in the say to be the said to the